

THE TIMES

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OP

EXCLUSIVE THIS WEEK

RUNCIE, ROYALTY AND RELIGION

'I have done my best to die before this book is published'

THE WAITE AFFAIR, PAGE 17

NIGELLA LAWSON

Who has the right to smack in the step-family? PAGE 14

BEST OF ENGLAND v BEST OF EUROPE

MANCHESTER UNITED v JUVENTUS

Rob Hughes previews the big match, PAGE 44

PLUS: George Graham takes over at Leeds, PAGE 48

Ministers risk new battle with EU

Britain is set to abandon mad cow cull

By Philip Webster and Nigel Hawkes

Legal aid plans abandoned

The Government has shelved proposals which would have stopped legal aid for under-18s and forced people to pay towards their legal aid bills.

The reforms, which were a central part of the White Paper on the £1.4 billion legal aid scheme published by the Lord Chancellor in July, are not now expected to appear in the Queen's Speech this autumn. Page 2

discuss the prospects for lifting the ban, but the indications have not been favourable. The minister is understood to believe that with if there is little likelihood of the ban being lifted soon, there is no point in pressing ahead with a cull that had never been justified on scientific grounds.

Ministers agree, however, that some 22,000 cattle should be slaughtered as a result of the discovery in August that BSE can be passed from mother to calf. Mr Hogg immediately accepted that the slaughter scheme should be widened to include a limited number of the "last born" calves from infected cows.

An Oxford University study showing that BSE was in rapid decline, that it was likely to peter out by 2001 and that slaughtering thousands more cows would not hasten the process has meanwhile added

fuel to the internal Tory debate.

Under present plans, MPs would consider the order authorising the selective cull next month, and it would be put into effect almost immediately. But during the summer recess more and more Tory MPs suggested that they would not back the programme, and unless Labour supported the order — which appears unlikely — the Government would not get it through.

Ministers fear that even if the Commons did agree the cull, the European Commission might demand even more. While they accept that it would be difficult to retreat from the Florence deal, they believe they can argue that the situation has changed. An informed source said last night: "The world of science has moved on since Florence. We have followed science so far and we must take account of the new evidence."

The British Association for the Advancement of Science was meanwhile being told that no cases of the new form of Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease had been confirmed since the end of May, leaving the total at 12. Professor John Pattison of University College London said: "That means the news could have been very much worse. But good news will be a lot of time to be sure of."

In March, when the new strain was first identified and tentatively linked to infected beef, Professor Pattison suggested that there could eventually be 500,000 cases.



Ross and Carolyn Jenkins, who say they will sue the Great Ormond Street children's hospital after a doctor there was criticised by a coroner for "unwise and erroneous" actions which led to the death of their daughter Debbie, six

Swiss bankers told to repay £4.6 billion of Nazi gold

By Michael Binyon and James Landale

A HUGE hoard of gold looted by the Nazis during the Second World War is still being held in Swiss banks, the Foreign Office disclosed yesterday — and now Britain is to ask for it back.

A top Swiss bank official has admitted that gold worth \$500 million — £4.6 billion at today's prices — was hidden in the country's vaults, but only a fraction has been surrendered.

Malcolm Rifkind, the Foreign Secretary, will use a visit to Zurich next week to demand that the Swiss trace and repay the rest. He will tackle his opposite number, Flavio Cotti, in the light of the Foreign Office report he commissioned in response to questions about the Government's role in tracking down the gold and suspicions that Britain was sitting on a fortune.

The report concluded that gold smelted from occupied countries' bullion reserves and concentration camp victims' jewellery was exported to all the neutral countries throughout the war, with by far the largest share going to Switzerland. About \$23 million of gold came from Belgium, \$193 million from The Netherlands and up to \$24 million from Hungary. The ingots were, however, stamped with false pre-war dates so that the Swiss could claim that they did not knowingly receive any plundered gold.

They admitted after the war that they had bought \$88 million of gold traceable to Belgium and about \$415 million of German gold, but said they could not be held liable to restore all of the looted gold.

After lengthy negotiations, Switzerland agreed in 1946 to repay some 250 million Swiss francs in gold — described by the allies as better than nothing — although neither it nor the gold found hidden in

Germany has yet been returned to its owners.

More than 50 years after the German surrender, more than 5,000kg of ingots are also being stored by the Bank of England because of a deadlock over Albanian gold, also held in Britain, which has only recently been broken.

Hundreds of thousands of claimants are seeking repayment and all those who will receive a share have been identified. But most of the gold lost during the war has never been recovered and the Bank of England estimated in 1945 that there was enough to meet only just over half of the claims. "This meant, inevitably, that no country would receive back all the gold it claimed to have lost and that individual claims would be extremely difficult to prosecute," yesterday's Foreign Office report said.

Greville Janner, chairman of the Holocaust Educational Trust, which put pressure on Mr Rifkind to initiate the investigation, welcomed the report, but described it as inconclusive and said that it raised as many questions as it answered.

While the report dealt with gold stolen from national banks, it revealed little about gold looted from individuals. He also wanted to know how much gold ended up in Britain and how much was still there.

Eldred Tabachnik, president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews, said: "It's significant because it's the first independent confirmation that Switzerland received a great deal of looted Jewish gold and it's important now that we ascertain how much gold there is and what should be done with it."

Greed and confusion, page 5
Leading article, page 19

Saddam fires missiles at US planes

IRAQ said last night that its air defence units had fired three missiles at American aircraft, policing the no-fly zone in southern Iraq, forcing the "hostile targets" to flee.

An Iraqi military spokesman, quoted by the official Iraqi News Agency, said: "The American enemy planes violated Iraq's air space using bases in Turkey and Saudi Arabia, flying 88 sorties."

Last week Saddam Hussein said he would ignore air exclusion zones declared by America, Britain and France over northern and southern Iraq in the aftermath of the 1991 Gulf War. (Reuters)

America's warning, page 14
Simon Jenkins, page 18
Letters, page 19

Blair kicking us in teeth, say furious union leaders

By Jill Sherman and Philip Bassett

TONY BLAIR tried last night to defuse the worsening dispute over Labour's plans to curb strike action as trade union leaders accused him of "kicking them in the teeth".

The Labour leader arrived in Blackpool yesterday to face fierce protests from trade unionists over his proposals to force unions to ballot their members again if employers put forward a better offer during a dispute. He was also snubbed by post office union leaders who called two more Royal Mail strikes for this month after pointedly refusing to ballot their members.

John Monks, TUC General Secretary, who is regarded as one of Mr Blair's allies, also fuelled the row by accusing Labour of issuing "confusing statements on the serious issues of avoiding and resolving

industrial disputes which take us backwards not forwards". After a meeting yesterday afternoon, the Communica-



... and this range is particularly popular among revolutionaries

tion Workers' Union said that it would hold 24-hour strikes on September 20 and 22. They come after eight previous strikes over pay and working practices. Last night, David Blunkett, Shadow Education and Employment Secretary, intensified trade union anger by announcing a four-point plan to try to prevent damaging public sector disputes. The measures include extending the present pay review bodies to cover other public sector workers and calling on employers and trade unions to enter binding agreements to resolve disputes.

But the plan was thrown into confusion when the Labour leadership appeared to backtrack on one of the main

Continued on page 2, col 4
Single currency, page 2

Fears of surge in winter meningitis

By Jeremy Laurance, Health Correspondent

A SURGE in meningitis cases this winter was predicted by public health specialists yesterday after official figures revealed that last winter's total was the highest for more than 20 years.

The figures, published by the Office for National Statistics, show that the number of meningococcal meningitis cases between October and March was 835, the highest since the early 1970s.

England and Wales were worst affected, and so far there has been no similar rise in Scotland. Sir Kenneth Calman, the Government's chief medical officer, told the Commons health select committee earlier this year that meningitis was the disease he feared most this winter.

The meningococcal form of the disease is the most common, accounting for over half

of all cases of meningitis. One in ten of the population carries the bacterium, and can pass it on by close contact. The disease is most common in children aged under four, but last winter there was a sharp rise in the number of teenagers affected. In 1995 it caused 196 deaths.

Cases of meningococcal meningitis rose 27 per cent between the March quarters of 1995 and 1996, from 373 to 475, and cases of meningococcal septicaemia rose 83 per cent, from 207 to 379. Public health specialists say the high rates have continued through the summer.

However, the health department played down the rise. A spokeswoman said: "We dispute the way the figures have been presented. There has been an increase, but not of that order."

Catherine Cookson does it her way at 90

By Robin Young

AGED 90, Dame Catherine Cookson, whose books have sold more than 100 million copies, is launching a new career as a singer with the release in November of a tape featuring her renditions of old-time favourites and songs she has written herself. Called *Her Way*, the tape has been mixed and cleared of extraneous background noise at the Abbey Road studios immortalised by the Beatles.

Dame Catherine, who is bedridden with a rare blood disorder, recorded some

of the songs ten years ago, when she was 80. She said: "I experimented for my own pleasure and discovered that, if I put my heart into it, I could sing."

The tapes were stored in the attic when she became ill, but were recently rediscovered by her husband, Tom. "He played them and we were impressed as this woman began to sing," she said. "I could not believe it was me."

The tape was played to Ray Marshall, who produces all the Cookson films on television, and he arranged for Colin Towns, who writes scores for television, to

provide backing music. Mr Marshall, who is currently shooting another Cookson drama, *The Rag Nymph*, said that a sneak preview of the finished tapes was held at Dame Catherine's ninetieth birthday party, adding: "It was quite something, and had a lot of people in tears — it was very moving."

Dame Catherine intersperses her songs with explanations of what they mean to her. In one example, she says: "My grandfather always sang *Danny Boy* to me when he'd had a drink and was three sheets to the wind."



Dame Catherine on song

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Plans to overhaul legal aid system are shelved

FRANCIS GIBB
LONDON CORRESPONDENT

Plans to stop legal aid funds being used to pay towards legal aid bills have effectively been shelved by the Government. The reforms, a central part of the White Paper on the £1.4 billion legal aid scheme published by the Lord Chancellor in July, are not now expected to be in the Queen's Speech this autumn.

The measures would have seen people paying far more towards

their legal aid bills. In some civil disputes they would have had to make contributions well beyond the end of a case, putting their homes at risk.

The White Paper reforms also included a new, stiffer "deservingness" test aimed at stopping legal aid funds being used on what the Government sees as "too many weak, trivial and undeserving cases". A third measure was to enable people who win a case against a legally-aided opponent to recoup their costs.

However, despite early hopes

that the legal aid changes could be part of a likely Bill on civil justice reforms, it now looks certain that they will not be part of the Government's legislative programme in the run-up to a general election.

Instead, the Lord Chancellor's Department is likely to press ahead with those parts of the White Paper which can be implemented without legislation. These are mainly wide-ranging reforms to create a National Health Service-style internal market in legal services, with legal aid delivered under block con-

tracts. Gary Streeter, MP, Junior Minister at the Lord Chancellor's Department, indicated that other parts of the reforms would also be delayed. He told the Justice's Clerks' Society in Warwick that, under the reforms, the Legal Aid Board would be taking over the job of granting criminal legal aid from magistrates' courts.

Instead, all legal aid would be handled by the Legal Aid Board which would award block contracts to law firms and advice agencies. Mr Streeter said yesterday, however, that the change could, realisti-

cally, take several years. "Legislation is needed to enable contracting of full legal aid services to advice agencies," he said.

The disclosure that a Legal Aid Bill is effectively shelved comes as the legal profession is preparing a full-scale campaign of opposition to the measures. Today, the Law Society, the solicitors' professional body, and nine advice and civil liberty organisations, will issue a joint statement opposing the proposals.

Russell Wallman, of the Law Society, said he would welcome a

gradual approach to the plans, enabling them to be tested in pilot projects and research, rather than swift legislation. He said: "There is, in fact, no need now for legislation to ration legal aid by cash limits because, far from being out of control, the budget has in recent years been under-spent."

Nor, he added, was there a need for legislation to create a new "deservingness" test. The granting of legal aid was already controlled by existing rules, although these could be tightened.

Guy Mansfield, QC, vice-chair-

man of the Bar Council legal aid committee, said it was a pity the Government was not proceeding with a long-overdue reform on the legal aid merits test which, he said, would meet public concern that legal aid goes to deserving cases. "Instead, they will now proceed with other measures which are tinkering at the edges — such as proposals for standard fees for advocates which are simplistic and crude, and amount to a Bar-bashing exercise which will ensure that people on legal aid do not get a competent service."

Labour may hit the wealthy to avoid having to raise top rate for earnings

Blair may adopt US tactic to close tax loopholes

BY PETER RIDDELL

THE Labour leadership is considering ways of reducing tax loopholes enjoyed by the wealthy as an alternative to raising the top marginal rate of income tax to 40 per cent.

Among the options being examined is a requirement for very wealthy people to pay a set minimum amount of income in tax and limit the total benefits they receive from various tax allowances and loopholes.

The system is a key weapon in America that ensures the very rich pay a significant proportion of their income in tax, however skilful — or

New Labour is launching a fresh drive to encourage young people to join the party by cutting its membership fee to just £1 for those aged 15 to 21. The usual annual fee is £15. In another move, members who pay their subscription for the next three years will get an extra year free.

devious — their accountants. A second option is to cap the amount people can receive in allowances. Tony Blair accepts that he will have to make clear well before the general election whether a Labour

Government would raise the top marginal rate. An announcement is likely after the Budget in November.

Labour leaders have repeatedly said they do not want to reintroduce penal rates of personal taxation. They are also aware that any increase in the top marginal rate, even if it affects only a few people, will be presented and exploited by the Tories as a tax increase and could affect the attitudes of middle income earners, traditionally aspiring to a higher tax bracket.

The party is looking at how the very well-off, those earning well over £100,000 a year, may exploit tax allowances and loopholes to reduce the average rate of tax they pay to below the top 40 per cent marginal rate. Apart from the main personal allowances, there are also ways of reducing tax liabilities by making maximum pension contributions and through various venture capital schemes.

Labour will argue that this small group should pay a "fairer" share of taxes, but the party won't want to be seen to be penalising success, so laying itself open to Tory charges of raising the overall level of taxes.

Left-wingers want to raise taxes on the rich, so that an attack on loopholes could be presented as an alternative to an electorally more risky rise in the top marginal rate, though this has not been ruled out.

There are problems with raising the top rate. For instance, the politically strange position could arise that, if the Government insisted that everyone should pay a minimum percentage of their income in tax, the rate might have to be fixed below the top 40 per cent. This would be necessary to prevent the creation of a new steep marginal rate at the level of earnings where the new minimum rate of tax would have to be paid.

There are parallel problems with limiting the total amount of allowances which any individual can enjoy, in effect clawing back some of these allowances. Some of these difficulties could be avoided by phasing in the new arrangements. No decisions have been taken.

Post union chiefs call more strikes

BY PHILIP BASSETT, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

LEADERS of the main postal union last night announced two further Royal Mail strikes but the rail union called off three of the regional strikes due to hit train services today.

The move by the Communication Workers' Union will lead to the Government suspending, probably today, the Post Office's statutory letter monopoly for a further three months, and could well see Labour Party leaders withdraw their tentative support for the postal strikes.

The two additional 24-hour strikes come after the eight the union has already staged over pay and working practices and which led to the PO's under-£1 letter monopoly being suspended.

The strikes are to begin at 7pm on Friday, September 20, and at 10pm on Sunday, September 22, will severely hit mail services over the whole weekend in what the CWU said last night was a "precursor to a further range of strike action aimed at bringing the dispute to a satisfactory conclusion".

Alan Johnson, CWU's joint general secretary, said: "We have talked to the employer for over two years. We have spent over 100 hours at the

Tony Blair during a visit to the Andrew oil field in the North Sea yesterday

Blair 'kicking us in teeth'

Continued from page 1

proposals. Mr Blunkett and Mr Blair seemed to play down the idea of immediate legislation to force unions to hold new ballots of their members. Party sources said later that negotiations over all the proposals would start with Acas next Thursday, but if legislation was needed, it would be introduced.

They also made clear that individual members needed to be consulted about new offers and that while other options could be considered, it was likely that that could be done only through legally enforceable second ballots.

Lew Adams, general secretary of the train drivers' union, Aslef, led a hostile reception to Mr Blair. He said that he could not accept the proposals

and accused the Labour leadership of "union-bashing and virtually kicking the trade union movement in the teeth". Mr Adams said he could not believe what he was hearing from Labour in warning the unions that legislation would be needed to implement some of the measures. "It is a tragedy that we could see the first Queen's Speech contain the ninth piece of anti-union legislation — coming from Labour. Mr Blunkett would be better employed looking after the unemployed."

Many trade union leaders were also privately angry about comments Mr Blunkett made yesterday morning when, in an article in the *Evening Standard*, he dubbed some unionists as "armchair revolutionaries". He wrote:

"An incoming Labour government is not going to tolerate the activities of armchair revolutionaries whose only interest is disruption and who use disputes as an opportunity for mischief-making."

Mr Blair made clear on his arrival that he would disregard the troublemakers within the trade union movement, but he was sure that "sensible" union leaders would support his plans. He denied that he was "bashing" anyone or trying to play politics with anyone. "We are looking at new ways to resolve disputes in a new labour market where there is intense competition round the world," he said, adding: "You are not going to solve the problems of the 21st century with the debates of the 70s and 80s."

Cable firms force BT to cut prices

British Telecom, losing more than 50,000 customers a month to cable competitors, is cutting its prices. From October 8, the cost of evening and night-time national calls will come down 20 per cent, from 5.3p to 4.65p a minute, while daytime national calls will fall from 9.8p to 8.8p a minute. BT cut international weekend charges earlier this week by between 5 and 23 per cent and yesterday reduced weekday calls between 10 and 25 per cent. A five-minute call to the US next month will be 92p a minute, down 31 per cent from early September. Consumer reaction, page 25

Royal family talks

Senior members of the Royal family and their advisers are to meet at Balmoral this month for a review of the future of the monarchy, for the first time since the Prince of Wales's divorce. They are likely to discuss how to rebuild the Prince's image, the monarch as head of the Church of England, and the 1701 Act of Settlement which debar heirs to the throne from marrying Roman Catholics.

Dunblane memorial

The Prince of Wales has accepted an invitation from relatives of the victims of the Dunblane shooting to attend a memorial service for the 16 children and their teacher who died. Michael Forsyth, the Scottish Secretary, and George Robertson, the Shadow Scottish Secretary who lives in Dunblane, are also expected to attend the service at Dunblane cathedral on October 9.

School boycott halted

Parents yesterday called off their boycott of a Nottinghamshire school where an allegedly unruly ten-year-old is receiving personal tuition to avoid a strike by teachers. Fifty pupils at Mantons Junior School, Worksop, were kept at home for a second day yesterday but parents said they would send them back today as "a show of good faith".

Designer is cleared

The designer of an award-winning building has succeeded in overturning proceedings in which she was convicted of being unqualified as an architect and fined £2,000. Gabrielle Bramante, who won four awards for her Citizens' Advice Bureau building in Chessington, Surrey, said she had not been told of the proceedings until they were over.

Abusers to be shielded

People who allegedly abused youngsters from children's homes in Wales are to be granted anonymity. Sir Ronald Waterhouse, chairman of an inquiry ordered by the Welsh Secretary, said at a preliminary hearing in Ewloe, Flintshire, that individuals against whom allegations are made would be referred to by numbers or letters.

Elderly most in fear

Elderly women are more afraid of attack than any other group but are at the least risk, a national police campaign launched yesterday claims. A police fact sheet aimed at reducing anxiety reports that 1 in 3 elderly women feel very unsafe but fewer than 1 in 4,000 will be assaulted. Young men feel the most secure but face a 1 in 38 chance of attack.

First woman top gun

Helea Gardiner, 27, became the RAF's first woman fighter pilot to carry out a live intercept with "unfriendly" aircraft yesterday when she went into action in her Tornado F3 fighter. She was scrambled from RAF Leuchars, Fife, after two Russian maritime patrol aircraft were spotted flying into British airspace to spy on a Nato exercise.

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TUC backs single currency

BY CHRISTINE BUCKLEY
AND JILL SHERMAN

UNIONS are to campaign for Britain to join a single currency at the earliest opportunity despite a warning that rushing in could bring a Labour government down.

The Trades Union Congress endorsed Britain's early entry into monetary union even though Union abstained and several others including the RMT opposed the idea. John Monks, general secretary of the TUC, called for support because there were more advantages in joining than in staying out.

Opponents fear that trying to meet the strict economic convergence criteria of the Maastricht treaty will mean big cuts in public expenditure and the loss of many jobs. At a fringe meeting, Ken Livingstone, MP for Brent East, warned Tony Blair that if he took Britain into a single currency from the start his government would be faced with permanent recession. "Within 18 months we would be as unpopular as John Major and the Tories. We would be devastated in local government and the next election. Any talk about the need to get a second term would be washed away."

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Consultant is accused of failing to provide adequate supervision of his junior staff

Report into deaths at hospital finds catalogue of errors

By PAUL WILKINSON

AN INVESTIGATION into a unit at Grimsby Hospital where three people died and two babies were stillborn has found a catalogue of errors, misjudgments and ineptitude.

A report published yesterday says that delicate surgery was carried out by inexperienced staff, patients had been misdiagnosed and complaints wrongly handled.

Michael Muldoon, consultant in charge of the obstetrics and gynaecology department, escaped overall condemnation, but was accused of poor communication, a lack of leadership in specific cases and failing to supervise juniors.

The Northern and Yorkshire region of the NHS executive has sent copies of the report to the General Medical Council for it to consider taking further action. Mr Muldoon, 60, retired last January while the inquiry team of two outside specialists was gathering its evidence.

Michael Hallberg, a former policeman from Louth, Lincolnshire, whose wife Kay died in 1963, six weeks after going into Grimsby Hospital for an apparently routine scrape of the womb, said:

"This report is a whitewash, it is a collection of corresponding opposites. On one hand they say Muldoon and his staff did wrong, on the other they say they acted well."

His wife's bowel and uterus were punctured during the operation carried out by Mr Muldoon's registrar and a second operation was carried the next day in an attempt to repair the damage. Some of the wounds were not found, necessitating further operations. Mrs Hallberg, 40, contracted peritonitis, suffered heart and liver damage and required a tracheotomy to relieve lung problems. She also went blind before she died.

"I want to know who killed my wife," Mr Hallberg, 44, said. "I am absolutely disgusted by this report, it answers nothing. I am talking to my solicitor about suing the hospital. They are moral cowards, no one has yet told me why my wife died."

The inquiry report concludes that: "The tragedy might have been avoided by better assessment of the competence and better supervision of the junior doctor before she was allowed to operate on her own and earlier involvement of a general surgeon to deal with the complication of the

gynaecological procedure." Mr Hallberg said the junior in question, a Dr Padma, returned to India shortly before his wife's inquest. All inquiries have failed to trace her.

Jane Davies, whose sister Carol Richardson died from massive bleeding after Mr Muldoon accidentally severed an artery during a hysterectomy in August 1990, said: "This report is a load of rubbish. He did not have sufficient expertise or training to do my sister's operation. If he had, my sister would be here today."

The inquiry concludes that "Mr Muldoon should have received further training in

the surgical technique before undertaking it on his own." An inquest recorded a verdict of misadventure and the hospital authorities have paid Ms Richardson's family £3,500 in an out-of-court settlement.

Terry and Diane Parnell claimed that their daughter Mishka was brain-damaged in the womb in 1990 during a "blind" amniocentesis test, in which a syringe is inserted to extract fluid to test for Down's syndrome. Three attempts had to be made before a satisfactory sample was obtained. The child was born with scars on her tongue and the back of her head. She died before her third birthday

because of her condition. The report acknowledges that the procedure used was acceptable some years ago, but today was done with the benefit of ultrasound scanning to indicate how the baby was lying. It says: "The assessors expressed concerns about Mr Muldoon's knowledge of amniocentesis."

Mr Parnell said last night that he had obtained an independent medical report on his daughter's death which he hoped would form the basis of a claim against the hospital authorities.

In a fourth case, Mr Muldoon rejected a GP's opinion that an expectant mother

was diabetic. The woman subsequently suffered two stillbirths attributed to the condition. The report says: "Many essential investigations were not carried out."

The inquiry team examined 18 cases over 20 years and found cause for concern in two-thirds of them. However, it concludes that they were "uncommon events". It considered that overall "the level of care provided by Mr Muldoon was of a satisfactory standard". It makes 51 detailed recommendations which Grimsby Hospital has accepted. An advice line has been set up for concerned patients on 01472 875500.



Terry and Diane Parnell with son Jack. The parents blame the hospital for their daughter Mishka's death

Father of Julie Ward halts film

By CAROL MIDDLEY

THE father of Julie Ward, the British woman found murdered in a Kenyan game reserve, has halted a BBC film about the hunt for her killers, complaining it was being turned into a Hollywood-style blockbuster.

John Ward, 63, who has waged an eight-year campaign for justice, had agreed to sell the rights to his book to the BBC, which wanted to make a drama-documentary about the story. But he said the corporation later decided to change the project to a full-length feature film and introduced changes to the script.

Mr Ward said the producers did not like the "dull periods" during his investigation and created new action sequences. They wanted to include a fictitious attempt on his life by masked men at Nairobi airport and to show Mr Ward's thriving hotel business going bankrupt because of the amount of time he was spending on the case. He was also to experience severe difficulties with his wife, Janet, as their marriage suffered under the strain.

One of the final straws was that Patrick Stewart, who starred in *Star Trek: The Next Generation*, was being touted to play Mr Ward. Anton Rodgers, the British character actor, was also named as an alternative to Stewart.

"I saw the script and it was unacceptable," said Mr Ward, who had a clause in his contract with the BBC that allowed him to cancel the project if it was not completed within a certain time. "It was supposed to be for television but the BBC got increasingly excited about the project until it was going to be released in cinemas worldwide, then shown on planes, and then on TV last of all. Its timescale got longer and longer and that meant that, fortunately, I was able to exercise my option and pull the plug."

Miss Ward, 28, was found murdered in 1988. Her charred remains were discovered in the remote Masai Mara game reserve. Initially the Kenyans insisted she had been eaten by wild animals, but were later forced to admit she had been murdered.



Mishka Parnell, born with scars, and Michael Muldoon, who did the amniocentesis test on her

Parents plan to sue Great Ormond Street over heart girl's death

By TIM JONES

A SENIOR doctor at Great Ormond Street Hospital for Children was criticised by a coroner yesterday for "unwise and erroneous" actions which led to the death of a six-year-old girl. After the inquest, the parents of Deborah Jenkins said they intended to sue the London hospital.

Ross and Carolyn Jenkins say that Deborah died because the doctor disregarded their wishes and did not obtain their consent for the procedures that were carried out. Stephen Chan, the St Pancras Coroner, recorded a verdict of misadventure. "It is not difficult to understand the

parents' sense of outrage and indeed their feeling of betrayal," he said.

Mr and Mrs Jenkins had consented to Deborah being given a diagnostic catheter examination, a routine procedure that involved inserting a probe through the groin and into the heart. But the inquest was told that they had not given permission for a curative procedure that involved inserting a balloon via the catheter to the heart and inflating it to expand the narrowed coronary artery.

Deborah died in July last year when the balloon burst and efforts to retrieve it with another catheter led to a blocked blood flow, causing brain damage. Mr Chan said: "No doubt

the doctor's regret at the tragic consequences is of little comfort to the parents. His decision may have been unwise and erroneous, certainly for Deborah, as it contributed to her premature demise."

The coroner said that there was no evidence of gross negligence by Dr James Taylor, the consultant paediatric cardiologist. "I am satisfied he was acting conscientiously and carefully and was sincere in his belief that he was acting in the best interests of his patient."

The inquest was told that Deborah, from Sprowston, near Norwich, had been born with serious heart defects and had undergone two open-heart

operations. It was only when she was on the operating table the day before she died that Dr Taylor and his team discovered that a conduit which had been inserted into her artery had been narrowed because of the pressure of the muscle.

Dr Taylor said in evidence that he realised the condition could be rectified by a balloon catheter. He tried without success to get hold of Mrs Jenkins to seek her approval. He decided to proceed with the balloon probe as the alternative would have been to subject Deborah to another operation involving heart surgery.

After the verdict, Mr Jenkins, 39, said: "Dr Taylor did what he had no

authority to do. I am not impressed with him at all. He has got to go. We are going to take litigation against Great Ormond Street Hospital. I don't care what it costs." Mrs Jenkins said: "I only signed consent for a diagnostic inspection and now she is dead."

A statement from the hospital said that Dr Taylor attempted to obtain permission from Deborah's family but they were not available in the short time in which he had to make the decision. The statement added: "Any child's death is deeply saddening, especially one such as Deborah's, whom we had looked after since she was very young."



Deborah Jenkins: born with heart defects

Girl who survived murder attack recalls the killer

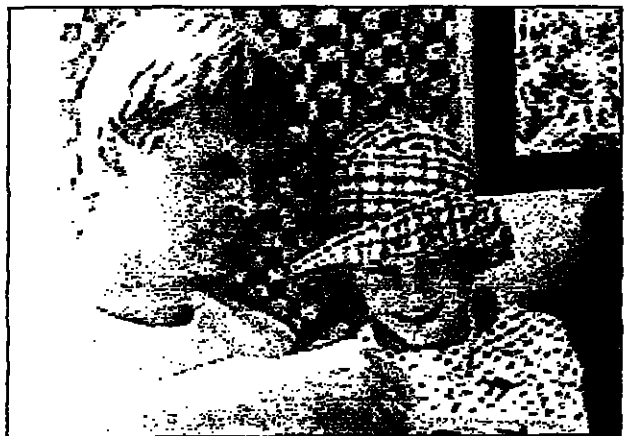
By LIN JENKINS

JOSEPHINE RUSSELL, the nine-year-old girl left for dead after a frenzied attack that killed her mother and sister, now has a clear memory of the double murder and has given details to the police.

She was left with the speech level of a two-year-old after surgery on her battered skull but she can now recall the events of the afternoon of July 9. Doctors had thought that the shock of what happened, or the operation on her brain, might have left her memory blank.

However, she has been able to tell police about the afternoon her mother Lin, 45, and sister Megan, 6, were murdered as the three of them walked home across country from school in the next Kent village of Goodnestone.

She has told police about a man fitting the description of the one seen in the area by others that day. Detective Chief Inspector Dave Stevens said: "We have devised a method of communicating with Josephine. Over a period of weeks we have been going back over her life and personal details and we have now started filming interviews about the events of July 9. "It is obvious that Josephine has a clear memory



Josephine with her father, Dr Shaun Russell, who says her memories are now causing her distress

about the attack and she has already provided us with information that backs up the description of a man seen near the murder scene and other details. This could be a turning point."

Detective Constables Pauline Smith and Ed Tingley have been with Josephine since the attack and have been coaxing information from her using models and games. Her father, Dr Shaun Russell, said: "When I first started to prepare her for these interviews she was upset and reluctant to do it. But now it has started she is very keen and is co-operating very well."

Dr Russell said that Josephine was beginning to show more anxiety as she recalled the events of July 9. "When she was in hospital and couldn't remember anything she was more or less constantly happy. But as she has remembered more and more her happiness has decreased and periods of anxiety and worry have increased."

Dr Russell said also that he plans to move house and perhaps go back to Wales where they used to live, or take up another post in Africa. "The more I see Josie afraid in the place we live, the more I want to move away."

Jealous boy given life for murder

By SHIRLEY ENGLISH

A JEALOUS 14-year-old boy became one of Scotland's youngest convicted murderers yesterday when he was given a life sentence for killing a married man who allegedly flirted with his girlfriend.

The teenager showed no emotion as he was told by a judge at Edinburgh High Court that he would be "detained without limit of time".

A jury found him guilty of the murder of Scott Fraser, 26, of Carronshore, near Falkirk. Co-accused Paul Halliday, 23, of Carron, Falkirk, was also found guilty and jailed for life.

The court was told that Halliday and the boy followed Mr Fraser home along a disused railway track near Carronshore. They attacked him once, then left, only to return with two girls to batter and stamp on him again. Mr Fraser had severe brain injuries after being punched, kicked and stamped on. The judge, Lord Abernethy, refused to allow the boy to be named as he was under 16 and might appeal.

Yesterday, Margaret Fraser, 34, the dead man's widow, who has a son Christopher, 3, said the claim that her husband had flirted with the 18-year-old girl was a "cock and bull story".

Cantona is sued over 'hotel brawl'

By JOHN GOODBODY, SPORTS NEWS CORRESPONDENT

A BUSINESSMAN is to sue Eric Cantona for damages, alleging that the Manchester United captain assaulted him at a hotel in Chester.

A preliminary hearing of the civil action brought by Tom Doyle, 38, a salesman from Liverpool, will be heard in private by Judge David Gee after a fracas at the hotel where several United players were celebrating a win at the local races. The 30-year-old French international denies the allegations.

Ricky Weatherburn, a Northampton company director, said that in May 1994, when the alleged incident

International hotel, the England and former Manchester United midfielder Paul Ince had suffered racist taunts from other customers.

Mr Weatherburn said: "Somebody hit me and my mate threw a punch at someone else. Then all hell broke loose." It was claimed that tables and chairs were overturned in the turmoil that followed.

Mr Doyle alleges that he was assaulted as the players left the premises.

The footballers had been to the races at Chester as the guests of the jockey Walter Swinburn. They had backed

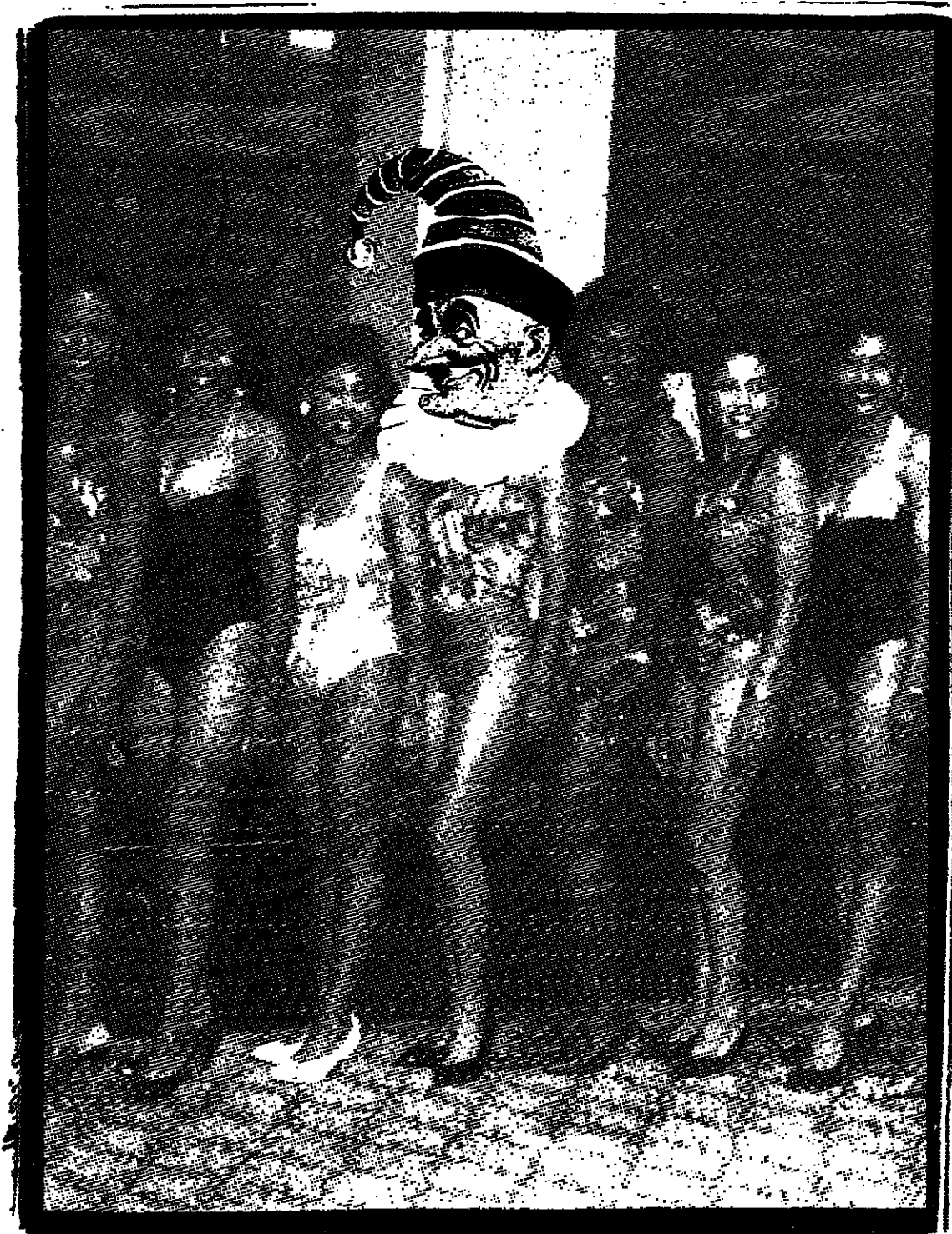
Cantona: denies claim

winning several hundred pounds. Maurice Watkins, the Manchester United director and solicitor who was in

Turin yesterday for the side's match against Juventus in the European Cup Champions' League tonight, said: "This case is in the Liverpool County Court and in the nature of an arbitration proceedings. The action is being defended but, with a case pending, I do not think it is appropriate to make any further comment."

Neither Cantona nor Mr Doyle need be present at the hearing at Liverpool County Court next Wednesday, which will be held in chambers.

They can be represented by their solicitors and would give evidence in person only if the judge decides there should be a full hearing in open court.



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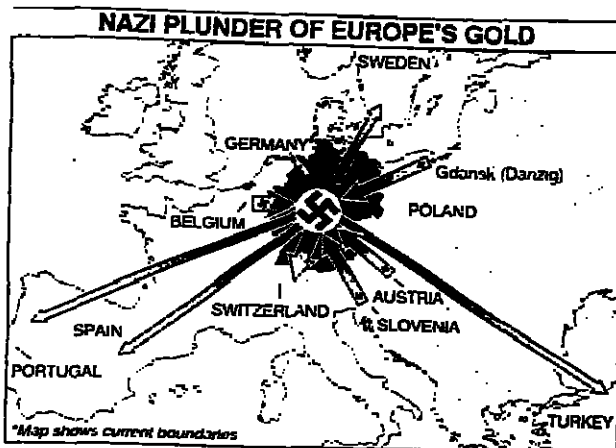
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مَكْذَا مِنَ الْأَصْلِ

Efforts to return stolen gold thwarted by greed, confusion and legal wrangles

Nazi thieves left a wound that will not heal



By MICHAEL BINYON, DIPLOMATIC EDITOR

GOLD has proved to be the most intractable legacy of the Second World War. More than 50 years after Hitler's defeat, governments, refugees and Holocaust victims' families are still waiting for their share of the \$84 million held in British and American banks.

Efforts to trace the missing ingots and return them to their rightful owners have been frustrated by greed, confusion and legal wrangles. But the main problem has been the nature of the metal itself: the jewellery, coins, heirlooms and Jewish sacred objects plundered all over Europe from families imprisoned or exterminated were all sent to a central smithy, melted down and turned into ingots whose provenance can never now be established.

Yesterday the Foreign Office responded to the growing concern over the gold and suspicion that intelligence documents had been held back by releasing a summary of the Government's role in tracing the Nazi gold and the attempt to compensate the victims of Nazi looting.

A 23-page pamphlet, compiled on orders of Malcolm Rifkind, the Foreign Secretary, from government archives, makes public the long negotiations, diplomatic arguments and terse exchanges between the Allies. These have now all been made public more than 40 years ago.

As the pamphlet makes

clear, two main difficulties, both during and after the war, have haunted all efforts to reach a just settlement: how to prevent the Germans sending their ill-gotten loot abroad; and how to persuade the neutral countries that received tons of smelted gold from Germany to pay the money back after 1945.

Allied monitoring of Nazi gold deals began before the war. By September 1939, German holdings had swollen by some \$97 million worth of gold from Austria, Czechoslovakia and Danzig. The Reichsbank maintained that it had reserves in 1939 to be \$71 million, the same figure as in 1937; the Bank of England considered the true figure to be nearer \$111 million.

But the war proved costly for Germany. Reserves were depleted on loans, exhausted its credit and almost all trade had to be on a barter basis. The war could be financed only by systematic plunder — of state treasuries, especially \$223 million of Belgian gold, \$193 million from Holland and \$24 million from Hungary, and of personal assets, particularly those of the Jews. Britain estimated in 1945 that Germany had plundered \$550 million — almost certainly an underestimate.

Germany used its gold to buy raw materials and vital foreign currency. The main route was via Switzerland, but other neutral countries — Por-

tugal and Sweden, and to a lesser extent Spain and Turkey — also received German gold. The Allies tried to monitor the sums to provide evidence of plundering. But the Reichsbank sent out ingots that had been resmelted and backdated to a period before the war.

Banking records confiscated after the war show the elaborate deception. Booty seized by the Wehrmacht was sent directly to the Reich's Treasury; that seized by the SS was handled exclusively through the Reichsbank, where it was received into a holding account in the name of "Melmer" and its value transferred after assessment to an account in the name of "Max Heiliger".

Dr Puhl, of the Reichsbank, admitted under interrogation in 1945 that all gold was resmelted to conceal its origins; much was sent abroad. Britain estimated that by March 1943 Germany had sold more gold than it had held in 1939.

Britain and America were unsure how to put pressure on the Swiss not to accept the gold. Switzerland, entirely surrounded by the Axis powers, could not be coerced. Any outright embargo on Switzerland would also prevent the Allies from obtaining the Swiss francs they needed. Instead Britain and America issued in January 1943 a declaration in which they reserved their rights "to declare invalid any transfers of, or dealings with, property, rights and interests... which are, or have been, situated in the territories which have come under the occupation or control, direct or indirect, of the Governments with which they are at war."

The warning was political: the Treasury had doubts. The Bank of England thought it would simply drive the Germans into more elaborate deceptions to conceal their looting of Europe. But the Government decided that the neutrals must be bluntly told that if they accepted gold from Germany they would be liable to "claims under the terms of the Inter-Allied declaration". The Bank of England also said it would pay no interest or dividends to anyone living in Sweden or Switzerland until those two countries declared that their gold holdings were "free from enemy taint".

The Treasury was reluctant, but Mr Cobbold of the Bank of England told the Swiss embassy in London that he could rely on his country having "the maximum amount of trouble" after the war.

The problem, as the Allies later discovered, was that this was a bluff. The Swiss, realising the way the war was going, belatedly said that they would not accept any gold from anyone in German-occupied territory, and in December 1944 blocked all Hungarian, Slovak and Croatian accounts in Switzerland. But the end of hostilities revealed the allied weakness: they had no legal way to compel the Swiss to hand over the gold.

With all the other neutral states, the Swiss claimed that such a demand violated their



Gold bullion in the Bank of England at the end of the war, when ingots were being shipped from Germany

neutral status. They agreed, after being urged on moral grounds, to begin talks. The Americans said they held \$200 million worth of Nazi gold. At first they denied all knowledge, but when talks became heated Mr A. Hirs, their chief negotiator, let slip that Swiss banks had \$500 million worth.

Finally in May 1946, they agreed to a one-off payment of 250 million Swiss francs in gold to the Federal Reserve Bank in New York. The Allies, angry but impotent, decided this was the best deal on offer and waived all further claims against the Swiss. The Swiss later made a further ex-gratia payment of 121.5 million Swiss francs. But they kept, in the end, about seven eighths of all the German gold deposited.

The New York sum formed the basis of the allied Tripartite Gold Commission. The hunt was also on for gold hidden in Germany. The occupation forces found a hoard of about \$54 million worth in a salt mine in Merkers, but reckoned it was only a fifth of all German gold. The Americans found several other hoards in their zone, and an informant also revealed a cache amassed by von Ribbentrop, the Nazi Foreign Minister, which was guarded by the German Foreign Office.

All the gold was gathered together in Frankfurt then sent to London and New York for safekeeping pending distribution. The problem then was to decide how to give it back. Britain argued that all rightful

owners should get back their goods, but most of the gold had been melted down and was untraceable. Instead, the Americans suggested it should be distributed in proportion to the claims by those countries that had lost gold. This formula was accepted: payment would be compensation rather than restitution.

Dozens of obstacles have held up payment. The main one is that the sums claimed far exceed the gold found; the Bank of England estimated in 1945 that just over half the amount was available. The other problem has been individual restitution, especially to the relatives of families killed in the war.

The other main difficulty has been calculating the value of what remains. The prices were all worked out in exchange rates of 1945 and 1947. Distribution has also been complicated by the issue of Albanian gold. This entirely extraneous question arose after Britain, which held gold in trust, refused to return it until the Albanians offered compensation for a British warship sunk in 1946.

That issue dragged on for more than 40 years; an agreement was reached only five years ago, and it was only last week that the Albanian parliament ratified the deal. For the first time since 1945, the way is now open to pay the Nazis' victims compensation for some of what they lost.

Leading article, page 19
DAILY MAIL

Experts to scrutinise secret dealings

FROM PETER CAPELLA IN GENEVA

SWITZERLAND was urged yesterday to publish a full record of its wartime financial dealings with the Nazi regime, after Britain said the Swiss may have turned over only part of the gold they acknowledged buying from the Germans.

Officials said the British and Swiss Foreign Ministers were likely to discuss the matter in Switzerland next week. Legislation is being prepared in Geneva to allow a commission of experts to take an unhindered look at Swiss financial dealings with the Nazis, regardless of banking secrecy laws.

The Swiss Foreign Ministry said the inquiry, which would have to be approved by parliament, would examine all the dealings of private and public financial institutions with Germany after 1933.

The Foreign Office did not confirm claims by Jewish groups that a secret deal was struck between the neutral Swiss and America, Britain, France and Russia. However, it said there was speculation over the amounts involved. There was some confusion over the exact figures because of fluctuations in exchange rates, gold prices and inflation over 50 years.

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) has begun an internal inquiry into allegations that several of its delegates collaborated with the Nazis. The World Jewish Congress and the American Senate Banking Committee have given the organisation the names of about 30 suspected collaborators drawn from American archives.

The ICRC said that ten had been identified as working for the International Red Cross and six others worked for national Red Cross societies in occupied Europe.

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US officials inspecting 100 tons of Nazi gold captured in 1945. Much of it came from jewellery, coins and Jewish sacred objects plundered all over Europe

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مَكْنَا مِنَ الْأَصْلِ

British Association: scientists' research casts fresh light on mysteries ancient and modern

Musical relics cast ancient man as father of the blues

REPORTS BY NIGEL HAWKES AND NICK NUTTALL

EARLY man could play the blues, a study of ancient instruments has suggested.

The musical ancestors of Charlie Parker played flutes made from the bones of large birds, such as vultures. The flutes were simple instruments, examples of which have been found in caves dating from up to 24,000 years ago.

In some relics the positioning of the drilled holes and the worn patches of bone caused by fingering techniques are evidence that the players could "bend" notes as skilfully as a modern jazz performer, giving their music colour and emotion.

Flutes of this type were still being used in Roman and Anglo-Saxon times and large numbers of them, often made from the shin-bones of sheep, have been found in archaeological sites. Replicas moulded from plastic reveal a range of tunings, the British Association meeting in Birmingham was told yesterday.

Graeme Lawson, of the Music-Archaeological Survey in Cambridge, said that some of the bone instruments showed signs of having been extensively used and cher-

ished. There was evidence of the use of musical intervals roughly corresponding to today's tones and semitones. But the instruments were different in having nuances of pitch to provide colour to the scales. Did the originators deliberately create such "blue" tunings, he asked, or were they simply evidence of clumsy construction?

The signs were that they were deliberate. The distances between the finger holes on different instruments were rarely uniform and in some cases scratched markers suggested careful laying-out, based on calculation or the application of some rule of thumb. The undercutting of the finger-holes after drilling showed evidence of still finer adjustment. "Clearly, simple though these instruments seem, they are embodiments of very special musical requirements and complex cultural systems," he said.

The research programme now aims to study the oldest instruments, comparing them with the more recent Roman and Anglo-Saxon pipes. From traces of the surface taken by scanning electron microscopes, the researchers hope to

learn more about the fingering techniques used by pipers 24,000 years ago.

The familiar tuning of modern instruments was developed to bring order to what was seen as musical chaos. But instruments from the Stone Age up to Roman and medieval times revealed a freer musical taste. The early musicians would have made their own instruments, tuning them by drilling holes in the correct places and making them bigger or smaller.

Dr Lawson, who demonstrated how to play a flute made from sheep bone, said: "It looks like it was a preference. Certainly in the Anglo-Saxon and Roman period when we looked at the instruments closely not only have the finger holes been drilled with the point of a knife, but they have been drilled in accordance with markers put on the surface of the bone beforehand. Some of the holes are undercut. They have clearly been trying to adjust them to hit a pattern they had in mind."

Close examination of the hole rims showed areas that were polished, suggesting sliding with the fingertips.



Graeme Lawson with prehistoric and medieval flutes made from animal bone

Scan may read coma victims' thoughts

SCIENTISTS believe it may be possible to communicate with coma victims by reading their minds.

Dr Stephen Roberts of Imperial College, London, told the British Association that in healthy people, tiny electrical signals in the brain can be detected by a grid of electrical contacts over the head. The signals appear if the volunteers move their fingers but also if they merely think of moving their fingers.

Dr Roberts hopes the same will be true of patients in a deep coma. Several who have returned to consciousness have reported that they could understand what people were saying but were unable to respond.

In trials at the Royal Hospital for Disability in Putney, west London, next year, he will ask comatose patients to think of moving either their right or left index fingers. Brain signals will be analysed in a "neural net" computer.

Over some 100 tests, it should be possible to determine whether a patient can understand the instructions, and even to conduct a simple conversation in which yes and no are linked to moving the right or left index fingers.

Dr Roberts hopes that the technique may enable people with total paralysis to control wheelchairs or computers.

Motorway travel made easy

Motorways in the year 2020 might be like computerised conveyor belts, the chairman and chief executive of Jaguar said. Vehicles would lock into tracks planted in roads and cruise at constant speeds at set distances apart. Nick Scheele told the festival.

With such stress-free driving, collision guidance systems using short-range radar would help to reduce accidents although drivers would have to stay alert should dashboard computers fail or the unforeseen happen.

Early man 'no slouch'

Early man walked upright, according to Dr Robin Crompton of Liverpool University. He and colleagues used a computer simulation to prove that our ancestors never stooped with knuckles grazing the ground. This would have used too much energy and overheated the body, he said.

A computer model based on a fossil hominid found in Ethiopia simulated the skeleton walking in a slouch. It fell over repeatedly.

Maths slide 'continues'

The introduction of the national curriculum has failed to halt the decline in mathematics or reading in primary schools, Professor Robert Campbell of Warwick University said. But he denied that there was a crisis in reading, as some have claimed.

He said the overall evidence suggested that teaching was "at least moderately effective in around 80 per cent of schools, with some serious problems of teaching in a small minority".

Aliens, night flights and things that go bump are all in the mind



Blackmore said sleep paralysis was to blame

MORE THAN a million Britons believe that they have been abducted by aliens and taken on rides across space and time, and more than half the population has woken from sleep to sense a strange presence in the room, a British psychologist claimed yesterday.

Dr Sue Blackmore said these and scores of so-called paranormal experiences — including out-of-body sensations and the sighting of ghosts — can be explained as unusual electrical activity in key parts of the brain.

"My research shows that these are really common experiences. Those doctors who say that they are a symptom that someone is ill are wrong: they are actually ordinary experiences. People who have them

need reassurance, not drugs," said Dr Blackmore, who is based at the University of the West of England.

A survey carried out in Bristol of about 200 adults and 120 children found that many had had strange experiences at least once. Some 33 per cent of children claimed they had seen a ghost while only 12 per cent of adults said they had seen one. Out-of-body experiences, in which people believe they are flying over their body and floating across rooms, streets or fields, were cited by a third of those interviewed.

Waking up to feel a presence, normally described as an evil one, in the room has happened to 56 per cent of children and 68 per cent of adults. False awakenings, in which someone believes they have woken

up but is really still dreaming, is an experience reportedly shared by 57 per cent of children and 82 per cent of adults.

About 2 per cent of the population believe they have been abducted by aliens and Dr Blackmore said she believes they are suffering from a phenomenon known as sleep paralysis. When people dream, their bodies become temporarily paralysed, preventing them acting out their dreams and endangering themselves. Her research has found that about 45 per cent of people become paralysed before they fall asleep or when they wake up at least once in their lives. "Normally you know nothing about sleep paralysis. However, occasionally something goes wrong with the mechanism, for

example if you are very tired, overworked, excited or worried," Dr Blackmore said.

The researcher has gathered more than 100 cases of the phenomenon which confirm her suspicions that "alien abductions" are linked with this kind of paralysis. "There are certain features that come up again and again. There are strange whirling noises. One described loud screaming and high-pitched laughter and another said she had experienced a roaring noise in her head," Dr Blackmore told the British Association.

Many report feeling vibrations and "shakings and judderings" and others talk of figures at the foot of the bed. There are pressing sensations like alien hands holding the

sleep-paralysed person's fingers or forcing themselves on to their body.

Dr Blackmore, who is set to carry out laboratory tests, is convinced that electrical firings of different parts of the brain and a combination of sleep paralysis in many cases is the key to scores of supernatural experiences. "It is known that sense of presence can be created by stimulating the temporal lobes of the brain. Stimulating the temporal lobe with electrodes can give rise to out-of-body experiences and mystical experiences," she said.

Dr Blackmore said some people had more active or unstable temporal lobes than others. This had been linked with artistic talent.

Leading article, page 19

Telepathy 'more widespread than is thought'

MOST people may have some psychic or telepathic ability, a leading researcher into the paranormal said at the festival yesterday. Experiments across the world had found evidence that appeared to show that people were aware of facts which they could not have found out through normal perception.

Dr Deborah Delaney, of Edinburgh

University's psychology department, admitted there were phenomena that scientists could not yet explain and should not dismiss out of hand. "We have a group of consistent findings across a quite large number of studies that are indicating that something that we currently do not understand is going on. We cannot explain it. But that is not

to say we are not dealing with some type of error not yet recognised. If so it could be affecting all our science."

Dr Delaney added that psychic ability might be spread widely but unevenly among the population. "It's like music. There would be Mozarts and there would be people with virtually no ability. Most of us would be somewhere in between."

THE TIMES/DILLONS FORUM

Your chance to question Tony Blair



READERS are invited to a forum where Tony Blair, the leader of the Labour Party since July 1994, will set out his political vision and priorities for a new Britain. The audience will have the opportunity to question Mr Blair's views on a range of policy areas, from taxation to the minimum wage, the National Health Service to education. Chaired by Peter Stothard, Editor of *The Times*, the forum marks the publication of Mr Blair's book, *New Britain — My Vision of a Young Country* (Fourth Estate, £8.99), and will be at the Institute of Education, 20 Bedford Way, London WC1, on Thursday, September 19 at 7.30pm. Tickets at £10 (£7.50 concessions) include £2 off the price of Mr Blair's book and are available by telephoning 0171-467 1613, by faxing the coupon below to 0171-467 1690, or by sending the coupon with your remittance to Dillons the Bookstore, 32 Gower Street, London WC1E 6EQ, where tickets can also be bought.

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Dr Thomas Stuttford

BEAN bags filled with polystyrene balls were once popular without which no university student's room was complete. Twenty years ago they symbolised freedom from parents and their traditional furniture.

More recently, it is the family dog that seems to have monopolised the bean bag and the generation who once sat and slept on the bags are now parents themselves. All parents should heed the warning in a report in the *American Journal of Forensic Medicine and Pathology*, and which is also being carried in Britain by the magazine *General Practitioner*.

American researchers have studied 35 cases of babies who died after being put to sleep on a bean bag. All were found face down on the bag at the time of death. Half the children were less than two months old and in most cases, after a post-mortem examination, the cause of death was given as Sudden Infant Death Syndrome.

Even without the additional evidence, it has been accepted since 1992 that bean bags are dangerous to children and they have been banned in America. It was found that many children choked to death on the polystyrene balls.

No child should be allowed to sleep on a bean bag in any posture but the research has

underlined how important it is to place children on their backs when they go to sleep. The Foundation for the Study of Infant Deaths said its new studies had confirmed the reduction of deaths when babies were placed on their backs in their cots — not face-down or even on their sides.

Recent research has again demonstrated the increase in Sudden Infant Death Syndrome when mothers had smoked in pregnancy or when parents continued to smoke after the birth of their child.

The foundation says the temperature of a baby's room is of importance, and recommends that it be kept at between 18C and 21C.

New research has led experts to suggest that when babies are put to bed they should have their cots made up so that their feet touch the foot of the cot. A bed made in this way prevents the children from snuggling under the covers.

When babies' beds are made in such a way that their heads are against the top end, as is more usually the case, they can snuggle down but that can be dangerous.

In several recent cases, babies who have died suddenly have been found with their blankets over their heads and are thought to have become overheated. This can cause sudden infant death.

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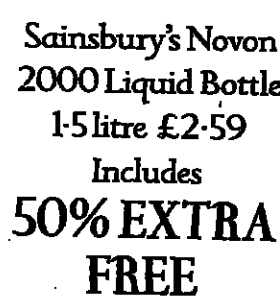
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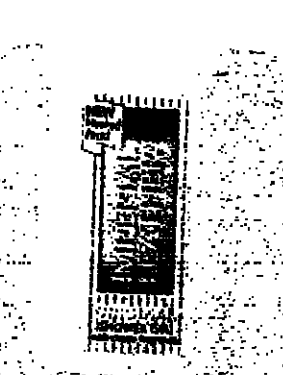
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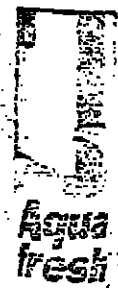
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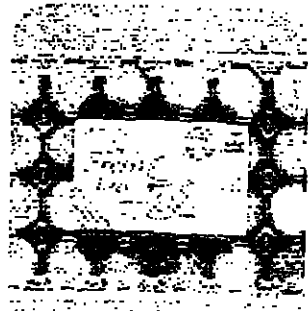
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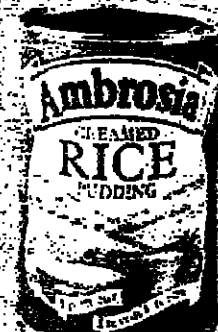
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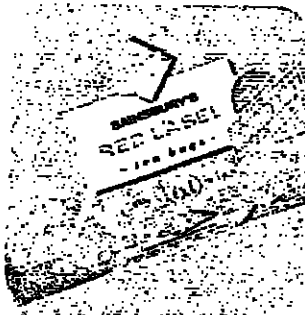


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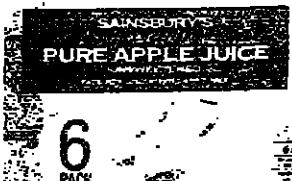
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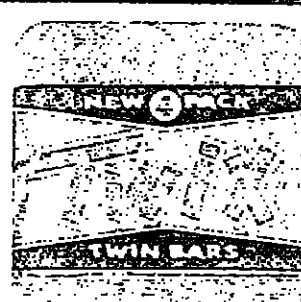
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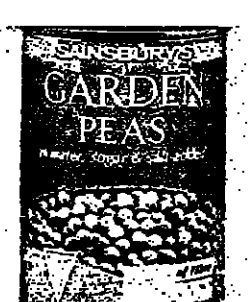
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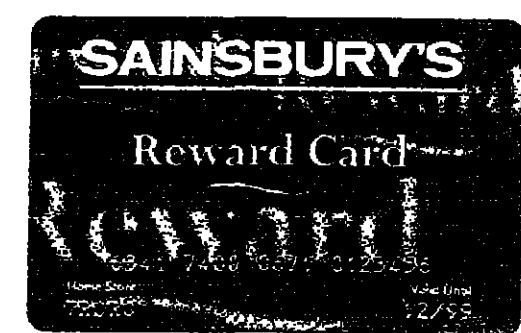
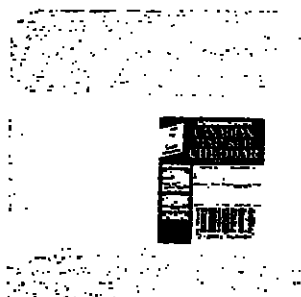
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Police guard five Republicans who bought Protestant's business from bank

Loyalists threaten revenge for farmer's eviction

By NICHOLAS WATT, CHIEF IRELAND CORRESPONDENT

LOYALIST terrorists have threatened to kill a group of Irish businessmen who bought a large farm in the Irish Republic from a Protestant family who had been evicted from the land.

Irish police have provided tight security for five members of the board of Donegal Creameries after they had been contacted by a terrorist from the Ulster Freedom Fighters (UFF) who said that the eviction in Co Donegal was sectarian. The UFF also threatened to kill security men and a Dublin accountant who had been involved in the eviction of Eric Graham and his family from their 3,000-acre estate near Burtfoot last month.

The UFF leadership is understood to have dissociated itself from the threat, which was issued by the organisation's north Antrim and Londonderry brigades. There are now fears that the move by one of the UFF's most brutal

groups, which murdered seven people in a gun attack on a Co Londonderry bar in 1993, could mark a widening of the feud among loyalists.

The terrorists acted last week, a fortnight after the Grahams had been evicted by bailiffs wearing balaclavas and carrying sledgehammers. The family bought the farm for £3 million in 1989, but stopped making mortgage payments to the National Irish Bank in 1992 after a series of disagreements over a £2.3 million loan. The receivers were called in four months later and an eviction order granted by the High Court in Dublin.

Last week Donegal Creameries, which is a co-operative, bought the farm from the National Irish Bank for £3.7 million. The company said it moved quickly to ensure that the farm's 413,000-gallon milk quota would remain in Co Donegal. John Keon, managing director of Donegal Creameries, who received the first death threat in an anonymous telephone call on Friday, said he was astonished by claims that the purchase of the farm was an attempt to "land-grab" from Protestants. Mr Keon is a Roman Catholic, but the four other board members who have received threats are Protestants.

He said: "We have a multi-denominational board and until now we have never paid attention to whether anyone is a Protestant or a Catholic. My impression is that the UFF may have been given an inadequate version of events."

Mr Graham, who ran the farm with his brother and father, dissociated his family from the threats and said he had no connection with loyalist paramilitaries. "I know there are people who felt that Donegal Creameries were land-grabbing from members of the minority community in Donegal when they bought the farm," he said. "But we have no control over what extreme elements can do."

The UFF said it issued the threat after coming under intense pressure to help Protestant farmers in Burtfoot, which is a few miles from the border. A spokesman said: "The feeling up here is very, very strong. Nobody has done anything for the Grahams or



As masked bailiffs move in on Eric Graham's farm, top, the Rev Rodney Sterritt carries one of his son-in-law's children from her home



Keon: under police guard



Graham: evicted by bank

the Protestant farmers. The perception is that an entire Protestant community is being persecuted."

Donegal is one of the three Ulster counties which was not included in Northern Ireland when the country was partitioned in the 1920s. The county has a sizeable Protestant population, most of whom have integrated well into the Republic. However, some feel

isolated and echo the thoughts of an Ulster landlord who said in 1920 that the Protestants of Donegal, Cavan and Monaghan were thrown to the wolves when Ireland was partitioned.

The British and Irish Governments will decide today whether to expel the fringe loyalist parties from multiparty talks in Northern Ireland after recent death threats

against two militant loyalists by the Protestant paramilitary leadership.

The Democratic Unionists called for the Progressive Unionist Party and the Ulster Democratic Party, the political wings of the Ulster Volunteer Force and the Ulster Defence Association, to be expelled after they refused to condemn the death threats. The DUP claimed that the loyalist parties

had breached the Mitchell principles on non-violence, to which all participants at the Stormont talks had signed up, by not condemning the loyalist paramilitary death threat against Portadown loyalist Billy Wright.

In a joint paper presented to a full session of the talks yesterday, the DUP and the UDP said that they subscribed to the Mitchell principles.

They added that they resolutely opposed the use or threat of violence from whatever source.

David Trimble, the leader of the Ulster Unionists, said that the paper might resolve the issue if it covered the loyalists' response to the death threats. It is understood that the two governments were keen to work out a way of allowing the loyalists to remain at the talks.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Police left with bill for convict's dog

A police authority has had to pay a £2,600 kennel bill for a convict's dog. The dog went to an animal shelter near Gloucester in 1993 when the man was arrested and subsequently jailed. On his release last year he collected his dog and told the shelter to send the bill to his new home but never paid. He has since been rearrested and jailed. Gloucestershire Police Authority has been told it is liable because its constabulary made the initial contract.

Lady Tryon better

Lady Tryon, 48, a friend of the Prince of Wales, is recovering so well after breaking her back in a fall from a hospital window in May that she is now visiting the family home near Salisbury. Specialists have ruled out the risk of permanent brain damage.

Crash closes M25

A tanker disrupted traffic on the M25 near Reigate when it hit roadworks near junction 7, overturning and spilling its load of liquid nitrogen. The motorway was closed in both directions for a time and morning commuters faced tailbacks of up to ten miles.

Royal reprint

Postcard maker J. Arthur Dixon is dropping the letters HRH from its best-selling postcards of Diana, Princess of Wales. Officials at Balmoral ordered the removal of cards carrying the dropped title from the castle's souvenir shop last week.

Priest charged

Father James Channing Pearce, 56, who taught maths and physics at the Jesuit-run Stonyhurst College, near Blackburn, has been charged with indecently assaulting boys at the school. He will appear in court in November on four charges.

Horse attacked

Lady, a 22-year-old shire horse that was a favourite with visitors to Elvaston Castle Country Park in Derbyshire, died after its genitals were slashed with a knife. The horse was rescued from ill-treatment eight years ago.

Back condition

A judge granted a back-pain sufferer bail at Southwark Crown Court on condition that he went to bed for a week so he could be tried sitting rather than lying. Graham Peacock, 51, denies conspiring to produce cannabis.

Kittiwake deaths

Hundreds of dead kittiwakes have been found along the Tyne-side coastline. Scientists believe a bacterial infection could be responsible and that thousands more of the gulls, which come ashore only to nest, may have perished.

Galling loss

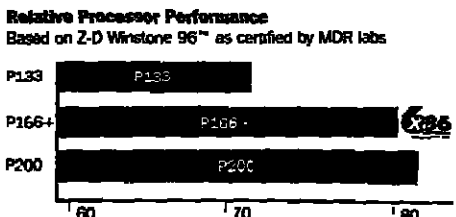
Karen Parker, 29, is appealing for the return of three gallstones which she had removed last week. They were in a jar in her car which was stolen in Aspley, Nottingham. The car was later recovered but the jar is missing.

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Ticket prices tumble as new rail firms take a tough line

By VALERIE ELLIOTT, WHITEHALL EDITOR

PRICE wars are breaking out on railways as new companies take over former British Rail routes and cheap fares are used to tempt travellers.

The most cut-throat competition so far appears to be between Network SouthCentral, now owned by the French utility CGE, and its rival Gatwick Express, now owned by the National Express coach group. One advertisement hits at higher prices and lack of night services on the Gatwick Express. In response, Gatwick Express plans a 24-hour service and is issuing a book of ten tickets offering special group travel

discounts. More tempting deals for passengers are expected. Nine of the proposed 25 rail franchises have been awarded and another four companies are expected to get the go-ahead this month. New companies have targeted specific routes because, unlike British Rail, they are not responsible for a national network.

Chiltern Railways is promoting a £20 day-return fare between London and Birmingham. The journey takes 40 minutes longer than that on InterCity West Coast, its rival line, and uses less familiar stations such as Marylebone

in London and Snow Hill in Birmingham. The £20 day return and the £23 monthly return were on offer when Chiltern was part of BR, but there was little marketing budget available or corporate will to publicise specific deals.

West Coast and East Coast InterCity have entered into direct competition with EasyJet, the cut-price air company which offers a £29 single fare between Scotland and Luton airport. The rail companies have responded by introducing a £29 Scotland-to-London return, knocking £5 off the cheapest return previously available.

Courts 'too hard on children'

By FRANCES GIBB

CHILDREN who go to court as victims or witnesses are often treated so badly that prosecutions fail, according to a report published yesterday. The children often have to wait hours or even days before giving evidence and receive little preparation for the court experience, says the report by Victim Support, the charity for victims of crime.

The report, based on the experiences of 1,000 children in 26 Crown Courts, found children are not always allowed to give evidence by closed-circuit TV. An 11-year-old girl became incoherent when she found she had to give evidence in open court. The case was dismissed.

A special Child Witness Pack published with the backing of the Lord Chancellor's Department three years ago was used for only 25 per cent of children.

Helen Reeves, director of Victim Support, called for national guidelines on preparation, reducing waiting times to a minimum and allowing children to wait at home.

The Princess Royal, patron of Victim Support, who was at the launch of the report, welcomed the findings.

£376,000 for teacher in car crash

By JOHN O'LEARY

A TEACHER who sustained multiple injuries in a car crash while taking pupils on an A-level study visit has won record damages of £376,000.

John Calvert, a history teacher at Knottingley High School, Wakefield, West Yorkshire, was a passenger in a colleague's car that had been pressed into service for a study trip because the school minibus had failed a safety check. He is wheelchair-bound as a result of the collision near York and has never returned to work.

The National Association of Schoolmasters and Union of Women Teachers took up his case when it emerged that the driver of the other car was uninsured. The award is thought to be the biggest secured by a teachers' organisation.

The ill-fated visit took place in 1989 but it took until this year to reach a settlement. The car carrying three sixth-form girls and another teacher was wrecked. The driver and pupils had minor injuries but it took two hours to free Mr Calvert from the car. Both feet and legs were broken. He later took early retirement.

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Spanish trawlermen's lawyer told: 'You never know, a new government might pay up'

Judge delays £80m fish quota case until after election

BY STEPHEN FARRELL

A CLAIM by Spanish fishermen for £80 million compensation from the Government for stopping them fishing in British waters was delayed yesterday until after the general election.

Department of Transport lawyers asked the High Court for five months to produce hundreds of files from six departments, including the Ministry of Agriculture and the Scottish, Welsh and Cabinet offices. They also wanted time for ministers and civil servants to consider public interest immunity certificates and legal and professional privilege.

Lawyers for 94 Spanish boats claimed that the cost to taxpayers could total £200 million in damages and interest if the courts added exemplary damages for breaking European law.

The test case arises from the 1988 Merchant Shipping Act, which stopped Spanish-owned boats registered in Britain from working after British fishermen's claims of "quota-



Gonzalez: confident of a Spanish victory

hopping". But in 1991 the European Court of Justice ruled that the Act was illegal and discriminatory.

At a preliminary hearing yesterday, Mr Justice Collins ruled that the case could not be heard until June, after the election. "If there is upheaval the relevant parties may have other things on their minds at the crucial times," he said. He also reminded David

Vaughan, QC, counsel for the fishermen, that a new administration might decide not to fight the claim. "You may find you do not need to pursue any proceedings if there is a change of government — you never know."

Stephen Swabey, the fishermen's solicitor, said after the hearing: "We are very disappointed that the Government cannot work faster to produce documents that have already been identified, but they convinced the judge, who has a lot of experience in this area."

Antonio Gonzalez, 43, a Spanish fishing vessel manager from Burela in Galicia, who has been based in Milford Haven for six years, is confident that the owners will win. Señor Gonzalez estimates that he lost £2 million when his four boats were prevented from operating for 18 months between April 1989 and November 1990.

"The European Court of Justice decided this matter and we abide by the law," he said. "If there is a law, that law applies to everybody. Our vessels were registered here in



The Spanish-owned trawler *My Friend* in Falmouth harbour yesterday. As a flag-of-convenience boat it has to tie up in a British port for eight hours eight times every year to qualify for a British fishing licence

1981 and we have the same rights as any British vessels."

Tony Baldry, the Fisheries Minister, promised to fight the fishermen's claims and push for EU treaty changes to end the "crazy situation" that permits quota-hopping.

But Gavin Strang, the Shad-

ow Agriculture Minister, accused the Government of failing to represent Britain's trawlermen. "The Government should now be working urgently in Europe to make allies of other members states who are keen to ensure that their national quota is protected from quota-hopping," he said.

Mike Townsend, Chief Executive of the Cornish Fish Producers' Organisation, said yesterday: "I am browned off and thoroughly fed up with the whole thing. All we want is the Government to come out of the Common Fisheries Policy."

Trevor Hawken, a Newlyn trawlerman, said: "The system stinks, so why shouldn't the Spanish milk a little bit more? They have been doing it for years. The EC is killing off the British fishing industry."

NEWS IN BRIEF

Gang sold £4.5m haul for £1,000

A gang stole aviation equipment worth £4.5 million and sold it for £1,000 as scrap. Portsmouth Crown Court was told yesterday. A quarter of the workforce of 360 at the aviation company raided in May was idle for a month while the company sought replacement equipment. Thomas Hodgkins, 20, paid £140 for his part in the break-in, was sent to a young offenders' institution for 15 months.

£5m flood relief

A £5.4 million flood relief scheme for Chichester, West Sussex, was announced by the Environment Agency. A new flood channel from the River Lavant will be cut. In the winter of 1993-94 flooding caused £6 million of damage.

Walkers found

Two teachers missing for two days while hill-walking were found on Merrick, a 2,770ft mountain in Dumfries and Galloway. Marion Watson, 53, and Charles Milligan, 47, both from Ardrossan, Strathclyde, said they had been lost.

Baby charge

Emma Gifford, 21, from Ashford, Kent, daughter of Michael Gifford, former chief executive of the Rank Organisation, has been charged with concealing the birth of a baby whose body was allegedly found in a freezer.

Pilot arrested

A pilot whose plane crashed in a field in Romford, east London, has been arrested on suspicion of drug smuggling. Police said 1 kg of white powder was found on board the light aircraft, which had run out of fuel.

Art brush-off

A chalk pavement drawing in Carlisle, commissioned by the council for an arts festival, was swept away by a street cleaner after passers-by complained of graffiti. Artist Timothy Appleby had spent two hours on the drawing.

Tories jostle for seat on Tunbridge Wells bus to Westminster

BY JAMES LANDALE

THE Kent town of Tunbridge Wells will be the scene of a furious contest next week between Tory MPs, councillors and business leaders for the latest chance to land a seat in Parliament.

More than 180 people applied for the seat when Sir Patrick Mayhew, the Northern Ireland Secretary and sitting MP, announced two months ago that he would be standing down at the next election. Although Tunbridge Wells's majority of 17,132 has been weakened by boundary changes, the seat remains a relatively secure passage to Westminster. According to electoral analysis, the

selected Tory candidate would win a majority of about 13,000 if people voted roughly as they did in 1992.

The Tory association has whittled the applicants down to 21 who will be interviewed over the next week. A shortlist of three will be put before a meeting of all party members on September 19. After speeches and questions, a ballot will be held.

Those still in the running include Alan Clark, 68, the diarist and former minister who has long regretted standing down at the last election, and Dame Janet Fookes, a Deputy Speaker at the House of Commons. Two other so-called "retread" MPs who have been deselected from their seats — Hartley Booth at Finchley

and Michael Stephen at Shoreham — have failed to make the shortlist.

Others with a better chance include David Campbell-Bannerman, special adviser to Sir Patrick. Not only does Mr Campbell-Bannerman, 36, have a strong political pedigree — his great-great-uncle was Prime Minister from 1905 to 1908 — but he also grew up in the area. Another key contender is Alex King, chairman of the Tunbridge Wells Conservative Association.

Also trying for the seat are Archie Norman, the chief executive and future chairman of the Asda supermarket chain, Paul Twyman, a director of the Nationwide Building Society, and David Skidmore, a

consultant surgeon who was made an OBE for helping people out of the Grand Hotel in Brighton when it was bombed by the IRA at the Tory party conference in 1984.

Tunbridge Wells has attracted many Tory MPs whose seats have disappeared or become marginal after boundary changes. Dame Janet's Plymouth Drake seat, renamed Plymouth Sutton, now includes Labour-supporting town wards. Michael Stephen's Shoreham constituency was split in three by the Boundary Commission and he failed to be selected for any of them.

Tunbridge Wells Tories must decide whether they want a young, dynamic candidate who will be able

to spend more time in the constituency than Sir Patrick, or a more mature candidate who will not indulge in too much anti-European, right-wing rhetoric. After Tunbridge Wells has selected, there will be few other chances for a seat. John Carlisle announced this week that he would stand down from Luton North at the election, but the seat is far from safe.

□ The Tories need a candidate for Tottenham after prospective contender Henrietta Royle was headhunted by an investment agency. She has been appointed chief executive of CeeNet, the Corporation of London's emerging investment agency. The Labour MP Bernie Grant holds the seat with an 11,968 majority.



Dame Janet: still in the running for seat



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Spy-watchers in Australia scrap over story of historian's Order of Lenin

BY DAVID BENTLEY

FIVE years after his death, Australia's most eminent historian is being demonised as a traitor, after allegations by a Brisbane newspaper, *The Courier-Mail*, that he wore the Order of Lenin.

Professor Manning Clark, who wrote *A History of Australia* and was named Australian of the Year in 1981, may have used his position to spread communist propaganda. The newspaper devoted eight broadsheet pages to his socialist credentials, citing Australian Security Intelligence Organisation files supporting the view that Clark was "communisticly inclined".

Not everyone is convinced. His son, Andrew, who edits *The Sun*

Herald in Sydney, told readers: "These claims are fabrications. They are based on malicious title-tattle."

Central to the controversy is Les Murray, a poet who allegedly saw Clark wearing the Soviet Union's highest honour at a dinner party. The story reached Peter Kelly, a retired journalist, who recalled a previous conversation in the Seventies with Geoffrey Fairbairn, a Canberra academic who had been upset by seeing Clark at the Soviet Embassy, apparently wearing the same medal.

Kelly, former press secretary to the Liberal politician William McMahon in the Sixties, held his silence for a quarter of a century out of consideration, he says, for Clark's family.

When a Melbourne academic, Stuart McIntyre, delivered the inaugural Manning Clark Memorial Lecture, "Who are The True Believers?" in 1994, Kelly decided that Clark had been canonised by the Australian Labor Party and blew the whistle.

Clark's followers were outraged and articles for and against him appeared in the press, questioning the authenticity of the insignia. A KGB double agent also stepped into the fray.

John Howard, the Prime Minister, said he disagreed with Clark's "black armband" approach to the past. Opposition leader Kim Beazley dismissed the claims as "oddball".

David Marr of *The Sydney Morning Herald* attacked *The Cou-*

rier-Mail's exposé as "evil guess-work" and "one of the greatest axe jobs in the history of Australia journalism". Bill Hayden, the former Governor-General, saw it as a piece of "outrageous self-indulgence".

For Professor Claudio Véliz, emeritus professor of sociology at Melbourne's La Trobe University, whose criticism of Clark's approach to history caused a stir in 1982, the allegations supported what he had been saying all along.

"What is really amiss about Clark, I suspect, is that deep within he did not like Australia and thought Australians a melancholy, bawling lot, but could not bring himself to say so." Meanwhile, the contentious medal is nowhere to be found.

Clark's widow, Dymphna, recalls her husband receiving a Soviet decoration when he visited Moscow in 1970 to deliver a lecture on Captain Cook. She does not think it was the Order of Lenin "or there would have been some hoo-ha". Another poet, Geoffrey Dutton, remembers Clark's Soviet medal as a commemorative gift that looked nothing like the Order of Lenin and was worn by the historian only as a joke.

Mr Murray, the only living witness to the wearing of the "gong", told *The Courier-Mail*: "Manning Clark himself drew attention to the medal by telling me that it was the Order of Lenin he was wearing. He said it was not what the students wear, 'it is the real thing'."



Clark, who died five years ago, has been called a traitor

Shop ban on album over gun sale lyric

FROM GILES WHITTELL IN LOS ANGELES

SHERYL CROW, the husky singer who rose to stardom with a song called *All I Wanna Do*, has so offended America's largest supermarket chain that it is refusing to sell her latest album.

The quarrel is over one of Ms Crow's lyrics, which says that Wal-Mart, which has 2,365 branches, sells guns to children. As she sings in *Love Is a Good Thing*: "Watch out sister, watch out brother, watch our children as they kill each other, with a gun they bought at the Wal-Mart discount stores".

Wal-Mart says it is boycotting the album for ethical reasons rather than self-interest. "Selling a record implying behaviour that is against all we stand for is something we just could not profit from," a spokesman said.

The chain continues to profit from gun sales, however. It stopped selling guns over the counter in 1994, but sells them through mail-order catalogues, which gun-control advocates say is a relatively easy way for youngsters to obtain deadly weapons.

Analysts say Wal-Mart might have sold up to 400,000 copies of the album, but Ms Crow and her label, A&M Records, have not indicated that they will change the offending lyric, which has won them free front-page publicity.

Investigators study sworn statement as Whitewater partner goes to jail

Disgraced Clinton aide denies slur against First Lady

FROM MARTIN FLETCHER IN WASHINGTON

DICK MORRIS, President Clinton's disgraced political strategist, has sent congressional investigators a sworn statement denying that he told a prostitute that Hillary Clinton was responsible for improperly requisitioning hundreds of confidential FBI files on Republican officials.

Mr Morris, who resigned after a newspaper disclosed his affair with the prostitute last month, said that an entry in her diary that quoted him as blaming a "paranoid" Mrs Clinton for requisitioning the files was inaccurate.

He said that he had told the prostitute, Sherry Rowlands, only that "everyone thinks it's Hillary". He said that comment was based on a private White House poll. "I have no personal knowledge or information from any source whatsoever as to who was responsible for ordering the FBI files," he added.

The statement to the House committee investigating the files scandal was the first time Mr Morris had admitted either his relationship with Ms Rowlands or discussing White House matters with her during their "pillow talk".

William Clinger, the committee's Republican chairman, had given Mr Morris until Monday night to confirm or deny the remarks attributed to him by Ms Rowlands. His statement was delivered a few hours before that deadline, but it was unclear whether it would satisfy the committee.

Mr Clinger said he would wait to see whether Mr Morris could provide records to support his claim before deciding whether to demand that he, and possibly Ms Rowlands, should give evidence in person before the committee.

Mr Clinger called Mr Morris's statement "just another in a long line of denials of involvement by the President or First Lady" that "does not get us any closer to finding out the truth" about who ordered the files or why. The White House said that there was no genuine evidence to suggest that Mrs Clinton was involved and portrayed Mr Clinger's investigation as an "opposition research operation" for Bob Dole's presidential campaign.

Noting that Ms Rowlands's diary extracts appeared in *Star* magazine, Mike McCurry, the White House press

secretary, said: "I did not know you sought the truth in supermarket tabloids."

In a separate development, Susan McDougal, the Clintons' former Whitewater business partner, spent her first full day in an Arkansas jail yesterday for refusing to give evidence against the President before a federal grand jury.

Ms McDougal had surrendered herself to US marshals on Monday morning and spent more than seven hours in a Little Rock courthouse cell before being moved to Faulkner county jail.

Ms McDougal was sentenced last month to two years in prison for accepting an illegal loan. She refused to tell the grand jury whether Mr Clinton had helped her to obtain that loan, claiming that Kenneth Starr, the White-water special prosecutor, was out to destroy the President. Her original prison sentence was due to begin on September 30, but she is now behind bars for contempt of court.

□ Perot's choice: Ross Perot, the Reform Party's presidential candidate, was expected to announce his running-mate on CBS television last night.



Susan McDougal leaves Little Rock courthouse in chains on her way to prison

US coast braced for another hurricane

FROM QUENTIN LETTS IN NEW YORK

THE great storm bowl of the Caribbean has produced another killer wind with Hurricane Hortense, which yesterday gathered force over the region's warm waters and appeared to be heading for the American mainland.

Hortense, the fourth hurricane this summer, left four people dead in Puerto Rico and yesterday hit the island of Hispaniola, which is shared by the Dominican Republic and Haiti. Ferocious rainstorms gave way to flash floods in the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico and on Hispaniola's north coast. Storm surges, mudslides and tornados accompanied the main storm.

The Turks and Caicos islands were placed on hurricane alert and in the American Virgin Islands the sale of rum was banned during the bad weather to prevent looting.

Forecasters predicted that the hurricane will gather force tonight and may arrive off Florida on Friday. There is expected to be a sharp right turn towards Georgia and the Carolinas. The coastal towns in those states were devastated last week by Hurricane Fran. Earlier in the season Hurricanes Bertha and Edouard left trails of damage.

An early estimate by the Insurance Information Institute put the damage caused by Fran as high as \$1 billion (£645 million). Federal relief continued to be distributed in the region and floods left low-lying regions, including Washington DC, resembling swamps. Jim Hunt, Governor of North Carolina, said that Fran had been "the worst disaster we have had this century".

□ Peking: Typhoon Sally killed at least 114 people and left 110 missing, many of them fishermen caught at sea, when it slammed into southern China this week, officials said yesterday. (Reuters)

Remains of Perón to be exhumed

FROM GABRIELLA GAMINI, SOUTH AMERICA CORRESPONDENT

A WOMAN who has been fighting a lengthy legal battle to prove that she is the illegitimate daughter of Juan Perón, the late Argentine President, won the right yesterday to have his body exhumed from a Buenos Aires cemetery so that DNA tests can be carried out.

Marta Holgado, 62, who bears a striking resemblance to Perón, hopes that the tests will prove that she is the rightful heir to fortunes he is believed to have hidden in secret Swiss bank accounts.

Señora Holgado, who lives in Madrid and is the author of a book called *Perón, My Father*, arrived in Buenos Aires late on Monday night and yesterday received unprecedented permission from a court to exhume the Pres-

ident's remains. He died on July 1, 1974, at the age of 78.

Señora Holgado started her legal battle to prove that her mother, Cecilia Demarchi, had been Perón's mistress when he was married to his first wife, and that she was conceived during that time. She claims to have met Perón and have pictures of herself with him as a child.

"My mother married a man called Eugenio Holgado in 1928 and they had a daughter who died in 1933. Soon after they separated, and it was at that time that my mother met the young Juan Domingo Perón," said Señora Holgado. Her claim has come as a surprise to most Argentines who had always believed Perón was impotent. Some have branded Señora Hol-

dago a gravedigger, saying she is just after the millions that Perón stashed away during the last years of his disastrous rule.

Perón was first elected President in 1945 with the backing of the military. He was deposed in 1955 and remained in exile until 1973 before he returned to Argentina for another year in office.

He had professed a mixture of populism and fascism, and founded a political movement which seemed to offer more to satisfy aspirations of the working classes than the traditional political elites. But his promise was lost amid authoritarianism, corruption and contempt for democratic

freedoms. However, he also attracted a cult following which is still strong today.

Perón's body has been at the centre of controversy before: prior to his burial someone cut off and stole both his hands, presumably for the fingerprints required to access secret bank accounts.

It seems unlikely that the court would have agreed to exhume the body without having substantial reason. Perón's third and last surviving wife, María Estela Martínez de Perón, a former dancer, who also lives in Madrid, has put up the most vociferous opposition to the exhumation. She is adamant that her husband was impotent.

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Investigators raid police as scandals widen in Belgium

FROM CHARLES BRENNER IN BRUSSELS

BELGIAN investigators yesterday carried out raids in which 23 people, including 11 police officers, were questioned in connection with the Dutroux case, the confessed paedophile murderer. All 23 were released later without charges, but police were examining documents seized in searches of their homes.

The raids around the southern city of Charleroi, including one at police headquarters, were part of an attempt by Michel Bourlet, the prosecutor, to unravel a stolen vehicle trade said to have involved Dutroux and to have been conducted with police complicity. One of the ten arrested in the Dutroux affair, Inspector Georges Zicot, is alleged to have provided vehicles to the child abductor.

Dutroux, 34, is held responsible for the torture and murder of two teenagers and two eight-year-olds. He is alleged to have been at the centre of a paedophile trade with international connections.

A parallel team of investigating judges in nearby Liège questioned Alain van der Biest, a former minister charged on Sunday with the murder in 1991 of André Cools, a former Deputy Prime Minister. The killing has blighted the Belgian political scene for five years. Willy Claes, the former head of Nato, is awaiting trial with three other former ministers in connection with a corruption scandal exposed by the murder investigation.

Mr van der Biest, a flamboyant novelist and literature professor, is alleged to have paid the Italian Mafia to shoot Cools, a senior figure in the French-speaking Socialist Party and political boss of Liège, in July 1991. Mr van der Biest insists he has been framed.

Coming amid the uproar over the Dutroux case, the sudden arrest of Mr van der Biest and four others over the Cools affair has compounded a crisis of confidence in Belgium's legal and political system. "Every revelation is feeding the revolution," *La Libre Belgique* said. "Belgians are asking what is rotten in the halls of justice."

King Albert II of the Belgians yesterday called for deep reforms to ensure a more effective and humane system of justice. In a move that took him beyond the bounds of his constitutional role, the King said that those involved in criminal investigations "must be encouraged to pursue their efforts to the end."

The remark was aimed at the judicial bungling and alleged obstruction in the Dutroux and Cools inquiries. The King handed Stefaan de Clercq, the Justice Minister, a "list of observations and questions" about the handling of the Dutroux case. With polls showing that 90 per cent of Belgians distrust the legal system, Jean-Luc Dehaene, the Prime Minister, promised on Monday to ensure full disclosure of the authorities' failure to take action earlier in both the Cools and Dutroux cases. "We have to investigate the investigation," Mr Dehaene said.

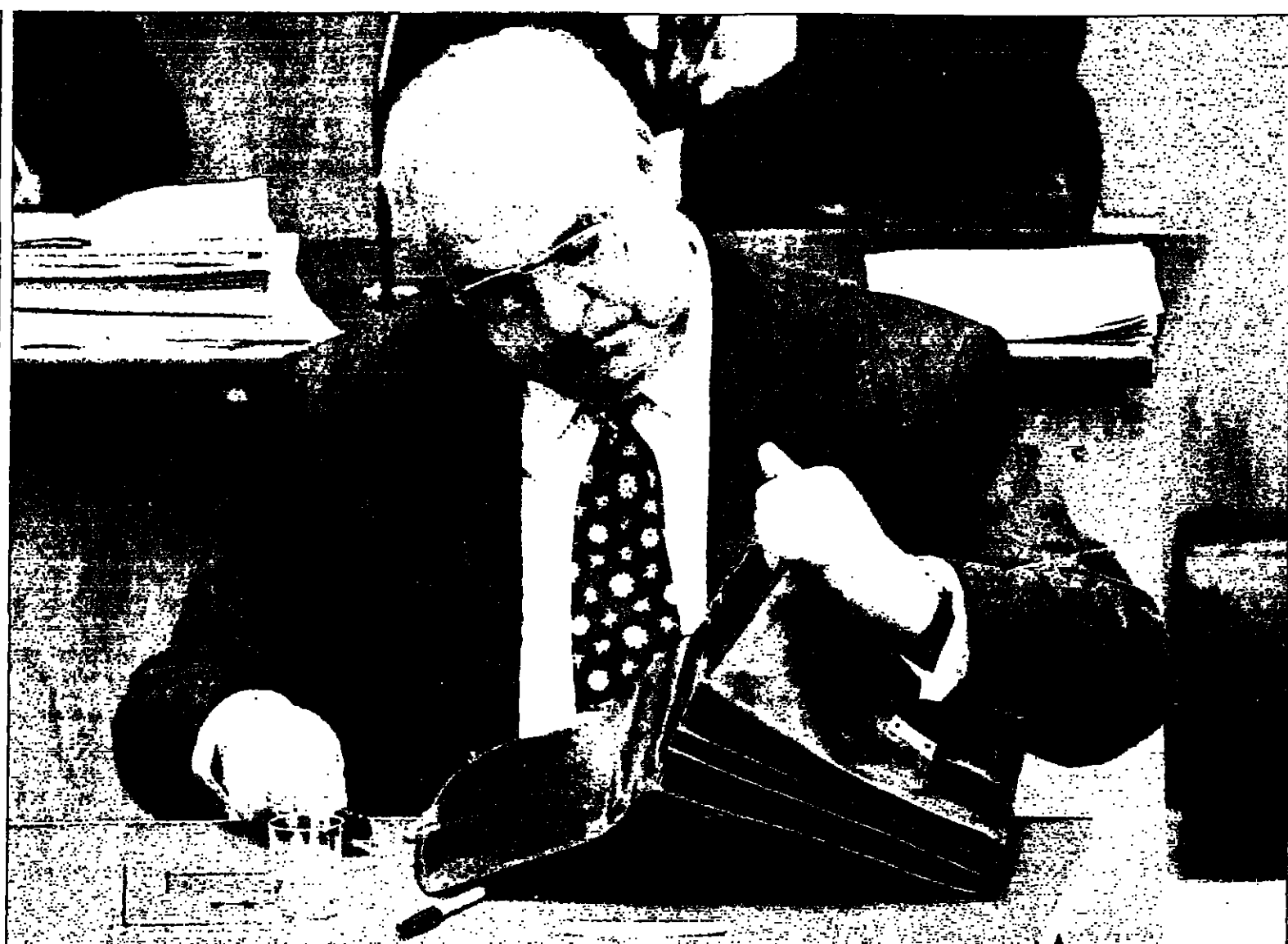
Prosecutors have so far cited no direct link between the Cools and Dutroux cases. However, a connection is being widely made by the media, as disclosures pour out on alleged cosy relations among politicians, police and criminals, including the Mafia, in the big cities of French-speaking southeast Belgium.

Adding to the sense of connection is the involvement of several judicial and police figures in both cases. Jean-Marc Connerotte, the investigating magistrate in charge of the Dutroux case, was at the centre of a storm two years ago when he was removed from the Cools investigation. Mr Connerotte, who is based in Neuchâtel, wrote to King Albert at the time saying he knew who the murderers were. He had earlier produced evidence that linked Mr van der Biest to the killings.

As a sub-plot in the two affairs, there have been allegations that investigating judges, who usually enjoy a link with one or other of the main Belgian political blocs, failed to pursue their cases with zeal or were removed when they did so. The police superintendent in charge of co-ordinating the Cools investigation since 1992 resigned from the post on Sunday after allegations he had mishandled the case.



Dehaene: promised full disclosure of failures



Helmut Kohl looks into his briefcase as budget details were announced yesterday. His Government is seeking sizeable spending cuts

Bonn faces four-day battle over austerity budget

FROM ROGER BOYES IN BONN

TO CATCALLS and gibes from the opposition, the German Government unveiled an austerity budget for 1997 which cuts federal spending in an all-out effort to qualify for European monetary union.

Theo Weigel, the Finance Minister, must shepherd the budget through a four-day debate this week and secure a parliamentary vote on separate spending cuts on Friday.

Although the Government is likely to survive that vote, the budget is giving ample ammunition to the opposition Social Democrats. The chance that Germany may miss the Maastricht criteria for monetary union and the sacrifices demanded by the Chancellor spell trouble in Bonn.

"You claim that the budget will meet the Maastricht criteria," thundered the opposition spokeswoman Ingrid Matthäus-Maier. "Wrong. The situation of the state finances is now truly dramatic."

The 1997 performance of the German economy will determine whether it is fit for European monetary union. Should it fall short, the whole project would be endangered. Herr Weigel and other government speakers pledged an "uncompromising adherence" to the Maastricht criteria, which include the need to keep the deficit to 3 per cent of gross

domestic product. Herr Weigel revised upwards the German growth estimate for 1996 from 0.75 per cent to 1 per cent and argued that the budget and austerity package would reduce Germany's deficit to 2.5 per cent of GDP in 1997.

According to figures he set out, the 1997 deficit should not exceed DM56.5 billion (£24.4 billion). But even the Government concedes that it could reach nearly DM70 billion. An idea that old age pen-

sions could be taxed has been floated as government planners search desperately for ways of boosting tax revenue.

The threat to pensions, more than any spending cut, has played into the hands of the Social Democrats, who for the first time sense that they may be able to win an election against Helmut Kohl on the basis of his Government's bad housekeeping. Trade unions have promised protests against the plans.

quash Kessler's earlier sentence and thus invalidate their own. "This is a political verdict," Baumgarten said as he was led out of the courtroom. The defence team argued that East Germany was merely exercising its right in international law to protect its sovereign borders. The judge, however, decided that the shooting of unarmed defectors violated human rights.

New documents discovered by investigators into the files of the East German Stasi secret police have given further muscle to state prosecutors. The papers show an exchange between top security chiefs in which it was recommended that nobody should be shot on the East-West border during the time of the World Youth Festival in 1973 in East Berlin, as it would have been bad publicity. That suggests there were clear shooting instructions and that all officers on border duty were involved.

Cardinal attacks 'Padania' scheme

FROM RICHARD OWEN IN ROME

THREE days before Italy's separatist Northern League begins its much publicised push for independence with a march, a senior Roman Catholic leader added the voice of the Church yesterday to the growing chorus of opposition to plans to declare "Padania" a separate state.

Cardinal Carlo Maria Martini, Archbishop of Milan, which the League considers one of its strongholds, accused the League of "adventurism and demagoguery".

Cardinal Martini did not name the Northern League or Umberto Bossi, its often crude and unpredictable leader. But his remarks in Milan cathedral were universally interpreted as being directed at the League in general and Signor Bossi in particular.

The cardinal said that those who sought secession from the state deluded their followers by holding out the false promise of "magic formulas" and "simplistic drastic solutions". Responsible politicians, he said, resisted all forms of "demagoguery and populism", which could have grave consequences. "No cultural or institutional model which sanctions social or territorial exclusivity is morally acceptable," he said.

La Repubblica said Cardinal Martini had put the Church "in the front line" of those defending the Risorgimento and Italian unity. In a response which will have offended many, Signor Bossi made a mock sign of blessing on television, saying: "Peace and blessings, Cardinal". An opinion poll in La Repubblica indicated that 63 per cent of Italians think Signor Bossi is a balloon.

Chernomyrdin takes charge as Yeltsin awaits operation

FROM THOMAS DE WAAL IN MOSCOW

PRESIDENT YELTSIN gave Viktor Chernomyrdin, his Prime Minister, new powers to run the Russian security ministries yesterday while he is on holiday before having a heart operation. But Sergei Yastrzhembsky, the presidential press secretary, said control of the "nuclear button" would remain with Mr Yeltsin.

All important decisions concerning the armed forces, Interior Ministry and intelligence services, normally a presidential preserve, will have to be "co-ordinated" with Mr Chernomyrdin for the duration of Mr Yeltsin's holiday, the press secretary said.

Yesterday's formula appeared to be a compromise designed to forestall a potentially dangerous power struggle while Mr Yeltsin is undergoing surgery. It effectively puts Mr Chernomyrdin in charge of running the country. If Mr Yeltsin remains ill and has to give up the

presidency, Mr Chernomyrdin will, according to the constitution, become acting President and have a head start in the race for the succession.

The new instructions also strengthen the hand of Anatoli Chubais, the presidential Chief of Staff and a political ally of Mr Chernomyrdin, who is effectively running the Kremlin at present. But it will not please Aleksandr Lebed, the ambitious national security adviser, whose policy domains, security matters and Chechnya, will now be encroached on by his rival, the Prime Minister.

A lot will depend on how quickly Mr Yeltsin recovers from his operation. If his recovery takes a long time, the fragile equilibrium between the different rivals could be destroyed.

The President, who is resting outside Moscow, is due to have a heart by-pass operation, probably within the next

month. The political complexities have arisen because of the vertical bias in the Russian hierarchy. There is no Vice-President, while the constitution is vague about the ground rules for how and when power should be delegated to the Prime Minister if the President is unable to carry on.

Mr Yeltsin, in an interview with the magazine *Izvestia*, sought to dispel the image of a remote, sick leader which has gathered around him since he was re-elected on July 3. He said he had decided to go public about his heart problems in order to reassure the Russian people that he was still in control.

"The times when the supreme 'boss' would appear once a year somewhere on the dais of the mausoleum and a faceless and nameless crowd of bureaucrats ruled the country have receded into the past with the communist regime, and I am convinced that they will never return," he said.

Swimming fraud won six medals

Budapest: Half of Hungary's swimming team, which won six Olympic medals, got to Atlanta on the basis of fictitious qualification times from an event never held.

Government officials yesterday confirmed newspaper reports of the fraud and blamed the Hungarian Swimming Federation for submitting the false records. Eleven of the 22-member Hungarian team had not attained Olympic qualification times at national and regional meets. So a phantom meet was held and imaginary times were entered, said Rezső Gallov, who heads the Government's National Gymnastics and Sports office.

Two swimmers were even disqualified for the sake of authenticity. MTI, the state news agency, said yesterday that Tamas Gyarmas, head of the federation, had resigned. Mr Gallov said those involved had to be called to account but no medals were in jeopardy. (AP)

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Their trial was regarded as the most complex of the hearings that have been held in Germany since the collapse of the Berlin Wall. The longest sentence, six-and-a-half years, was imposed on Klaus Dieter Baumgarten.

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The defence team argued that East Germany was merely exercising its right in international law to protect its sovereign borders. The judge, however, decided that the shooting of unarmed defectors violated human rights.

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Former generals jailed over shoot-to-kill orders at Wall

BY ROGER BOYES

SIX former East German generals were jailed yesterday for ordering border guards to shoot refugees trying to escape to the West.

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The generals do not have to go to prison until their appeal is heard. All are hoping that the constitutional court will

quash Kessler's earlier sentence and thus invalidate their own. "This is a political verdict," Baumgarten said as he was led out of the courtroom. The defence team argued that East Germany was merely exercising its right in international law to protect its sovereign borders. The judge, however, decided that the shooting of unarmed defectors violated human rights.

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Army's peace Pioneers raise the roof

BY MICHAEL EVANS DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

THE home of the honorary British consul in Dubrovnik has been an empty shell since it was damaged during an artillery attack five years ago in the early stages of the war in the former Yugoslavia.

Now, however, the two-storey farmhouse belonging to Sara Marojica, which overlooks the historic walled city on the Dalmatian coast, has been rebuilt by six British soldiers serving with Nato's Implementation Force (Ifor) in the Croatian port of Split.

Mrs Marojica, born in Liverpool but married to a Croat, has been able to return to her home for the first time since the war. The farmhouse has been in her husband's family for 500 years. The six soldiers were from 522 Squadron 23 Pioneer Regiment, part of

the Royal Logistic Corps. They learnt of her plight and offered to help. They succeeded in rebuilding the house to its prewar state in five weeks.

The honorary consul and her husband were forced to leave the house in the mountains above Dubrovnik after a shell fired from a ship in the Adriatic crashed through their sitting-room window and blew out the roof. The couple escaped unhurt and spent the next five weeks at an hotel in Dubrovnik amid heavy shelling. Many of the shells damaged buildings inside the city walls, some of which date back to the 14th century.

The attack on Dubrovnik, a United Nations heritage site, began in September 1991 and was carried out by Yugoslav forces from the Adriatic and the surrounding mountains. Later Mrs Marojica moved to the British consulate in Zagreb to continue her duties as

honorary consul. She and her husband tried to return to the house in 1993 but were shot at by snipers.

Mrs Marojica said: "Then out of the blue I received a telephone call from the British Army in Split. They had heard I had problems and asked if they could see for themselves."

Under the command of Second Lieutenant Brian Howard, the Pioneers drew up a work plan and five weeks later the job was done.

Mrs Marojica, who was awarded the MBE last year for her work in the former Yugoslavia, said: "The place looks wonderful. The Pioneers are a credit to the British Army. I will be sorry to see them go."

The soldiers from 23 Pioneer Regiment, normally based at Bicester in Oxfordshire, left her a Pioneer plaque to put on her walls once the house is redecorated.

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Dole criticises Clinton strategy after Sulaimaniya falls to Saddam's Kurdish allies

US warns of new strikes at repaired Iraqi sites

FROM TOM RHODES IN WASHINGTON

THE Pentagon said last night that President Saddam Hussein had ignored American warnings and was rebuilding air defence missile sites hit by American cruise missile attacks on southern Iraq.

This intelligence was divulged as the fall of Sulaimaniya on Monday left the Clinton Administration scrambling to refute criticism of last week's actions. The Republicans said that American credibility had been undermined and that Saddam had been left in control of northern Iraq for the first time since the Gulf War.

A Pentagon official said up to four surface-to-air missile sites had been supplied with new radars since the attack — in defiance of a warning by General John Shalikashvili, the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, that such moves could prompt renewed strikes. In two attacks last week, 44 missiles hit 15 Iraqi air defence systems.

"The violation will occur if they illuminate any allied aircraft, American, British or

French and they fire," the official said. "That would precipitate a strike from us."

The disclosures appeared to be an attempt to deflect attention from President Clinton's domestic difficulties over the decision to attack Iraq in the first place.

Bob Dole, the Republican presidential candidate, has seized on the latest evidence that Saddam helped Kurdish Democratic Party forces to overrun Sulaimaniya, the final stronghold of their rivals, the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan. He said the reports of continued strife and killings in northern Iraq, including the execution of Iraqi dissidents backed by Washington and the apparent entrenchment of Iraqi troops around Arbil, raised serious questions about whether Mr Clinton's strategy had advanced American interests in the region.

"In Iraq, as in Bosnia, the Clinton Administration should be careful about making claims of success that events on the ground may not substantiate, and about giving

assurances that it is unable or unwilling to fulfil, because the credibility of the United States is at stake," Mr Dole said.

Although America this week mounted an emergency effort to relocate hundreds of Kurds involved in the humanitarian relief programme in northern Iraq, Mr Clinton has launched no operation to rescue stranded Iraqi dissidents backed by the CIA. It was

reported yesterday that more than 100 CIA-backed opponents of Saddam had been executed months before the American raid.

Last winter the CIA targeted the group, the Iraqi National Accord, as the organisation with the greatest potential to topple Saddam, but it was infiltrated by Iraqi security in June and those in Iraq associated with the organisation

were "wrapped up", according to the Americans.

Another organisation, the Iraqi National Congress, has been almost defunct since the capture of Arbil. Some members have been executed. Despite the CIA's connections with the group, the White House made clear yesterday that it had no intention of helping to evacuate about 200 members still trapped in hos-

tile territory at the mountain fortress of Salahuddin.

The intelligence community in Washington, attempting to wash its hands of the situation, said a team of CIA officers secretly stationed in Salahuddin had provided ample advance warning to members of the Iraqi National Congress about the KDP attack. It appears that the agency had become disenchanted

with the organisation's inability to undermine Saddam.

Clearly concerned by growing criticism of its military efforts, the White House maintained that America's main concern was protecting the Kurdish population and ensuring that Iraq does not violate the no-fly zone.

Simon Jenkins, page 18
Letters, page 19



Guerrillas of the Kurdistan Democratic Party shout slogans as they drive through Sulaimaniya yesterday after expelling their rivals

WORLD SUMMARY

Ship full of sheep has sunk

Sydney: The search for an abandoned ship carrying 67,000 Australian sheep has been called off after the discovery of debris. This indicates the vessel has sunk, Lloyd Beeby, a spokesman for the Australian Meat and Livestock Corp, said yesterday.

The debris was found just before the four-day search for the *Uniceb* was called off north of the Seychelles. The crew abandoned the ship, en route to Jordan, after fire broke out. They heard two explosions as they drifted in lifeboats. There were no further sightings of the vessel, even though it was left in a busy shipping lane. (Reuters)

Archbishop burnt to death

Bujumbura: Monsignor Joachim Ruhuna, the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Gitega province in Burundi, was burnt to death when Hutu rebels ambushed his vehicle, an army spokesman said.

A deacon who arrived on the scene soon after the attack on Monday found the bodies of the archbishop and a nun on fire in their vehicle. (AFP)

Pope 'will not have check-up'

Rome: The Vatican denied a report that the Pope, 76, plans to undergo hospital tests this month to determine the cause of a recurrent intestinal illness. Joaquin Navarro-Valls, his spokesman, said last week that the illness could be linked to a 1981 assassination attempt when the Pope was wounded in the stomach. (AP)

Australia to get 180mph train

Sydney: Australian government ministers have finally approved a \$2 billion (£1 billion) project to build a 180mph train (Rachel Bridge writes). Bickering between state and federal governments has delayed for more than ten years the development of the train, which will run from Sydney to Canberra.

Senators hit at gay marriages

Washington: As a Hawaiian court began hearing a case that could lead to the legalisation of homosexual marriages in that state (Martin Fletcher writes), senators here were preparing to approve an Act that would let states disregard gay marriages legalised elsewhere in America.

Rafsanjani to visit Pretoria

Johannesburg: President Rafsanjani of Iran arrives in South Africa tomorrow for a state visit (Inigo Chilmore writes). He is on a six-nation African tour to win support for his Government, which is accused by America of sponsoring terrorism.

Hung up

Gaza City: Faced with a multi-million-pound bill, Yasser Arafat has barred Palestinian Authority officials from making overseas phone calls. One line reportedly ran up a bill of £212,000 in a month. (AP)

Iran begs for help with refugees

By MICHAEL THEODOPOULOU
IN NICOSIA AND
OUR FOREIGN STAFF

THOUSANDS of Kurds fled towards Iran yesterday as Iraq gloated that the victory of its Kurdish militia allies in the city of Sulaimaniya had restored Baghdad's power over the north and humiliated the United States.

Tehran implored the world to help it to cope with the exodus, saying that nearly 200,000 refugees were threatening to swamp its border. The United Nations said it expected 75,000 refugees to converge on the inhospitable

mountainous frontier. Iran has allowed about 100 sick and injured to enter the country but said it would refuse admission to more unless their lives were endangered by illness or hostile armed forces.

Underlining Saddam's renewed influence in the region, his Government declared an amnesty for Kurds who had lived under Western protection since Baghdad lost control of northern Iraq in 1991.

The amnesty has failed to convince most of Sulaimaniya's population not to flee, however. Saddam also announced the lifting of a

five-year-old trade embargo on northern Iraq.

"Obviously, he feels he's taming the north with the help of the KDP and is keen to show himself as a magnanimous leader," said a European envoy in Jordan. "But the Kurds know from their bitter history that it is a matter of time before he stabs them in the back again."

Predictably, the state-run Iraqi press gloated over Sulaimaniya's capture, which they presented as the worst setback for America since Vietnam. President Clinton was now like "a caged hyena, rushing around in search of a

way out," scoffed the daily al-Jumhuriya, adding that Sulaimaniya's fall had shattered the dreams of the "hashish chasers in the White House". Mr Clinton's policy on Iraq had brought Washington nothing but "humiliation, shame and disgrace", it said.

As Kurds fled towards the Iranian border a headmaster said: "We're afraid. We don't trust the Government of Saddam Hussein."

Although there were no uniformed Iraqi troops in Sulaimaniya, Kurds fear Saddam's notorious secret police will soon establish a presence.

Netanyahu rejects US peace calls

By TOM RHODES
IN WASHINGTON AND
CHRISTOPHER WALKER

BINYAMIN Netanyahu, the Israeli Prime Minister, has brushed aside American calls for prompt action to revive the Middle East peace process, but said yesterday he was more optimistic about reaching an accord with the Palestinians than with Syria.

Insisting that he was determined to pursue peace with Syria after talks with President Clinton, Mr Netanyahu had rejected Administration calls to pull out Israeli troops from the West Bank city of Hebron. He said his Government was not bound by the previous Israeli Government's informal land-for-peace agreement with Damascus.

Mr Netanyahu told 'businessmen in New York yesterday: "At a certain point we will discover whether Syria is interested in peace. I'm more sanguine about the Palestinian plan."

Damascus, meanwhile, said Mr Netanyahu had put another nail in the peace process's coffin. The official Al-Baath newspaper said Israel must recognise that the Golan Heights should be returned to Syria.

Israel acts to weed out Russian mafia

FROM CHRISTOPHER WALKER IN JERUSALEM

ISRAELI police have drawn up a list of 35 leading members of the Russian mafia living in the Jewish state and have asked that Eli Suissa, the Interior Minister, take prompt action to deport them.

According to police sources, the suspects are involved in a wide range of criminal activity including arms smuggling, the illicit sale of radioactive material, gambling networks, white slavery and international prostitution. Equally worrying from the point of view of Israel's future is the claim that they have been using vast sums of cash generated by the mafia in the former Soviet Union to buy off local and national politicians.

Yesterday Israel Radio reported that the Palestinian police had also launched a crackdown on Russian mafia activities, ordering a halt to the building of a big casino and hotel complex in the newly autonomous Jericho region after intelligence reports that underworld figures from the former Soviet Union had infiltrated the scheme designed to attract gamblers from Israel, where casinos are banned.

The extent of the penetration by the Russian mafia of Israeli

society, disclosed in a rash of police-inspired media reports, has shocked many Israelis. According to one senior police officer, at least £25 million of the estimated £19 million ferried out of former Soviet Union by the mafia and its rivals in recent years is thought to have been invested in Israel.

Asked whether claims that Israel could be put in a situation similar to that faced by America earlier this century, when underworld figures had much control over national life by means of their political influence, Moshe Shahal, the former Police Minister, told Israel Radio: "Yes, it is relevant." He would not be drawn further, saying that it was a matter for the police to handle.

According to police sources, the list of suspects was first handed to Avigdor Kahalani, the Internal Security Minister. The move came after a Cabinet briefing two weeks ago on the rise in organised crime in the country. Most of this is in the hands of former Soviet citizens, known generically as the Russian mafia although some come from Ukraine and other parts of the former Soviet Union.

Red tape smothers mixed romance

By CHRISTOPHER WALKER

A STAR-CROSSED love affair between an Arab man and a Jewish woman, which began nearly 45 years ago, has been blighted again by threats of exile for three of their children after hopes that the 1994 Israeli-Jordanian Peace Treaty had at last brought the family happiness.

The family's plight has touched hearts on both sides of the Arab-Israeli divide and led to pressure on the Israeli Ministry of Interior to bend its usually rigid bureaucratic procedures.

Yediot Aharonot reported that the roots of the muddle go back to the ancient crusader port of Acre, in Israel, where in 1952 Waneta Cohen, a young Jewish girl of Bulgarian extraction, became pregnant by her 18-year-old Muslim neighbour, Hassan Anthawi. Both youngsters were disowned by their parents and Hassan was jailed for statutory rape. But after his release the couple escaped to Jordan, leaving behind their baby daughter to be raised by Waneta's relatives.

They might have remained in Jordan but for the 1994 treaty signed by the late Yitzhak Rabin, Israel's Prime Minister, and King Hussein which prompted them to try to return to their families, who had forgiven them and wanted them to return.

A year ago, according to friends, permission was granted for the couple to return to Israel with their three sons, aged 26, 23 and 20,

to be reunited with their families and their daughter. The return was made possible when a senior rabbi, Bakshi Doron, announced that Waneta was still Jewish despite her conversion to Islam and that her children were also Jewish and therefore could immediately come to Israel, although they had all been born in Jordan.

In 1995 the family settled in Acre, and all went well until about six months ago when Hassan was taken into hospital. The youngest son, Yusef, asked to go to work to help the family. Under Israeli law he needed a work permit.

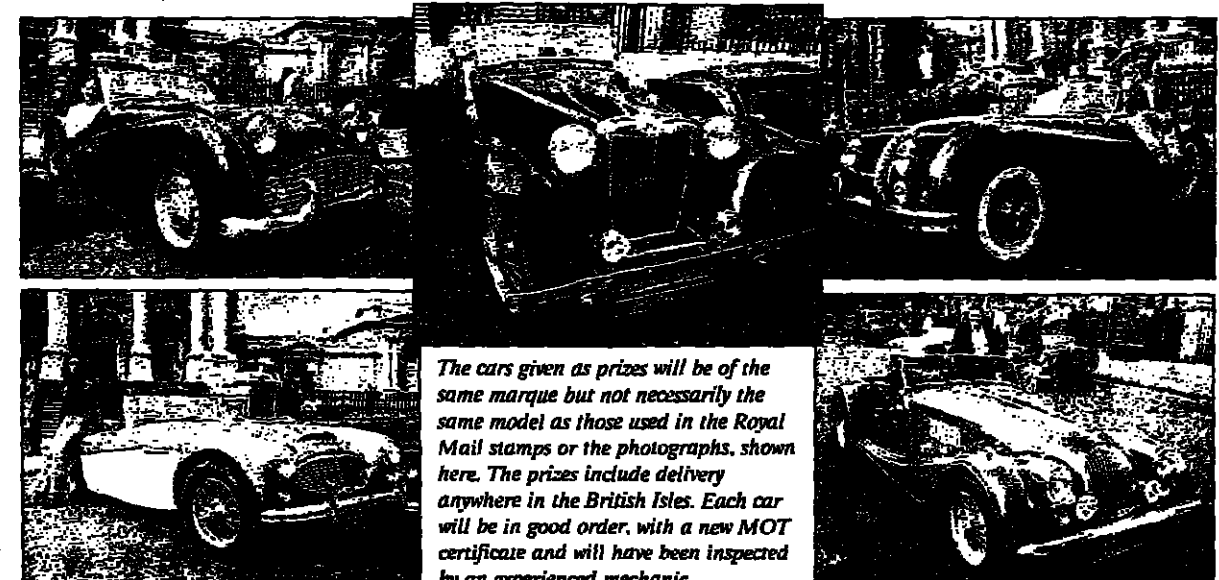
But when Waneta approached the Ministry of the Interior for the document, she was told that the temporary residence permits her child-

ren held as Jordanian citizens had expired and that all three would be deported to the Palestinian refugee camp in Jordan from which they had come. The parents, as Israeli citizens, were allowed to stay. An Interior Ministry spokeswoman said: "The issue is being looked into."

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FREE limited-edition first day covers

Royal Mail marks British motoring's celebration of two centuries this year with a set of five special stamps to be launched on Tuesday, October 1, ranging in denominations from 20p to 63p. There is more to a stamp than just an attractive design as 60 million collectors know. An Edward VII sixpenny stamp issued in March 1904 and overprinted with the words IR OFFICIAL, is worth about £85,000 in mint condition.

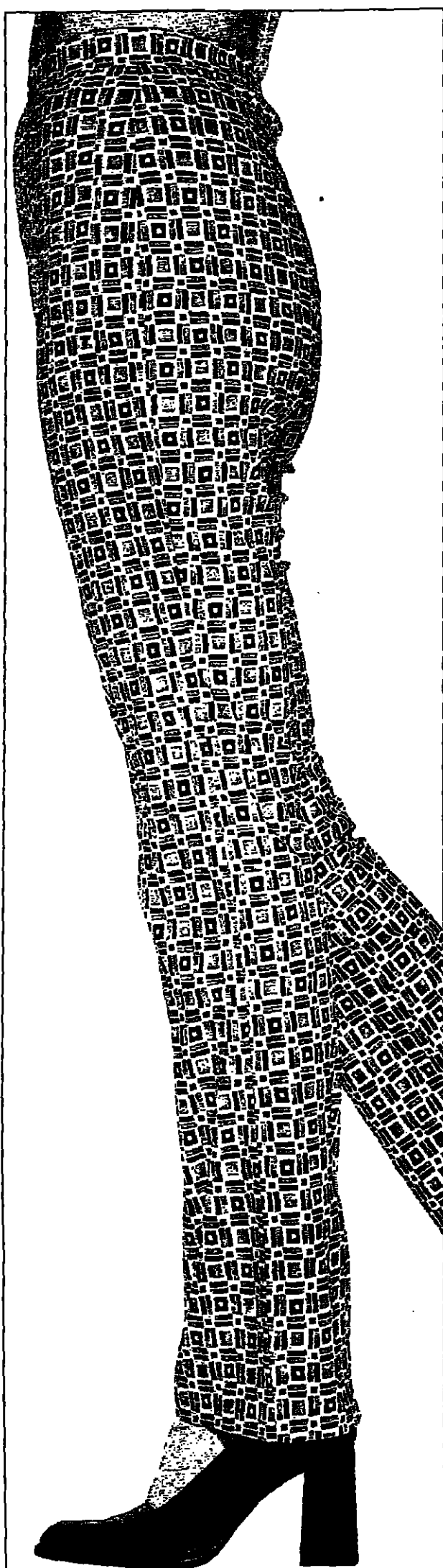
● Presentation packs, first day covers, postcards, and the Classic Sports Car stamps are available by post from the British Philatelic Bureau: call 0345 641 641 (Mon-Fri); and most Post Offices — for more details call 0345 22 33 44. First day covers are also available from BPCPA: 0181 886 6744



CHANGING TIMES

تکذا من الأصل

Making a comeback with flare



Flared trousers are staging a return this autumn says Style Editor, **Grace Bradberry** but this time in the shape of the highly flattering bootcuts

Flares have been flapping around for several seasons now, but only the very tall and lean have so far dared to buy them.

And with good reason. They have an unerring ability to distort the body, shortening legs and widening hips. But this autumn, flares really are making a comeback, though in a modified form. Bootcut trousers, so called because they kick out at the hem to allow room for high heels or boots, have made a comeback.

So what's different about bootcuts? Quite simply, they are flattering. The best ones elongate the leg, slim the thigh, and create a flat stomach. Worn long over the foot, they allow for a pair of heels, lengthening the legs still further.

This season's definitive pants were by Gucci. But they were also seen stalking the catwalk shows of Chanel, Anna Molinari and others, making already tall models look as though they were on stilts.

Joseph Ettedgui, the designer who heads the Joseph empire, has made something of a specialty of the cut. The fabric, he declares, is crucial. "The ideal fabric is not particularly traditional, but rather fluid, with a bit of body. Stretch is important."

For daytime, Joseph has taken what appear to be traditional tailoring fabrics, but mixed them with stretch fibres, so that the trousers hold their shape while following the body's curves.

As a result, the shape can be sharply defined. "For this winter, they should be worn quite tight," says Joseph. "And the kick should definitely begin just below the knee."

But the most important point to look for when buying bootcut trousers is that they actually fit at the thighs. Too tight, and they'll create a sausage effect, with the leg bulging out between the knee and hip.

Whatever you choose to wear with the trousers, it should continue the long line. Slim-fitting shirts and turtle necks work well, but if you want to de-emphasise the bust then a jacket is probably the best option.

The one by Joseph (shown in the main picture), is short, neat and has a slightly shrunken silhouette.

Leathers and suedes are everywhere this autumn, but beware anything too heavy as they will thicken the legs and blur the effect of what should be a sharply defined shape.

Finally, if you're looking for something more casual than the trousers featured here, then Levi's have brought back their classic boot-cut jeans at around £50 a pair, though different stores carry different prices.

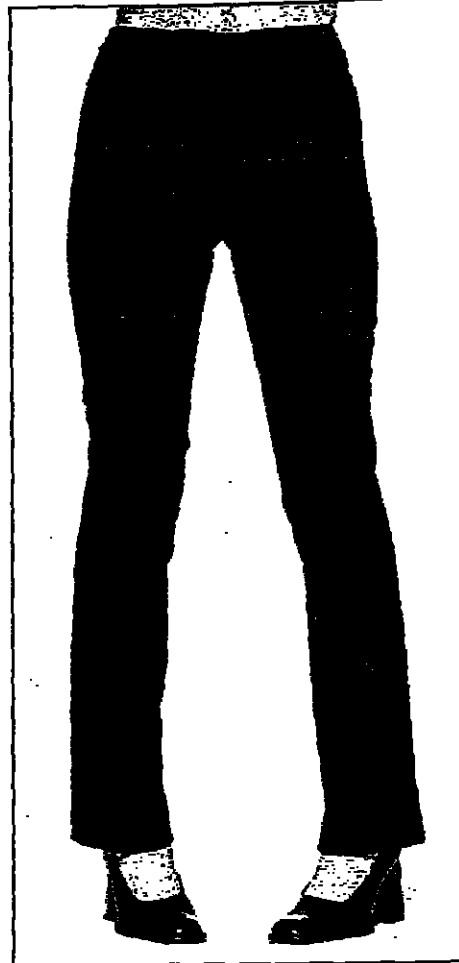
And Farah trousers, skeletons in the cupboard of Seventies adolescence, are also back, with what they describe as "a new look for the chemical generation".

Naf Naf green stretch cotton optical print trousers, £49.95. (0171-580 7463).

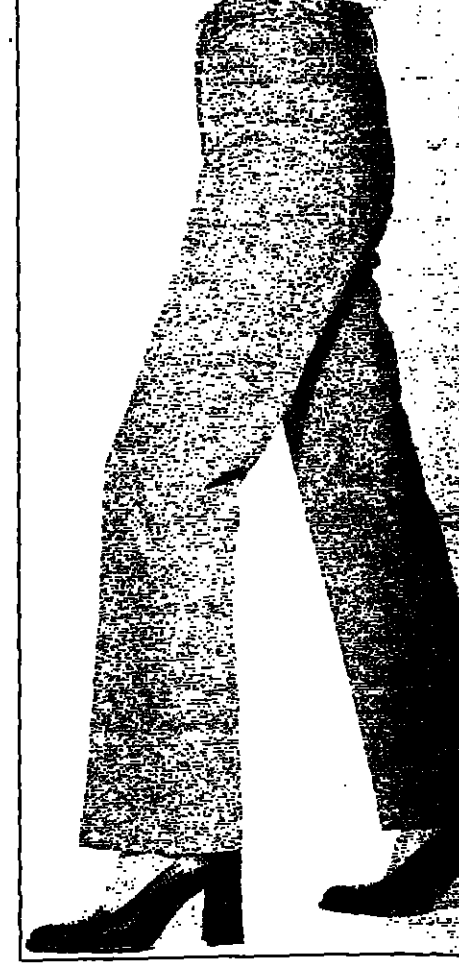
Photographs: MANN and MAN Models: Jayne Windsor, Select Hair and make-up: Alex Babaly Fashion Assistant: Bola Siwoku



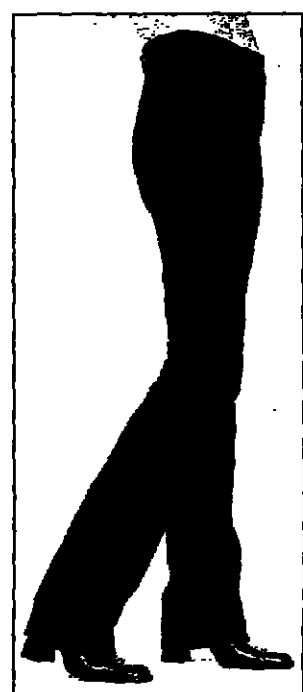
French Connection maple stretch bootcut hipsters with a jeans-like look, £80. 249 Regent St, W1.



Kookai brown stretch velvet hipster, cut from heavy cotton with Lycra, £49.99. Available from high street branches nationwide.



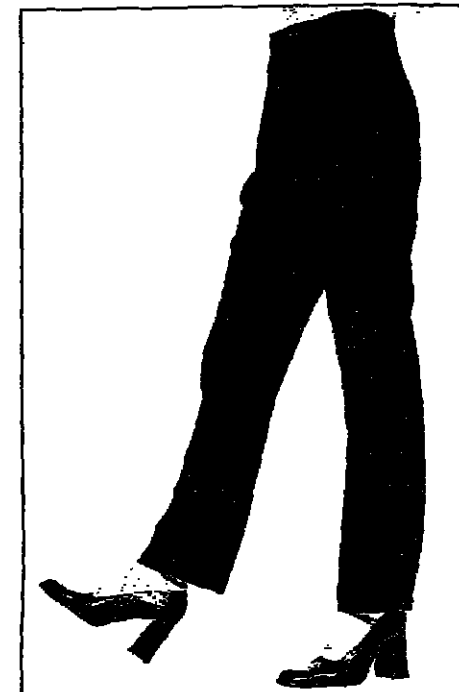
Jigsaw flat-front herringbone trousers with low-cut waistband and hip pockets, £72. 126-127 New Bond St, W1, and 39-43 King St, Manchester.



Plein Sud burgundy trousers, £169. Harvey Nichols, Knightsbridge, SW7



Whistles black/grey stripe wool twill trousers with very low waistband, £110, 27 Skene Sq, SW1. Also at 9 High St, Oxford.



Dorothy Perkins chocolate brown boot cut gaberdine trousers with a narrow waistband and a hint of flare, £25, branches nationwide.

THE VERDICT

FRENCH CONNECTION: Front pockets and belt loops on waistband give a jeans-like appearance to these. Cut short in the leg to stop above the ankle with a kick at the hem.

KOOKAI: Deep waistband which fits low on hips. Cut from heavy cotton with Lycra which ensures a very close fit. Short leg length reveals the ankle. Good as an everyday basic trouser.

JIGSAW: A well tailored herringbone tweed trouser, cut slim but not too tight on leg. Low-cut waistband, belt loops, practical hip pockets and a back pocket. Generous leg length which can be worn with any height of heel. An excellent work trouser.

PLEIN SUD: No waistband. Low cut on hips. Can be worn belted. Cut extremely long in the length, so requires a high heeled shoe. A pronounced flare from knee to hem gives a dramatic and very flattering silhouette.

WHISTLES: Black/grey stripe wool twill with very low waistband. The pleated front effectively slim and lengthen the leg. Extra long length and designed to be worn with a high heeled boot or shoe.

DOROTHY PERKINS: Gaberdine trousers with a simple styling and a narrow waistband. Cut loose on the leg with a hint of flare. Let down by the thinness of fabric.

NAF NAF: Green stretch cotton print trouser. Very slim fitting casual trouser cut to hug the hips. Unusual front patch pockets on hips and back. It provides a very flattering silhouette.

BOLA SIWOKU

Catwalk glam or sleek slick?

FRANCOIS Nars specialises in dramatic, movie-star looks for the catwalk, and is the latest in a string of make-up artists to introduce his own-label products to Britain.

The Nars range is for women who want to make an impact and are interested in fashion-show life. His Khaki and Togo eye colours featured in the Valentino and Istante shows, while Fuji (forest green) and Moulin Rouge (deep plum) dominated Ferretti and Philosophy.

The range isn't cheap. An eyeshadow duo costs £22, while sheer lipsticks, with names like Barbarella and Belle du Jour, are £15.50. From Space NK, 41 Earlham Street, Covent Garden, London, tel: 0171-379 7030.

SLICKED back hair is the style to have this autumn. It may look simple but, frankly, it's a real performance. First you need to dry the hair straight, then apply just enough and no more of a

suitable finishing product. The truly fashion-conscious should look for Oribe Pommes (pronounced Or-bay), which come in two quiff-creating strengths and are priced £8.50.

For real fashion victims, there are eight different colours for the antithesis of the natural look. These tint the hair then wash out, and cost £9.50. Available through Beauty Quest, a new mail-order club. Tel: 0541 505 000, or from Space NK.

COTSWOLD COLLECTIONS

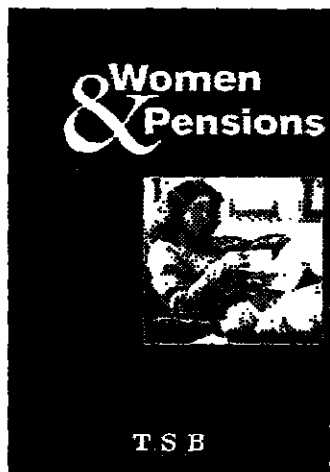
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مكتبة من الأصل



Despite their early friendship, Dr Runcie believed that if Terry Waite "was going to be an international negotiator, he oughtn't to be on my staff"

Terry always enjoyed the centre stage

Meeting Terry Waite for the first time, I was not prepared for his size — he towers above everyone and is broadly built. At times he indulged in the relaxed bullying that a very big man can afford. I liked this side of him, but was less comfortable with what I soon found myself labelling his "holiness" — a solemn and self-consciously "religious" manner into which he was always slipping, quite unlike anything that I had experienced with Runcie.

I asked Waite why he had never been ordained. "For a very simple reason. I don't believe I have a priestly vocation. I have valued the freedom to move and work in a variety of ways..." Did he feel, early on, that some great task was waiting for him, did he have a sense of looking for a dramatic role? "I don't believe so, although I've always been drawn towards situations that are very difficult, virtually impossible."

With hindsight, his extraordinary career as a superman liberator of hostages begins to look like a calculated reaction to Runcie's fence-sitting. "I'd never thought of that," said Waite. "If we look at the hostage episodes, it was quite clear that there was a point of very considerable principle."

Also it became clear over Beirut that the Foreign Office was not getting anywhere, and knew very little, and would value an involvement by us. It seemed to me that if we claimed to be the Church of England, and not a sectarian group... we ought to do it. And if we were to do it, we ought not to turn back when the going got tough."

At what point did he feel Runcie's support for him was waning? "Well, we were not having early success. We were in touch with Syria, we were in touch with the Lebanese, we were in touch with... oh, dozens of people, but nothing really seemed to be moving. And I think Robert felt, look, we're not really getting far... We deliberately chose the strategy of going public, of giving

The Runcie Biography: Humphrey Carpenter reveals that when Terry Waite's life was on the line in Lebanon he felt a lack of support from the Archbishop



In February 1981 Terry Waite aided the release of three Anglican hostages from Iran

myself a public profile, in order to get a response from kidnappers... But I think Robert thought I was making it too much of a personal crusade. And that would be a fair criticism."

I told Waite what Runcie had said to me: "Waite was initially a good friend and a good companion, and he worked well together. But he always enjoyed centre stage; he was what Oliver North once called a 'grandstander' — but for forgivably so. Of course it was totally absorbing to him, but if he was going to be an international negotiator he oughtn't to be on my staff."

Did Waite think this was fair comment? "No, I don't think it is, entirely. If he didn't want to get involved in it, he ought to have said so very clearly. In which case I could have said, 'Very well, in that case I resign, and I'll do it from another base.' I was quite prepared to do that. Once the American arms for hostages deal was exposed, I had to go back to Beirut, to demonstrate my good faith to the kidnappers. And what would it say to men who were in prison [they actually wrote to the Archbishop saying: 'Please help us'] if

we said, sorry, we're pulling out because it's too tough? ... So I went back. I said, 'I damn well will, even if this costs me my life. That may sound arrogant, but I was willing because it was so important.' In a sense, the half-heartedness of Runcie's support had made him go even further? "Absolutely. I admit to certain uncharitable thoughts, when I was... in the Lebanon... And my life was on the line every day. And I thought, am I really supported from home? And I wasn't."

In the review of Waite's *Taken on Trust*, Robert Fisk, who had been *The Times* correspondent in Beirut during the hostage crisis, is very sceptical about Waite's position over Iran. He writes: "After talking to the State Department he [Waite] banged down the phone with the words 'Bastards!' Even at that early stage, it seems, the Americans were two-timing Terry Waite."

I asked Waite what his feeling had been when the Iran story broke. The picture he paints of North in his book is so cloak-and-dagger that it can scarcely have surprised him to see North's double-dealing revealed. "... My feeling was one of absolute sickness, because I realised that there was a chance here of myself being compromised, of the whole thing collapsing totally... I mean, that's why I got on the phone to him immediately." He actually phoned North? "Yes, and asked him what the hell was going on. He simply said 'Oh don't worry, I'll be all right.' I suggested to Waite that it was fair to say that he had left a lot of questions unanswered in his book, *Taken on Trust*.

One was that while Waite fully described the physical discomforts of captivity, and the psychological uncertainty, I didn't get the feeling of absolute and utter despair which he must, surely, have felt at least from time to time. "No, I didn't. I don't think I did feel absolute and utter despair... I said to myself, as I say in the book, death would be preferable to this living death. But I didn't particularly want to die in those circumstances, with my family and friends not knowing how I died."

Another area he didn't go into in the book was his relations with the other hostages when they were confined. "I have two reasons for that. One is that the book was written in my head, in captivity; it's primarily a book written from solitary. And when you move from solitary to be with others, a very different process takes place — you're into personal communication. The book, in a sense, ends when I join the others."

I could understand his not wanting to write about the others. But there must have been quite a lot of conflict between them all: surely that was when he must have learnt most about himself, seeing himself as they saw him? "Yes, there was conflict, but I don't think it was necessarily the conflict that one could really get hold of, because almost for the whole of that final year I was sick... And a chronic irritation to the others because of it."

But did he have the experience, confined with the others, of seeing himself through other people's eyes? "Oh yes, of course. It's the most terrible thing. I'm not blind to that. I know my own failings."

I told Runcie I was puzzled that Waite could convince himself that he could spend the rest of his life sitting in his cottage in Suffolk writing books. Runcie replied: "He wants to be in action again."

Edited extracts from Robert Runcie: *The Reluctant Archbishop*, by Humphrey Carpenter, published next month by Hodder and Stoughton, £20. ©1996 Humphrey Carpenter

Smacking problems for step-parents in the new family order

Everyone knows what they think about the thumped boy who is taking his case to Europe. The row chugs on, covering all-too-familiar tracks. We are familiar with the arguments: the anti-smackers champion his case, seeing in it hope that the smacking of children will, finally, be outlawed over here. Smackers denounce all this modern, soft, curo-folly, shaking their heads and sorrowfully wishing that reason and authority will prevail.

But neither reaction is to the point here. This is not a case about whether parents should or should not be allowed to smack their children. The difficulty, however, is that it is always difficult to stay out of that particular argument. It is so tempting to weigh in, to remark that even pro-smackers might see that going at a child regularly with a stick is beyond the realms of "reasonable chastisement", that it does not even constitute smacking.

John Major's contribution here is notably flawed. God, how depressing it is to have as one's Prime Minister a man who says: "My children were dealt with at home by Norma and I in a way that was appropriate and personal to them." If you think it is the thought that counts, then you might concede him this one — but by Norma and I?

If this case were simply about what rights parents have over their children and what rights the state has over parents, we could gaily carry on down this particular road. But this would be spectacularly to miss the point: this case is not about the family but about the step-family, an entirely different matter.

With more than half of all first marriages (and a notable chunk of second marriages) ending in divorce, the step-family is the new norm. And because it has become so familiar, we think we are at home with the new rules. We are not. And they are different. That should, surely, be recognised.

To some extent we do acknowledge this extraordinary sensitive difference, although not explicitly. I think, though, that it is shown in the nervousness with which we are conducting this debate, the way we skirt around the details. That it was the stepfather wielding the stick is certainly mentioned, as is the fact that the boy's natural father is supporting his son's action. But there is a curious silence about the implications of all this. Oh, perhaps it is insinuated that there might be a little tension there, some conflict. But let's take it out of the personal arena. The relationship between the two husbands, one ex, one current, in this case, is not in itself the point. But we are right to look at the relationship, generally, between a child and a step-parent. We are wrong to presume that, give or take a bit of blood, things are the same or ever could be.

Theoretically, one could insist that there is no difference who is wielding the stick. I am not sure I would want to argue the toss, but I think we are right to feel nervous about any step-parent's chastisement of a child. We do not own our children but we are responsible for them, and I mean viscerally so, rather than simply legally. There are many real fathers who beat their children — the blood ties does not ensure better treatment — but we understand the often murky depths of the bond between parent and child. What is the bond between step-parent and child? Why should one even exist? The relationship is between the adults.

We are all well-versed in the horrors of the evil stepmother.

Whatever the judges decide, who makes the rules when slapping adult and slapped child are unrelated by blood?

Reading children's stories to my daughter, I am appalled at the intensity and frequency of her depiction. The cruel stepfather is largely absent from the children's canon, but the stories that do exist tell us enough about a child's fear of betrayal in the home.

To be sure, one must presume that on the whole a child's experience of step-parents is not a tortured one, although there are bound to be difficulties. A mother of unruly children might well,

in a number of familial matters must also now be up for inspection. When, in November last year, someone in the photographic department of Boots went to the police about some photos taken of Julia Somerville's naked child, the debate that followed was predictable. Was childhood innocence dead and buried? Must we see pornography everywhere? Must our minds be clouded by the obscenities of child abuse?

Of course, the man behind the counter had no idea who had taken the photos, so that could not colour his judgment. But again, there seemed to be some nervousness about the public reaction later. No one said as much — and I don't mean to imply any inappropriate behaviour in this instance — but I think we all felt that we were less sure of the rules when it involved an unofficial stepfather in the house.

Again, I don't need telling that men have, since time immemorial, interfered with their daughters. But I do believe that our increasing sensitivity about the sexual abuse of children is due to the increasing number of step-families. What taboos really exist between step-parent and child? None — for all the biblical proscriptions — that protects either of them.

In discussing these situations as if the words father and stepfather were all but interchangeable, we are denying the way in which the roles differ. I have often thought that the terms stepfather and stepmother are fundamentally unhelpful. They blur the fact that there is no necessarily parental relationship there at all. There is a sexual relationship between one of the child's parents and someone else: the children involved might have a close relationship with the partners of either parent, but that does not make those partners Ersatz or additional parents. Indeed, the most successful step-relationships exist when neither party makes such a claim.

This is not to discredit the set-up that might now exist — I know from my own experience that there are pleasures and benefits, too, in the modern extended family — but we have to accept that things have changed and the law, too, should take this into account. Perhaps this is too cynical, but I cannot help thinking that with such a large part of the electorate consisting of step-families, we are a long way from seeing any politician with his eye on his vote doing anything to acknowledge these new dangers or to tackle the new taboos. It is up to us. And maybe it is better that way — only we cannot, must not, shirk it.



Nigella Lawson

after exhausting years as a single parent, like to have a man around to take them in hand. That is, after all, what she will have been told they need (I would concur, with the proviso that the man they need is their father). She might be grateful to be taken on and taken in together with the children (we are sensitive enough about paternity to have, culturally, a shared nervousness about one man's acceptance of another man's child) and might be relieved to be given support in disciplining them.

But her children, surely, would be right to resent this interloper, to wonder what right he has to tell them what to do, to take parental responsibility for them, let alone to hit them. To the mother it might look generous, to the child it would inevitably seem mean.

We, too, are right to question the appropriateness of such behaviour. But then, what is or is not appropriate

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Alan Coren



Man has a new best friend, but the police don't want to know

I do not want to write this piece. Not only is it going to be a really gruesome piece, which means that many of you will not want to read it — especially if it is your habit to prop *The Times* against the cruet set while you spoon down your morning roughage — but it is also going to be the sort of piece which generates sackfuls of replies, many of them written in the spidery hand and emerald ink of the completely demented.

That is because the piece is about cats. You will therefore instantly appreciate that though neither I may want to write it nor you to read it, duty miaoows. For British cats are suddenly more important than they have ever been, not simply for themselves but for their prime position as cultural signifiers, now that their population, as of this year's pet census, outnumbered, for the first time, that of dogs. I do not know why this has happened, they do not fetch our slippers, they do not bite our burglars, they do not even bring our sticks back, yet nonetheless cats have now achieved a national significance second, quadrupodally at least, to none.

But it is not, it seems, significant enough. I know this because, when I went to my gate this morning to collect the milk, there was a dead cat in the road. At some earlier point it had been flattened, and it was all too pitifully evident that the later the morning had grown, the flatter had grown the cat, so that matters had now reached a point where some kind of expert would be required to separate it from the tarmac. And, furthermore, to notify the bereaved. So I rang the police.

To discover, to my astonishment, the insignificance of what is now man's best friend. For while the police will pull out all the official stops to deal with a dead, or merely missing, dog, when it comes to cats, *de minimis non curat lex*.

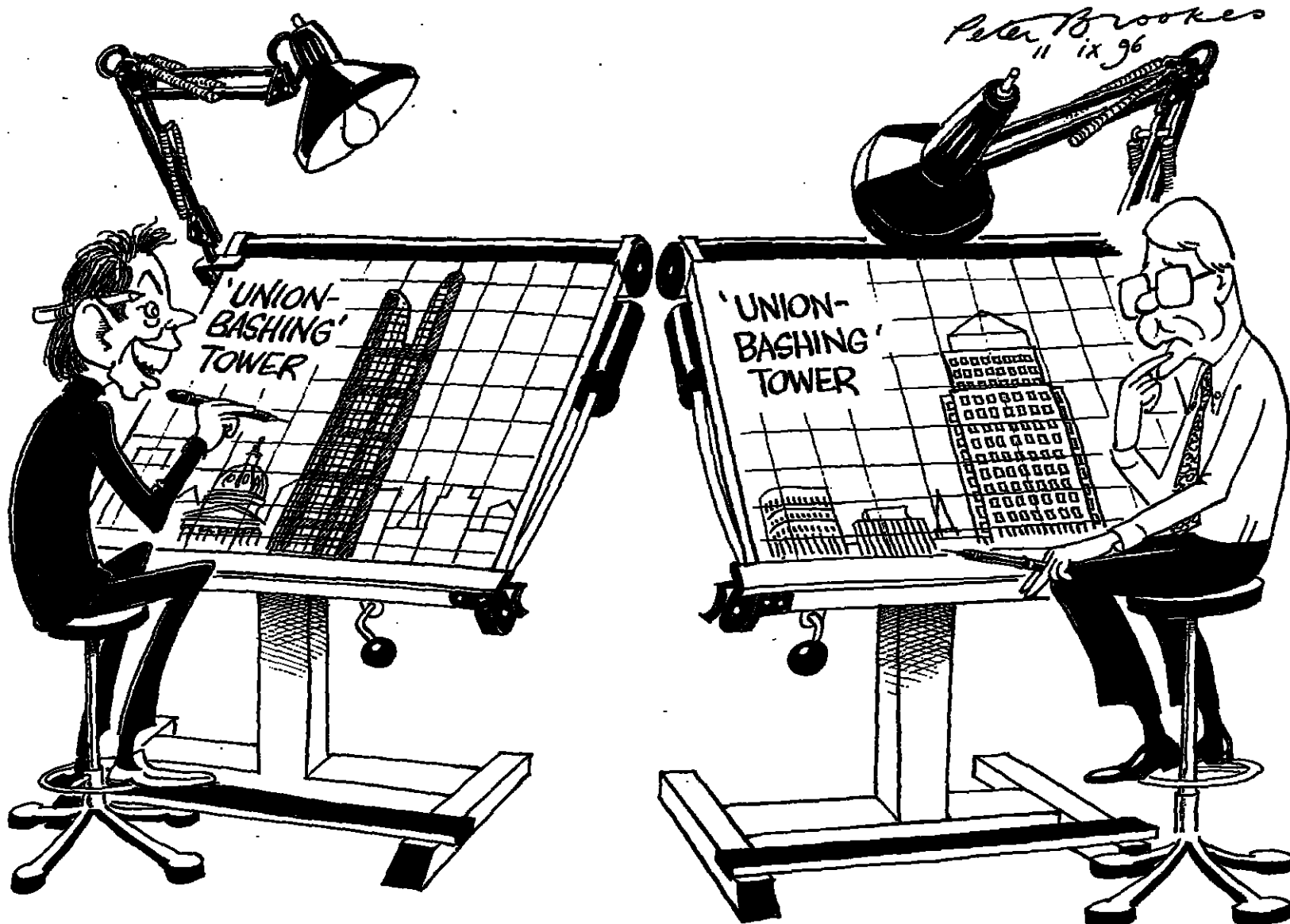
The cat, alive or dead, has no constabulary status. It is, I was informed in the Bill's dreary jargon, non-notifiable. So what do I do? I said, You phone Barnet Council's Highway Cleaning Department, said the Bill. They, it added tenderly, will send a bloke round to scrape it up.

Scrape it up? Someone loved this cat — indeed probably still does, not yet knowing that it will never again pop through the catflap, having reached a state where it could as easily be slid under the door. The ex-owner should be compassionately told what had happened, not left to speculate and fret, or wander the streets day and night calling its name, putting out bowls of milk or marrowbone jelly destined only to attract unpet flies. More yet, they should be told that it was dead so that they could grieve, and, more still, be given the opportunity to retrieve their loved one, roll it up, and bury it in some dappled garden spot, erect a headstone, bedeck the poignant mound with catnip, all that.

What am I to do for the best? Two hours have passed since I rang the Highway Cleaning Department, but their grim scraper hasn't yet arrived, and I can't decide what to do when he does: ask him for the scrapings — even though he is sure to claim he is not empowered to release these under Section 12 of the Highways (Scrapings) Act 1934, folding money may sometimes spot a loophole — and divine some way of finding their proper resting place? If so, how? Wait for a note to be put on a gate about a missing cat, with a description now utterly unhelpful and a name to which it is no longer in a position to answer? Put one on my own asking if anyone has lost a grey-coloured moggy three feet square? And how long, never mind where, should I be expected to keep feline remains, the weather still being mild for the time of year?

Two further cars have just rendered the problem yet more insoluble: by the time the Council turns up, it could be a question of cat, what cat. I trust this is not some kind of prank, we are up to here with hedgehogs as it is. So can any great emerge from all this? Well, just possibly, for though this cat's fate is sadly sealed, it may unleash the fate of others: I ask for the law to be changed to make cats notifiable, so that they fall within the reach of its long arm. That is why I have written this piece.

Despite a strong suspicion that the Bill will have wanted me to write it even less than I did.



"MINE'S BIGGER THAN YOURS..."

Proud to be a cynic

Clinton has betrayed the Kurds. So why do Major and Blair grovel to him?

In October 1983, America invaded the Caribbean mini-state of Grenada to topple a nasty regime. It did so in defiance of a United Nations resolution and of international law. The invasion was a shambolic American "precision bombing" wiped out Grenada's mental hospital, killing some 50 patients. Margaret Thatcher publicly berated Ronald Reagan, despite his support for her Falklands campaign a year earlier. Friends must speak honestly to friends, she said. Wrong is wrong. Great powers must respect state borders if they are to expect others to respect them. I was proud of Mrs Thatcher that day.

This week, Britain has grovelled before Bill Clinton's bombing of Iraq. Both John Major and Tony Blair felt obliged to support it. America's other allies behaved like sovereign states. The French, the Germans, even the Irish, thought and acted for themselves. Every British minister and diplomat privately thought Washington's action pure opportunism. But the whoosh of an American missile had knees knocking to attention all over London. Uncle Sam is right, even if wrong. It was a humiliating spectacle.

Mr Clinton's bombing succeeded in its unspoken goal. As today's *Time* magazine trumpets, his domestic standing has risen, with a 70 per cent approval for the bombing and for "using military force to remove Saddam from power". The same poll showed 60 per cent opposed to doing this in the only way possible, by deploying ground troops. But consistency has never been a requisite of democracy.

Too bad if Saddam is now stronger. Too bad if America's tactic of bolstering Kurdistan is in ruins. Too bad if the CIA is forced to rat on its friends and leave them to be shot in the streets of Arbil. Too bad if millions of dollars are wasted, an alliance is wrecked and an unknown number of people are mutilated or killed. The President's poll rating is up. The operation is a success.

But why does Britain need to be party to all this? Why does Mr Major have to claim, absurdly, that the bombing was "needed to prevent another humanitarian disaster"? Why does Labour's Robin Cook gabble about the bombing being to "protect the safe heavens"? He could read in *The Independent* (as his M16-briefed staff must already have told him) the revelation that America had refused to protect these heavens as recently as last July. As for the "pin-point" accuracy of

the missiles, over which the British press drooled at the weekend, Mr Major found himself supporting the second missile raid because the first "was not as successful as one might have wished". When British diplomats are in craven mode, they cite Lord Melbourne's famous plea for support not when he was in the right, but when he was in the wrong. Yet Mr Clinton was not seeking the right or wrong thing to do in Iraq. He was acting from self-interest. Iraq has become a supermarket where any statesman may shop for domestic profit. Britain might have some interest in Saddam's downfall, or in weakening him, or in helping the Kurds. But no sane person could believe that Tomahawks would do any such things.

As Charles Glass points out in this week's *TLS*, the history of Western deviancy in Kurdistan knows no bounds. It began with Britain's bombing of Kurdish villages in the 1920s. The Americans succoured the Kurdish leader, Mulla Barzani, against Saddam in the 1970s, then rallied on him. They then succoured his son, Massoud Barzani, and last month rallied on him. He learned from his father's mistake and chose Saddam's support as the lesser evil. To be anyone's worse evil than Saddam Hussein takes some doing: Nato has done it.

What the West did in 1991 was reprehensible. Faced with distressing television images of refugees, Nato declared Kurdistan safe. This was a cynical, media-driven act which Nato knew it could not honour. As with Bosnia, the outside world was half-guaranteeing the security of a half-sovereign state. There are some 20 million Kurds — making the world's largest nation without a state — who foolishly thought in 1991 that their *de facto* independence might be a legacy of the Gulf War. They were deceived. They appear to have chosen a period of cowed stability under the Turkish-Iraqi diarchy.

A bizarre group of lobbyists, from the

Tories' Lord Archer to Labour's Ann Clwyd, have ridden to the cause of the Kurdish faction opposed to Barzani, the Iran-backed PUK. They wish the West to renew its guarantee to Kurdistan as a whole and put troops on the ground. This parades the most reckless of romantic Arabist fantasies. A Western military guarantee to Kurdistan was a cruel deceit in 1991: today it would be meaningless. Which Kurds? Whose Kurdistan? The last remnants of the 1991 guarantee — some 200 CIA agents — are now being rescued from the mountains, leaving their erstwhile friends to be shot by fellow Kurds.

Those Britons demanding war on Saddam are "killing Kruger with their mouths". Hundreds if not thousands of Iraqis must have died as a direct result of America's hamfisted covert intervention against Saddam since 1990. Foreign involvement in other people's internal wars should be privatised. It should be left to mercenaries, philanthropists and expatriates. When Britons sought to defeat Franco in the 1930s, they did so as private citizens and with their own lives at risk, not from the comfort of armchairs and television studios.

On this page last week, Lawrence Freedman criticised those who doubt America's motives in Iraq. He did so on the eccentric grounds that America is "serving Saddam rules to live by". He said, in effect, that any bombing by Washington is better than none and deserves support. An occasional missile sent round the globe reminds the world who is boss.

This is a revival of the policy of "containment by overkill", advocated by Henry Kissinger in Laos and Cambodia during the Vietnam war. The pure terrorism of American military hardware, goes the argument, should make lesser mortals rein back on their atrocities. America can always bomb them into the Dark Ages. They should beware. But

while this concept had some application to the Cold War, it had none in South-East Asia and has none today. America is an impatient, half-hearted boss, and that is worse than no boss at all.

There are now two contrasting and incompatible approaches to handling dictators. One abuses them, ostracises them, occasionally bombs them. It is easy and morally glamorous, but it never delivers the goods. Libya, Somalia, Bosnia, Serbia and Iraq stand out in defiance. The other approach leaves them to stew in their own juice. It does not attack an oppressed people with the further oppression of sanctions or elevate its rulers into anti-American heroes. This approach believes that capitalism, trade and contact do more to promote political change than boycott and aggression.

The appeal of the first approach seems never to fade. Nobody questions the effectiveness of bombs and embargoes: people merely demand more of them. A myriad of Western institutes and academies, seminars and conferences, steer clear of the central question of world politics: why do bombs and sanctions fail to convert evil dictatorships into stable democracies? Punditry is seized by the intellectual terror that afflicted the early years of the Cold War. Saddam is loathsome. Openly to advocate "doing nothing about Saddam", for whatever reason, is the equivalent of being "soft on communism". Any act, however stupid or counterproductive, is better than nothing.

The truth is that foreign policy in a democracy remains, as always, a subset of domestic policy. It is about display, show, bravado and self-interest. The shambles this week in Kurdistan was a passing sideshow. As a Washington official reportedly told Barzani last month, when he pleaded for help against his rivals, "We have bigger fish to fry than the Kurds." Small wonder he smelt American treachery and went for Saddam. Only after Barzani and his new Iraqi backers secured the easy fall of Arbil did Washington send missiles, "as a message to Saddam". We have seen this past week what that message was: Kurds need not vote for Bill Clinton but Americans should.

If that is cynical, I am proud to be a cynic. How else can an American look a Kurd in the eye just now? Why Mr Major had to put his name to such a trick beats me. Why Mr Blair had to agree with him is a yet greater mystery.

Simon Jenkins

King Lobengula, and declaring "It was so", he authorised the project, and Sixolo was secured.

Harrowing

OUR parliamentarians were left kicking their heels the other day when they turned out to play the Old Harrovians at the school, in a fixture that goes back many years. A sunny day and perfect conditions, mused John Redwood, limbering up as he watched the groundsmen prepare the wicket. "Then I learnt from the groundsmen that the wicket wasn't being prepared for us, it was for a game the following weekend. Our match had been cancelled," he said. "Everybody on the team seemed to turn out, but nobody told us. Although it was nice to go back and do some work, it was a shame not to get some practice for the Europhile v Euroscopic match we're planning."

Has landed

ORNITHOLOGICAL news wings its way from Ireland. The former Taoiseach Charles Haughey has been reunited with his pet sea eagle, which flew off four years ago. He likened the bird, with its horrid talons, to Margaret Thatcher. Haughey became acquainted



Bird in the hand

with two eagles — Maeve (female) and Aillil (male) — some years ago when he started tracking them on his island, Inis Mhicileain. He soon became adept at handling them. "I've dealt with Maggie in my day," he would explain. But four years ago, Maeve disappeared — only to reappear recently. "We were so excited," says Haughey. "She was flying so well."

P.H.S

Putting the V & A to shame

Marc Jordan on the National Portrait Gallery

This summer, the heritage world has again been agog at events at the Victoria and Albert Museum. First there was the unveiling of designs for a new £42 million building on its Boileau House site. It is possible that the glass-clad, fractured polygon designed by the Israeli architect Daniel Libeskind could be an ornament to London, but only on a site of its own, where it would be gallery and sculpture in one, like the Guggenheim Museum in New York. Inserted in the mellow Victorian terracotta of Exhibition Road, it would look plain silly. Then there was the series of mishaps that led to the National Heritage Memorial Fund acquiring the Beckett *chaise* on behalf of the V & A for £4 million, a year after it had been offered privately to the British Museum for half that amount.

Less widely noticed, perhaps because camouflaged by the predictable *brahaha* over the glass polygon, was the decision of the museum's new director Alan Borg to replace the current "voluntary" entrance charge with a compulsory one of £5 from the beginning of next month. Let us hope that Dr Borg's move is a cry for help and not a statement of professional conviction, since the past decade has seen an overall 50 per cent upward trend in the numbers of visitors to non-charging national museums, and a matching decline in visits to those that do.

After this it is pleasant to turn to a more uplifting tale, albeit about a smaller and less grand institution, but one that is just as central to our cultural life. Tonight the National Portrait Gallery, whose director Charles Saumarez Smith recently reiterated his commitment to free entrance, opens its refurbished first-floor galleries, rehung with its 19th and earlier 20th-century collections. The project ought to be a cause for quiet satisfaction to Dr Saumarez Smith and the architect, Piers Gough. They have used the opportunity offered by building work necessary to renew the wiring, sprinklers and alarms to revive the mainly hidden 19th-century architecture of the existing rooms and to create an engaging new gallery within a neutral shell previously used for exhibitions.

Gough installed the Lutyens exhibition in the Hayward Gallery in 1981 — one of the few occasions when that unlovely concrete bunker was a humane setting for art. He has brought a similarly restrained sense of theatre to his restoration of the old rooms at the Portrait Gallery, unblocking windows and removing 1970s plasterboard from archways, cornices and architraves, and hanging the walls with violet, burnt-orange and plum-coloured silks. The result is a dignified but far from oppressively historicist setting for Victorian worthies, who are cantilvered out from the walls in a very un-club-like way by the ingenious system Gough has devised to mitigate the effect of daylight falling from the side.

For the great, the good and the notorious of the first six decades of the 20th century, Gough has provided something quite different. To hide the new services, he has designed a swooping and curving ceiling that is reminiscent of a 19th-century liner or the Festival of Britain. The room over which it presides is brightly lit by natural light from the tall windows overlooking Orange Street, and many of the pictures are hung on clear glass walls. The contrast with the enfilade of 19th-century galleries is blatant. But it is subtle and intelligent too, reflecting the uniquely romantic brand of modernism which in this country succeeded the public solemnity of the pre-1914 world.

The Portrait Gallery will not be resting on its laurels, however. Like everyone else, it has a millennium project — for which it is seeking a grant from the Heritage Lottery Fund. Circulation in the building has always been awkward: around 70 per cent of visitors see the ground floor, but not many reach the top.

Jeremy Dixon and Edward Jones, architects of the Royal Opera House redevelopment, have proposed to build a new wing on the only available site, a narrow backyard that separates the gallery from the National Gallery. It will provide a basement lecture theatre, a mezzanine gallery and a new top-floor gallery to display properly the fine Tudor collection, which includes the great Holbein cartoon of Henry VIII.

Above all, it includes a handsome and spacious new entrance hall leading from the Victorian one, with a glass-sided escalator rising directly to the top floor. And on the roof will be a café with a glass-fronted loggia giving panoramic views across the roofscape of the National Gallery to Trafalgar Square, Whitehall and Westminster.

Earlier this year the gallery launched its centenary appeal. If it can raise £4 million towards the £16 million needed to open this new building in January 2000, it is hopeful of £12 million of lottery money. So far there have been promises of £1.7 million. There are all sorts of reasons why the continuing expansion should be supported, not least because in this relativistic and integrationist age the collection tells the story of the achievements of English history and the people who were and are the achievers. And there is a fine architectural irony: while Dixon Jones's building will have a particularly elegant and satisfying interior, it will be enveloped on all four sides by existing buildings, and so have no exterior at all.

Retrievers

ELECTRONIC tags are being inserted into the Queen's dogs to prevent them from going missing. The idea was suggested to Her Majesty two years ago, after Prince Charles lost Pooh, his Jack Russell, which was never found despite an intensive dog-hunt around the Balmoral estate.

Two royal spaniels have had microchips implanted. The size of grains of rice, these contain data about their owner. If lost, the spaniels can be traced by a scanner and the Queen's many other dogs — corgis, labradors and so on — are expected to be tagged soon.

Her Majesty wanted to show her support for the RSPCA-backed tagging system, says the Palace. The Prince of Wales, who took on a replacement puppy after Pooh went missing down a rabbit hole, is said to be considering tagging his dogs as well. But retainers at the Palace are unsure about the experiment. Many would like to see the last of the ankle-biting mutts.

Eric Cantona has found a new game. After painting, acting, theatrical patronage and literary criticism he has turned to chess.

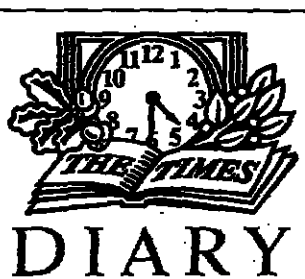
His favoured haunt of late has been Café Renoir, a small French-style joint in Manchester frequented by students. There he holds court over a chess board, discussing strategies through cappuccino-fuelled afternoons.

Eye-eye

THURSDAY night saw the Duke of York supping with the Royal



"How do you fancy being Mr Blunkett's new guide dog?"



College of Ophthalmologists in London. The evening grew bibulous as the eye-men spotted the optics behind the bar.

Fortunately, the Duke doesn't have to worry about missing the last bus. A helicopter was on hand to sweep him back to his naval base in Portland, Dorset. The next morning, however, he felt a familiar throbbing behind the eyes. He dozed, woke, and dozed again until he saw the time. Diving headlong into his kit, he made it to his first engagement of the day, a plaque unveiling in Portland — an apologetic 15 minutes late.

Big star

A HUGE star is to fill our screens. Washington Sixolo is the dombellied and chesty South African actor who plays King Lobengula, ruler of the Matabele, in the BBC's

forthcoming epic series about Cecil Rhodes. His friend is larger still. When David Drury, the director, first met Sixolo, the man-mountain was accompanied by an individual who dwarfed even him. The friend fixed Drury with a hard stare and listened in disarming silence as he outlined the plot. "I was talking about King Lobengula and felt increasingly uncomfortable as I realised that I hadn't researched the subject thoroughly," says Drury.

Only after he had finished did the biggest man reveal his identity. He is great grandson of



Sixolo: man-mountain

هكذا من الأصل



TAINTED GOLD

Switzerland's behaviour is unworthy of a democracy

The Foreign Office report on Nazi gold is a fascinating account of greed, deception and double-dealing half a century ago. It does not admit to any British conspiracy to hide ill-gotten gains in the Bank of England. But it does point to an almost unconscionable delay in overcoming the legal and bureaucratic obstacles that stood between the Nazis' victims, or their heirs and representatives, and the money plundered from them to fund Hitler's war machine.

More damningly, it points to the outrageous refusal by Switzerland, by far the largest beneficiary of German gold exports, to hand over more than a fraction of the huge sum of booty hidden in Swiss vaults. The issue is certainly one which the Swiss, with their tidy habit of hiding away past embarrassments, want to forget. Malcolm Rifkind should tell them bluntly during his visit next week that their behaviour has been immoral, selfish and unworthy of a democratic nation. He should demand that they step up their half-hearted response to regular inquiries by Holocaust victims.

The Foreign Office report, drawn from documents already declassified, is a crisp and well-compiled historical survey. It highlights, with the help of historical distance, the two awkward issues the Allies had to face in their relations with the neutral countries both during and after the war. How could they limit the economic dealings between Nazi Germany and countries such as Sweden and Switzerland without infringing their neutral status? And what legal instrument could they use after Hitler's defeat to ensure restitution of the gold to its rightful owners?

Britain's Ministry of Economic Warfare knew that Switzerland, and to a lesser extent Sweden and Portugal, were vital sources of foreign currency, which Berlin bought with gold seized from Jewish families and businesses and melted down. It favoured a tough approach to the Swiss, warning them that they would have to answer to the Allies if they continued accepting gold seized from occupied Europe. The Bank of England, however, was more circumspect. It recognised that the gold was impossible to trace, that sanctions against the Swiss would backfire — the Allies also needed Swiss francs — and that the gold's owners would be almost impossible to trace later.

So it turned out. The Swiss, who heeded allied warnings only late in the war, denied at their first encounter with postwar negotiators that they held any looted gold. The lie was quickly detected. But when the miserly payment of 250 million Swiss francs was agreed, they were left with approximately seven-eighths of the Nazis' gold still in their vaults.

For the past 50 years, various groups have attempted to appeal to the Swiss conscience. Such a commodity appears to be in short supply in Zurich. The arbiters of Swiss banking secrecy rebuffed all attempts by survivors, Jewish groups and American congressional committees to reveal the full extent of their wartime gains. But repeated accusations that the Swiss have been laundering the money of crooks, drug-dealers and dictators as well as the Nazis have begun to have effect. Banking secrecy is not the steel door that it once was. The Swiss have accepted that their banks have no business living off the proceeds of crime, and in many cases now co-operate with international investigators.

That makes it all the more worrying that they have refused to open all the files on their wartime dealings. Repaying today's full value of the presumed gold holdings would indeed be very expensive. But if Switzerland, slowly inching out of its self-imposed international isolation, really wants to make amends for its ambiguous wartime behaviour, it should give free rein to the new commission of experts who will look into the dealings with Nazi Germany. Britain, as a member of the Tripartite Gold Commission, has a residual responsibility here. Mr Rifkind's talks with Flavio Cotti, his opposite number, would carry more weight if the Foreign Secretary could also announce that the British Government had found an appropriate home for its own holdings of Nazi gold forthwith.

Merits of the whole operation apart, there is surely something almost comic about the UK, with its long record of vetoing any and all EU votes where ever HMG feels its national interests are at stake, huffing and puffing when France adopts a similar stance.

Britain and EU at odds on Iraq

From Sir Frederic Bennett

Sir, It is wholly misleading for Malcolm Rifkind to point a finger at M Chirac as the scapegoat for his own failure to achieve a unanimous, or even majority, EU decision in support of Washington's resort to military action against Iraq because of its recent armed incursions into the purported Kurdish "safe area" in the north of that country (report, September 9).

The unpalatable truth is that objections to, and misgivings about, the American response were and are widespread. The UN Security Council, including a majority of the five permanent members, and despite rigorous urgings by the UK, refused to endorse it or even condemn Iraq's action.

There was a similar negative reaction by the Arab League, including those member states which were part of the American-led coalition formed to counter Saddam's invasion of Kuwait — eg, Saudi Arabia, Egypt and Jordan.

As Sir Edward Heath has rightly emphasised, there is a general feeling of unease, and a need for elucidation about the sense and the motivation of the American bombardment of strategic air defence bases in the South of Iraq, as a relevant tactic in seeking to relieve the oppression of Kurds in the North. The inhabitants there have been engaged in an interminable civil war, with one side apparently favouring an accommodation with Baghdad and the other preferring ties with Iran, the other principal *bête noire* of the US.

Yours etc,
FREDERIC BENNETT,
Plas Cwmllwcoedog,
Aberllynfi,
Nr Machynlleth, Powys,
September 9.

From Mrs Gillian Bardin

Sir, I wonder whether your readers are aware that the recent divergence in European attitudes over events in Iraq has been hailed here as a triumph for French diplomacy. "Fearless", "willing to stand alone" etc, and completely untroubled by the decision to try and establish a common front at the Euro-summit in Tralee.

Some sections of the British media have presented this decision as being aimed directly at John Major and timed with the exclusive aim of unsettling the Tory Party Conference.

When will Britain cease being paranoid over Europe? We too can be "fearless", "willing to stand alone" etc, and indeed we should be.

Yours sincerely,
GILLIAN BARDIN,
21 Rue Saint-Honoré,
75000 Versailles, France,
September 9.

From the Chairman of the Council of the International Institute for Strategic Studies

Sir, Elizabeth Young (letter, September 8) writes of a "consensus" critical of US missile attacks on Iraq at the recent conference of the International Institute for Strategic Studies in Dresden.

May I point out that this institute does not express any collective opinion on matters within its purview. All views expressed by its members are individual opinions and do not carry any endorsement by the membership as a whole.

The issue of the missile attacks on Iraq was not part of the conference's agenda, which had been drawn up months ahead, and was not discussed in other than a cursory way in any of the plenary sessions of the conference.

Yours sincerely,
ROBERT O'NEILL,
Chairman of the Council,
International Institute for Strategic Studies,
22 Tavistock Street, WC2,
September 8.

Cornwall's pride

From County Councillor Colin Lawry

Sir, Jenny Young (letter, September 9) advises your readers that Gwennap Pit is in Cornwall. Quite correct: it was there when I attended a service last month. However, as a Cornishman, I take exception to the heading you gave to her letter. "Wales: see England".

Like Wales, Cornwall has a proud Celtic tradition, a Brythonic Celtic language which is enjoying something of a revival, and increasing recognition within Europe and further afield as a region in its own right.

Unlike most regions of England, Cornwall has a flag of her own — the Cross of St Piran — and a constitutional position which creates at least ambiguity as to the role of the Crown and the Duchy of Cornwall. It deserves wider recognition as a Celtic nation, alongside our cousins in Wales, Brittany, Scotland, the Isle of Man and Ireland.

Yours faithfully,
COLIN LAWRY,
Cornwall County Council,
County Hall,
Truro, Cornwall,
September 9.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

Church concerns raised in light of Runcie biography

From Mr Harry Adam

Sir, The speculation over the Prince of Wales's suitability to be Supreme Governor of the Church of England may well be justified (report, leading article and letters, September 10). However the Church of England hierarchy must proceed with the caution of those who live in glass houses, if it chooses to throw stones.

For the past two decades at least Church leaders have failed to provide the vision or leadership to inspire action at parish level, where issues of survival and growth are settled. Their inability to implement the ordination of women without an undignified squabble, and their inept handling of the Church Commissioners' debacle and its aftermath, have had a demoralising effect on congregations. A process of fragmentation has begun which will, in the absence of strategic leadership, lead to disintegration.

In this context it is hard to see how a disestablished Church of England, stripped of its privilege, could survive without a critical re-examination of its objectives and subsequent radical reform. Perhaps that is itself the strongest argument for disestablishment.

Yours faithfully,
HARRY ADAM,
41 Pilkington Avenue,
Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands,
September 10.

From the Chairman of The Prayer Book Society

Sir, You quote Lord Runcie (September 9) as saying of The Prince of

Wales: "It would help if he loved the Church of England a bit more." Perhaps it would help if the Church was more loveable.

For thirty years or more it has alienated thousands of people who used to sit in its pews by trying to rid itself of the Book of Common Prayer.

The Prince of Wales, when presenting the prizes at the first of our Cranmer Awards in December 1989, said "I believe the Prayer Book is a glorious part of every English speaker's heritage".

I, for one, am grateful to Prince Charles for pointing out that our banalities are no improvement on the past: merely an insult to it and a source of confusion in the present.

In the case of our cherished religious writings, we should leave well alone, especially when it is better than well: when it is great.

Yours faithfully,
C. A. A. KILMISTER,
Chairman,
The Prayer Book Society,
St James Garlickhythe,
Garlick Hill, EC4,
September 9.

From the Reverend E. M. T. Underhill

Sir, A former archbishop feared being stabbed in the back by homosexual clergy (report, September 7): the constabulary expresses concern as videos of nude males are screened in Durham Cathedral (reports, September 7); and my bishop, along with many others, urges me to "foster vocations", as it is manpower and not money that is, it seems, now the most pressing

problem in the Church of England.

We need some 650 to 700 ordinands each year, but in 1994 just over 200 were recommended for training. There is clearly a correspondence between these matters.

Able men, and women, will not offer themselves for ordination into an ill-disciplined ministry in a Church that is obsessed with bureaucracy and centralisation and where bishops are wanting too much power.

The Church cannot have it all ways.

Yours faithfully,
EDWARD UNDERHILL,
St George's Vicarage,
327 Durham Road,
Gateshead, Tyne and Wear,
September 9.

From Mr Michael De-la-Noy

Sir, Clearly writing with first-hand knowledge, Lord Runcie's former chaplain, the Bishop of St Germans, tells us that Lord Runcie understood his lengthy taped conversations with his biographer were intended for use as "background information and scene-setting".

How is any biographer worth his salt expected to make use of such explosive material, freely given, as "background information"?

There is no conceivable way he could have ignored the material presented to him on a plate.

Yours faithfully,
MICHAEL DE-LA-NOY,
c/o Jacintha Alexander Associates,
47 Emperor's Gate, SW7,
September 10.

Hospitals and social services under financial strain

From Professor Dame Margaret Turner Warwick

Sir, Jeremy Laurence's report, "Hospitals warn of second-rate care" (September 2), that the NHS Executive propose to switch control of funds for specialist advice and treatment at tertiary centres from health authorities to local hospitals is disturbing.

Funding of local secondary-care hospitals through contracts with local authorities is already under extreme financial pressure and so-called "cost improvement" levies have, over the years, largely eliminated any potential surpluses. Current local hospital budgets are thus very unlikely to be able to cover the cost of more specialised treatments when these are not available locally.

The critical question, therefore, is whether sufficient additional funds will be transferred to local hospitals to cover the cost of referrals of patients to tertiary centres. If not, and if these costs have to come from the local hospital's existing budgets, there will be a very strong incentive for doctors at these hospitals not to seek more specialised help for their patients and for local hospital management not to allow it. Many patients may thus be denied the specialist expert advice and treatments they need.

The implications are even more fundamental, however. Tertiary NHS specialist centres do much more than

provide a high-quality and cost-effective service for patients with complex conditions: because of their specialised facilities and experience, they also make a very important contribution to the research and development upon which medical advances depend — and upon which the NHS itself increasingly depends — and they play a significant role in the training of both generalist and specialist doctors.

If funding for these centres fails, either for direct or indirect reasons, patients of both today and tomorrow will suffer.

Yours sincerely,
MARGARET TURNER WARWICK
(President, Royal College of Physicians, 1989-92),
Pynes House,
Thorverton, Exeter, Devon,
September 4.

From the Chair of the Association of County Councils and the Chief Executive of Mencap

Sir, We are now approaching the all-important negotiations over the public-spending round. We fear that, once again, community care services will be severely under-funded.

Currently, the Government makes an assumption that all local authority social services departments, regardless of local circumstances, will raise a proportion of their income by charging disabled and older people for care

services like home helps, assistance with bathing and dressing, and attendance at day centres.

At the same time the Government states that local authorities have the discretion to decide whether to charge for these services. Latest figures (1993-94) show 10 per cent of gross expenditure on personal social services was recouped by fees and charges.

We take exception to this. When such assumptions are made local authorities have no discretion: they are, in effect, forced to charge.

Most disabled and older people rely on state benefits. They are now paying twice, through payment of council tax and service charges for services which they desperately need, and there is increasing evidence of hardship.

The Coalition on Charging, made up of 24 charities and local authority associations, believes that national government should fund local government, in full recognition of jointly shared aspirations for community care, and that the requirement that income is raised through charges should be removed.

Yours etc,
JACK BURY,
Chair, Association of County Councils,
FRED HEDDELL,
Chief Executive, Mencap,
Coalition on Charging,
123 Golden Lane, EC1,
September 10.

Lollipops at work

From Mrs Carol Hill

Sir, A "left-of-centre think tank" suggests (report, early editions, September 2) that persistent car thieves should have to perform the duties of school crossing patrol officers (lollipop ladies/men).

I am a lollipop lady and mother of two and I care about the children who use my crossing to get to school. They trust me to keep them safe. Would their parents have confidence in a teenage joyrider, say, doing the job as a punishment?

Public car-washing, perhaps with wet sponges for victims to throw, would be a more fitting solution.

Yours faithfully,
C. HILL,
1 Pearl Road,
Middleleaze, Swindon, Wiltshire,
September 2.

From Mr M. Larkin

Sir, As a retired science teacher who has just launched himself on a new career as a lollipop-man, I was intrigued to see that my local authority contract states that I will be paid at the rate of £3,976.67 per hour — a commendable degree of precision in a contractual agreement, of plus or minus half a thousandth of a penny.

I have the honour to remain, Sir, your obedient servant,
MICHAEL LARKIN,
11A St Osmonds Road,
Poole, Dorset,
September 5.

Tall story

From Mr Keith Chambers

Sir, I can understand Bob Prescott's alarm (letter today) on learning that "the tail of this aircraft is 52 feet above the ground" while on its flight to Manchester. I am similarly alarmed, when flying in America, to be informed that "we shall be in the air momentarily".

Yours faithfully,
KEITH CHAMBERS,
19 Hill Road,
Oakley, Basingstoke, Hampshire,
September 9.

THIS IS GOING TO HURT US

Parents should be allowed to use reasonable force

Growing up in a family is a dress rehearsal for adulthood in the wider world. The family has its own laws, its policemen, judges and jury (usually the same people) and its sanctions. In this structured environment, children learn about right and wrong, responsibilities and duties, sharing and altruism. Parents, in return for giving their offspring unconditional love and care, earn the right to act as enforcers of family law.

Into this microcosm of society the State intrudes at its peril. Only if parents are guilty of serious abuse or neglect should Government have a right to intervene. That is why there is such justified nervousness about the case of the 12-year-old boy who has taken his case to the European Commission of Human Rights, claiming that the Government failed to protect him against the corporal punishment of his stepfather.

Nobody denies that Government should protect children against sadistic physical abuse. It does so already: parents can be prosecuted for assault occasioning actual bodily harm. But they can defend themselves by showing that the punishment concerned constituted "reasonable chastisement". In this case, the stepfather was charged and acquitted, presumably because the jury thought the punishment was reasonable.

Like most hard cases, this one is very unusual. The punishment, a beating with a cane, was so severe that it needed hospital treatment. Yet the crime — trying to stab a brother with a kitchen knife — was also extremely serious. The boy's mother describes him as "totally out of control". His natural father is siding with him against the step-

father; so family politics may be a factor too.

Campaigners against corporal punishment see this case as a way of prising further open the door through which the State can enter the family home. They want all physical chastisement to be made illegal, as it is in six other European countries. But to equate a thrashing with a garden cane, which leaves weals for doctors to treat, with a smack on a toddler's bottom or hand is wilfully misleading. Most parents know that, as a last resort, a moderate smack can be a more effective, and less hurtful, form of discipline than a lengthy banishment from parental affection and attention.

It is true that adults are not allowed to smack each other. But children do not have identical rights: nor do they have identical responsibilities. Adults feed, house, finance and care for their children. And they protect them; so, like the police with the citizen, they have an asymmetrical relationship with their children.

Family dynamics would change if corporal punishment were made illegal. The natural parental authority without which a family cannot function would start to break down if children knew that they could threaten to report their parents to the police if the ultimate sanction were used. Already some pupils use the Children Act to intimidate their teachers. Classroom discipline has suffered as a result.

The existing law of assault should be adequate to deal with "cruel or unusual" beatings of children. It does not need to be changed to make the average, caring parent a criminal.

ALIEN CORN

All argument is against it, but all belief is for it

The British Association yesterday considered BSE, the blues that our prehistoric ancestors played on their flutes of bone and the paranormal. This last may seem an unprofessional topic for a gathering of scientists; but science is concerned with phenomena and no phenomenon should be alien to a scientist.

Indeed, the phenomenal cult popularity of such television programmes as *The X Files* and such films as *Independence Day* has attracted the attention of a discord of experts. So has the astonishing prevalence of the belief, not only in America, that a person has been abducted by aliens or has seen a UFO. Fox Mulder's office in *The X Files* is decorated with a fuzzy photograph of a UFO with the paranormal credo "I want to believe". His beautiful sidekick, Dana Scully, always seeks a rational explanation, but by the end of each episode she has to look at Mulder with a wild surmise, and accept the possibility of clandestine alien hokum. Thus yesterday the British Association materialised into the alien world of visitors from outer space, all said to be wearing even stranger things than the anoraks and tweed ties of the scientists' premier division.

Being scientists, they looked for a rational explanation for the irrational. A persuasive paper argued that "sleep paralysis" lies behind accounts of alien abduction and other such happenings. This phenomenon

happens when a person on the cusp of sleep lies semi-conscious and aware, but cannot move. Such people are experiencing the paralysis that normally occurs during dreaming, as a natural safety-belt to prevent us from acting out our dreams. And the beauty of this theory is that it offers a scientific explanation for not just the paranormal obsessions of today, but also for the ghosts of the past. Sleep paralysis might lie behind the medieval incubus which was supposed to have sexual intercourse with women in their sleep, and the succubus which performed a similar office upon men as they slept unable to defend themselves.

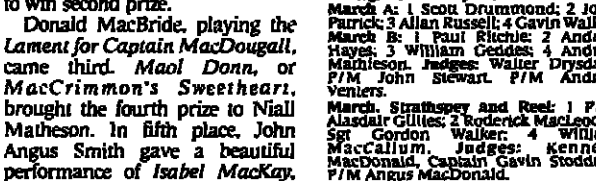
For a ghost is the outward and visible sign of an inward fear. Each age and culture finds the contemporary ghosts it needs to embody its fears. Old ghosts carried their heads under their arms or squeaked and gibbered in the Roman streets, wearing Shakespearian sheets. New ghosts are extraterrestrial homunculi, or mysterious flashing lights and ultra-technical sounds.

Sleep paralysis sounds reasonable. But it is a scientific explanation of experiences that are meant to resist science. Ghosts fear no scientific laws, nor do they care for popular applause. So true believers will not be put off by the British Association's rational explanations of their beliefs. They will still be obsessed by what they think they see standing behind the scientists.

BMDS: 0171 680 6880
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BIRTHS: Henri de la Tour d'Auvergne, Vicomte de Turenne, Marshal of France, Sedan, 1611; Thomas Barnes, Editor of *The Times* 1817-41, London, 1785; D.H. Lawrence, novelist, Eastwood, Nottinghamshire, 1885.

DEATHS: Mohammed Ali Jinnah, 1st Governor-General of Pakistan 1947-48, Karachi, 1948; Nikita Khrushchev, Premier of the USSR 1958-64, Moscow, 1971.



A reception was held at Chilworth Manor and the honeymoon is being spent abroad.

ties College will host The Star Fair, in aid of the National Star Centre and The College Bursaries Fund. A Grand Reception (ticket only) will be held on the Friday evening, including a preview of around 50 gift stalls. On Saturday, October 12, everyone is welcome to visit The Star Fair, which includes

Term started on Wednesday, September 4. Mikila Lawrence is Head Girl and Abigail George is Deputy. Term ends with the Carol Service in Charterhouse Chapel at 2.00pm on December 11, followed by a Christmas Fair at School. Old Girls Day will be on September 21, 1996.

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1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1038.

OBITUARIES

HARALD PENROSE

Harald Penrose, OBE, civil test pilot, died on August 31 aged 92. He was born on April 12, 1904.

During his 23 years as chief test pilot for Westland, Penrose flew the company's aircraft from the era of biplanes until the company became Britain's only helicopter manufacturer in the postwar period. Thereafter he concentrated his energies on Westland's sales operations worldwide. Over the years, Penrose flew more than 400 different types of aircraft — fighters, bombers, transports, seaplanes, autogiros and helicopters.

Although born in Reading, Harald Penrose was descended from the Penroses of Portleven, Cornwall. He first took to the air at the age of 11 beneath one of Samuel Cody's man-lifting kites. This fired him with an urge to fly which was further stimulated by a joyride in an Avro 504K war surplus biplane with the pioneer Sir Alan Cobham. By then he had started writing and sailing in his spare time and had designed and built his own glider.

Later he graduated in aeronautical engineering from Northampton Engineering College. After six months as a student aerodynamicist at Handley Page, in 1925 Penrose joined Westland Aircraft Works at Yeovil and was involved in work on the Wapiti military biplane and the revolutionary tailless Pterodactyl.

In 1927 he joined the Royal Air Force Reserve and learnt to fly. In 1928, as the manager of Westland's civil aircraft department, he was responsible for the demonstration, sales and delivery of the Widgeon, the two-seat light biplane which was the Westland equivalent of the popular DH Moth of the late 1920s.

When, in April 1931, a British Empire Exhibition was mounted in Buenos Aires, Penrose demonstrated a Wapiti to the South American market as both a land and floatplane.

On his return he was promoted to succeed Westland's chief test pilot, Louis Paget, who had been seriously injured in a flying accident. Thus started a remarkable career as one of Britain's leading civil test pilots.



Throughout 25 years he forged a link between the days of "seat of the pants" flying — without radio or modern aids — and the era of jet aircraft and sophisticated avionics. In 1932 he was given the task of testing two special — but still open cockpit — Westland biplanes, which were to make the first attempt to fly over Mount Everest. In 1933 Penrose climbed both aircraft to more than 38,000 feet over Poole Bay.

Thanks to these tests, in April 1933 both aircraft were successfully flown over Everest by David MacInyre and the Marquis of Clydesdale, returning with a series of remarkable photographs of the peak. A year later Penrose set a world height record for a diesel-engine aircraft when he flew a Wapiti to 27,453 feet.

Penrose survived many hair-raising accidents over the next few years. In 1934 a prototype Westland PV-7 torpedo-bomber monoplane broke up in the air during a terminal velocity dive. After a desperate struggle to extricate himself, Penrose left the wingless tumbling fuselage by parachute while the wreckage spread itself over an area of more than seven square miles.

Later, just before the war, he was involved in testing the prototype Westland Whirlwind twin-engine fighter, which was intended as a long range escort, intruder and fighter-bomber. But the Whirlwind was not a success and was withdrawn from service in 1941 after only a few RAF squadrons had been equipped with it. Penrose also test-flew the much larger, but no more successful, pressurised Welkin high-altitude fighter.

Penrose's good luck held through major test-flying hazards, including the difficult flight testing of the Wyvern naval strike-fighter. Penrose made its initial test flight and continued through its development — a flying programme which killed six pilots through the problems of a complex

multi-blade, contra-rotating airscrew and two untired turbine engines. Early in 1945 Penrose visited the new Experimental Helicopter Test Establishment at Beaulieu, then exploring the possibilities of the American Sikorsky R-4B two-seater. Six months later, Westland acquired British manufacturing rights for the Sikorsky S-51. Penrose flew the helicopter himself before engaging Alan Bristow (later to be the founder of Bristow Helicopters) as chief pilot (Helicopters) at Westland.

In 1953 Penrose transferred from test flying to become Westland's sales manager worldwide, a job which involved him with Westland-Sikorsky helicopters. For relaxation, he bought a little 38hp Currie War single-seat biplane, "Aerymouse", his companion for the next ten years.

In 1960, with the different branches of the aircraft industry undergoing an "urge to merge", Westland acquired the helicopter interests of the Bristol, Fairey and Saunders Roe companies together with Saro hovercraft. Penrose combined their marketing throughout the world with the design of a series of small yachts and motor vessels.

Penrose retired from Westland at the end of 1966 but still flew for fun and indulged in his hobbies of designing and building small boats and a small high performance sailplane. He sailed well into his eighties. His last book was his autobiography *Adventure with Fate*.

Between 1966 and 1980, Penrose had completed a five-volume history of British aviation, its products, its people and its problems. This work, which covered the 36 years from 1903 to 1939 (written largely from the weekly contemporary accounts in *The Aeroplane and Flight* and garnished with first-hand experience), will remain the definitive story of those pioneer years of a new industry.

He followed it in 1980 with a meticulously researched history of British air transport from 1918 to 1979, *Wings Across The World*. Penrose married in 1929. His wife Norma died in 1986. Their son and daughter survive him.

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DIMMIE FLEMING

Dimmie Fleming, bridge player, died on September 5 aged 85. She was born on October 27, 1910.



IN THE summer of 1953 Dimmie Fleming became the first woman bridge player to represent Britain in an open team event. She was always to remember the match. Resilient with nerves the night before, she dreamt that her partner, Peter Swinnerton-Dyer, bid a grand slam on the first hand. The actual chances of doing this would have been extremely slight. But the next day, when they sat down to play, Swinnerton-Dyer did indeed on his opening hand bid to a grand slam in clubs and, furthermore, made it. But in apprehensive error perhaps, he had inadvertently dealt the hand in an anti-clockwise direction and he and Dimmie were replaced by their disgruntled team captain.

Nonetheless, Dimmie Fleming's skill at bridge was undoubted. She was a grandmaster of the game. Partnering Fritz Gordon, she was part of the winning British team in European championships held in Dublin in 1951, in Venice in 1952 and in Palermo in 1959. In 1964 she won the gold medal in world championships held in New York. She also won a host of national competitions, many of them time and time again, including the Gold Cup, Crookfords, the Portland Cup and the Whitelaw Cup.

The Fleming board — a card-holding device used in bridge matches so that competitors can play duplicate hands — was invented by and named after Dimmie Fleming.

Dimmie Fleming was born Phyllis Irene Hill in Tunbridge Wells. As the daughter of the headmaster of Eversley Boys Preparatory School she was first educated at her father's school where she was nicknamed "Jimmy" by her male classmates. It was there, among the boys, that she first experimented with smoking, a habit she was never to adopt, and learnt to play auction bridge, a game which was to become a passion.

At the age of nine, however, she was sent to a girls' school. There her closest schoolfriend, later to become her regular bridge partner, changed her nickname to "Dimmie". This was the name which was to stick for the rest of her life, though it was in no way intended to reflect her academic abilities. She excelled in her schoolwork and was offered a place at Cambridge University at the age of 16. Too young to go up, she briefly attended secretarial college before finding a job in a stockbroking firm. In the end she never got around to attending university.

For several years Dimmie forgot about bridge and it was not until she was 19 and recovering from an appendix operation that her interest was reawakened by a fellow patient. But once her enthusiasm had been re-aroused she took up tournament bridge seriously, marrying in 1934 Arthur Fleming, a West Kent bridge player 19 years her senior, and forming a strong bridge playing partnership with her former classmate Dorothy Pearson. Together, just before the outbreak of

war, they represented Britain in the European Ladies Championship in the Hague where they came away with the silver medal. In 1948 they repeated their performance and during the 1950s Dimmie was three times part of the winning British team.

For almost 20 years, from 1955 to 1974, Dimmie was secretary to the English Bridge Union and from 1977 onwards she was vice-president. She also reported bridge news for *The Times*.

In 1953 she was selected for the British open team in partnership with Peter Swinnerton-Dyer, who was later to become Master of St Catherine's College, Cambridge. In 1972 Dimmie Fleming formed a new bridge partnership with Vida Bingham, a friend with whom she also shared an interest in National Hunt racing. They were often to be found together at Plumpton or Cheltenham.

Their last appearance together in the English women's bridge team was in 1981. But after Dimmie's husband died in 1980, she and Vida ran a bridge stationery business and when Dimmie's eyesight and memory began to fail in the mid-1980s, she moved in with her friend in a house in East Sussex.

Dimmie Fleming is survived by a daughter.

VAGN HOLMBOE

Vagn Holmboe, Danish composer, died on September 1 in Ramlose aged 86. He was born on December 20, 1909.

VAGN HOLMBOE was the most significant Danish composer in the generation after Nielsen. A quiet, unpretentious and rather ascetic man, he composed prolifically, writing more than 350 works, among them 13 numbered symphonies, nearly 30 concertos for one or more soloists, 21 numbered string quartets, two operas, a ballet and a plethora of vocal and choral works.

His large-scale orchestral works establish him as a symphonist of international standing, while his contribution to the medium of the string quartet might almost stand comparison with that of Shostakovich. His works for the human voice demonstrate the breadth of his interests, ranging from songs in Japanese and Inuit to a series of a *capella* Latin motets. He also worked for several years as a music critic for the leading Copenhagen daily, *Politiken*, and was an author whose publications included a study of *Danish Street Cries* (1988) and collections of essays on philosophy and aesthetics.

Uncompromising in the pursuit of his own ideas, Holmboe was unmoved by fashion and never subservient to any passing avant-garde. Instead, in a career of remarkable continuity, he absorbed and assimilated such varied influences as the sophisticated nationalism of Nielsen, the neo-classicism of Stravinsky and Hindemith, and the folk musics of Scandinavia and eastern Europe.

He was a master of polyphony, adept at weaving long flowing lines into complex yet transparent textures. From the 1950s onwards he began to develop the distinctive technique he described as metamorphosis, whereby a small group of notes forms a musical germ, a tiny pattern or motif from which, in a process of constant transformation, a whole work grows.

The sense of organic growth, of music as something living and constantly evolving, is central to Holmboe's work.

As the English composer Robert Simpson observed in his foreword to Holmboe's book, *Experiencing Music*: "His genius truly generates — in his music things are born and they grow. In it continuous metamorphosis is not merely ingenuity, it is life. It is tingling proliferation." Holmboe himself liked to compare the subtle process of his work to that by which the silkworm turns gradually into a moth.

Vagn Holmboe was born in Horsens in Jutland. At the age of 17 he was admitted, on Nielsen's recommendation, to the Royal Conservatory of Music in Copenhagen, where his teachers were Knud Jeppesen and Finn Høffding. In 1930 he went to Berlin where he had informal lessons

from Ernst Toch. It was there that he met his future wife, the Romanian pianist Meta May Graf, a pupil of Hindemith's; the couple were married on a field trip to study folk music in Transylvania in 1933.

Returning to Copenhagen in 1934, Holmboe supported himself with work as a teacher and critic. His breakthrough as a composer came in 1939, when his Second Symphony — he had already written more than a hundred works — won a pan-Scandinavian competition organised by the Royal Danish Orchestra. With the prize money the Holmboes bought a plot of land near Ramlose and Lake Arre, about 30 miles from Copenhagen: there they built a house and planted thousands of trees. Nearly all Holmboe's work, regardless, however obliquely, to the wild Nordic landscape in which he lived.

After ten years of teaching music at the Copenhagen Institute for the Blind, Holmboe moved to the Royal Conservatory in 1950, becoming professor of theory and composition there in 1955. Until 1959, when he resigned his post to concentrate full-time on composing, he was one of Scandinavia's most important teachers, and his pupils included such successful Danish composers as Per Norgard and Arne Nordheim.

Despite the protracted illness he suffered in later years, Holmboe was composing until the very end. His towering, valedictory Symphony No. 13 was premiered in Copenhagen in March. In August a new work for soprano and organ was performed, and at the time of his death he was working on another string quartet.

Vagn Holmboe is survived by his wife, to whom he was married for 63 years, and by a son and a daughter.

DAVID GRESHAM

David Gresham, MBE, former director of personnel for British Petroleum, died on August 15 aged 71. He was born on November 18, 1924.

DAVID GRESHAM enjoyed a successful career with British Petroleum, rising from clerical assistant to managing director of the tanker division and then director of personnel. But, retiring early, because of ill-health, he will

perhaps be best remembered for his work as the founder of the Abbeyfield North Downs Extra Care Society, an organisation for the elderly and frail in need of 24-hour nursing.

The first intimation of David Foster Gresham's guiding principle — that a caring attitude for others is essential for social stability — manifested itself during his Army service as a young officer in the Royal Signals in 1943.

His service in France and Belgium culminated in opening up communications in the newly-liberated Antwerp, which was to become an important port of supply for the Allied forces. Gresham lost several of his men in repeated rocket attacks upon the port.

Demobilised in 1947, Gresham embarked on a degree course at Southampton University but failed to finish it. Six years away from academic studies had taken their toll. Instead, realising the importance of oil as a commodity in the postwar world, he obtained a job as a clerical assistant in what was then the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company, now known as British Petroleum. His abilities were quickly recognised and he soon rose through the ranks.

In 1967 Gresham was entrusted with ensuring that BP customers all over the world were kept supplied with oil, even though the Suez Canal was closed and tankers then had to make a long journey around the Cape. Gresham worked more than 18 hours a day at this time, but his efforts and efficiency were recognised and in 1972 he was appointed managing director of BP Tankers.

At that time he knew little of maritime matters. Getting to know individuals at all levels of BP's maritime arm, he sought their advice as well as taking several voyages on tankers in an attempt to understand where problems might lie.

He was promoted again in 1975 to be director of personnel for the entire BP Group. But three years later he suffered a heart attack and opted for early retirement.

His managerial skills, however, were not to be wasted. Gresham joined the Abbeyfield movement, committed to the care of the elderly. He became chairman of the Abbeyfield home in Oxley. But it was with those who needed extra care that he came to concern himself.

Despite the onset of Parkinson's disease in 1980, Gresham set up the North Downs Extra Care Society with the objective of building a 22-bed house for the frail and elderly who needed assistance at all times of day. This house has now been in existence for ten years and is named after David Gresham. In 1995 he was appointed MBE.

Gresham's wife, Millie, worked alongside him at the North Downs home. He is survived by her and by two sons.

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Programme makers cater to nostalgia for a lost world

Cooking for kitchen voyeurs

Mum! "Ooooh!" "Whew!" "Wonderful! Wonderful!" The orgasmic squeals and moans issuing from Loyd Grossman and company on BBC1 on Sunday would have done for Channel 4 after midnight. But they passed muster as daytime fare, for the stimulants were merely the *Junior Masterchef's* scallop-stuffed ravioli and caramelised pear tart with mulled-wine ice cream.

It's not the sensuous presentation of food on television that makes me squirm. Rather, it's the pretence that viewers are watching for culinary instruction. The shows are daytime pornography. All these gorgeous day-time goodies are being consumed by a nation of voyeurs: people who get their gustatory kicks from watching other people cook but don't actually do it themselves.

There are exceptions, of course. I myself have occasionally been tempted to try pounding rosemary, garlic and anchovies into the smooth paste as seen on the screen. But the audience before whom these demonstrations are performed consists in no small part of students in bedsits, pensioners and unemployed men. They would no more try "Ragout of Ravishing Mustard Tart" at home than they would try to make binoculars out of toilet rolls.

How come? Nostalgia. Hunger for a lost world, a golden age of home-peeled spuds and hand-wrung chickens. Sipping there alone with a bag of crisps watching *Simply Delicious* with *Family and Friends* (this series starts on Carlton tomorrow with potatoes) is as sentimental an exercise as watching *Sense and Sensibility*.

That people are not eating family meals any more bodes ill for the future of the sitcom. The table is centrepiece of the old family comedy: the place where all the characters interact. The teenagers rebel, the mother (who is also the cook) cajoles, the father lays down the law and looks a buffoon. This tradition, going back to the days of Andy Hardy films and *I Love Lucy*, is being kept alive, as I have pointed out before, by that deeply moral cartoon strip, *The Simpsons*. The Simpsons eat together — two courses, if memory serves: dessert is part of the ritual of the old American way of life.

As a dramatic focal point, the dining table is hard to beat. As *The Last Supper* demonstrates, it gets all the principal players in the same tight shot. But it is hard to find characters in today's realistic soap operas eating together round the same board. These people snack rather than eat. Accordingly, the dramatist resorts to the diner, the café counter and the pub to bring them together

and to show that, like the earlier counterparts, they do occasionally need to eat.

Australian soaps make a lot of the kitchen — characters in *Neighbours* and *Home and Away* seem always to be opening the fridge, but only as an activity incidental to talking about relationships. Consumption tends to take place either standing or in coffee bars.

Yet even though modern Britain consumes its food in haste and in solitude, the television time devoted to its preparation continues to increase. Last week, Carlton Television launched a cable network devoted entirely to food. The advantages to the makers of such programmes is obvious. They are cheap, fill those omnivorous hours in the daytime schedule and offer extra income, for broadcaster and presenter alike, from the sale of magazines and cookbooks.

It's all hard on the viewers, though, tempted by these mountains of glorious food, then, if they watch ITV, to sign up for Weight Watchers or buy some low-calorie product. This conflict between the unreality of the cookery programmes and the fast-food realism of the soap operas can have only one result: guilt. Step forward Janni Robinson, with *The Food Chain*. This new BBC2 series finds us all guilty.

For wanting processed food and for not asking enough about how it gets to us, Robinson even got a grim-faced expert last week to say that as a result, we are worse fed as a nation than during the Great Depression.

At best, this new puritanism is pointless. Thanks to the BSE crisis, we are all too aware of the contents of the tasty pie and burger. At worst, the sermon is misleading. The growth and distribution of food is one of the areas of life where there has been genuine progress.

What we need is not more antifood propaganda but more reminders of the joys of convenience food. We need to teach the young that, rather than stuffing themselves on crisps, they should microwave some *pasta arrabbiata* instead. The new galloping gourmet should be a single parent or a working mother, who will remind those who don't know what women had to do in the past to put three meals a day on the table. She should also say a good word for mass-production, and recall the not-distant days when the most common association with the word "chicken" was not "battery-reared" but "Sunday". As for the disappearance of the mealtime, eating out has never been cheaper. There is no more binding experience for a family than to dine out together. The French learnt that long ago.



BRENDA MADDOX

Poster that failed to please

AS Lord Runcie keeps the nation rapt by his reflections on the Prince of Wales and Lady Thatcher, *The Listener* can bring you news of more discord within the Church of England.

It seems that the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Archbishop of York were not the only ones displeased by the Churches Advertising Network's (CAN) daring choice of Christmas poster campaign this year. The CAN also incurred the disapproval of the mighty Sir Cliff Richard.

Their poster, a trendy affair featuring the slogan "Bad Hair Day? You're a virgin, you've just given birth and now three kings have shown up", was criticised for being inappropriate to the spirit of Christmas and appealing to job culture. Unbeknown to most, however, this was not



Cliff: No to poster plan

CAN's first choice. Among seven other versions attempted was a poster featuring a picture of the celebrity Christian beneath the words "Hard luck Cliff, Jesus is Number One this Christmas".

All was ready to run until the organisation dutifully checked with Sir Cliff and found he did not like it. As a result, it was decided not to go ahead with that particular poster.

FOR reasons best known to itself, LIVE TV has taken to sending out free novelty car stickers in an effort to grab those ever-elusive viewers. In a project codenamed *Rear Wit-*

dow Wisdom, the management invites you to place one of 12 squirmingly crass slogans in your car, resulting in free advertising for them and total ridicule for you.

Among the sub *My-other-car's-a-Rolls-Royce* species of stickers are "I still miss my ex but my aim is improving", "If you think education is expensive try ignorance" and "My wife said if I don't quit fishing she's going to divorce me. God I'm going to miss her."

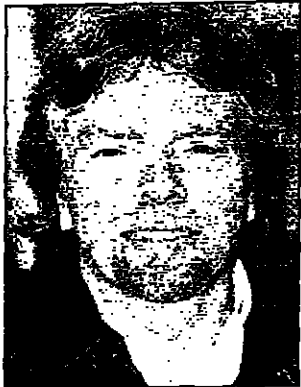
One of the slogans, however, could have some prophetic value for the struggling station and Mirror Group shareholders. It reads "Get even — die in debt."

Rosie hue

THE *Independent* on Sunday's courtship of Rosie Boycott is now reaching epic proportions. For months now the formidable ambitious editor of *Esquire* magazine has been wooed and dined by the Sindy's management, allegedly with the post of editor in mind, but a pass has yet to be made. One thing is for certain, Ms Boycott, who launched *Spare Rib*, the radical feminist magazine, would live up to the rather gloomy offices at Canary Wharf.

What could be delaying matters is the popularity of the current editor Peter Wilby. The paper does not want to risk losing even more staff and Wilby is one of the few reasons they have to stay.

THE ad men at Richard Branson's Virgin Radio are a suspicious bunch. They immediately jumped to conclusions after a bus shelter



Branson: Ad men jump

which they planned to use in a promotional shoot was vandalised. The Adshel bus shelter just happens to be outside the headquarters of their main rival, London's Capital Radio.

Judging by a press release

Pud rising

PROFESSIONAL Yorkshireman though he is, Michael Parkinson can clearly still learn a thing or two from the pensioners in white rose county. The nation's favourite chat show host, who pens a monthly column for *Saga*, the magazine for the elderly, was clearly struck for something to write about, so turned his attention to that old favourite, Yorkshire puddings.

His piece gave rise to no fewer than 79 letters of complaint from the readers. "Please inform Michael Parkinson that making Yorkshire puddings with flour is tantamount to saying that Fred Trueman bowled for Lancashire," scolded Mrs M. Collier, of Beverley, Humberside. "Use plain."

You can put your shirt on Cantona



Eric Cantona is much in demand

ERIC CANTONA seems to be everywhere but on the football pitch at the moment. He is either seen fronting Nike's advertising, cropping up in commercials for Eurostar or now, it emerges, starting in an ad for Cellnet.

At least his shirt is. The star is evidently so expensive that the agency, the McWilliams Partnership, could not afford the man himself. However, they used his trademark No 7 top in an ad for the launch of Cellnet's special Manchester United-branded mobile phone.

The shirt is featured in press work and on posters emblazoned with the slogan "Ooh, aah can I one ya" — a "cheesy but effective" adaptation of the legendary Cantona chant, claims a spokesman. Given the overuse of the French celebrity, perhaps it is more a case of "Ooh, aah gone too far".

THERE is a worrying trend emerging in adland. An increasing number of design companies are, to quote one

ADVERTISING

distressed insider, "parking their tanks on agencies' front lawns."

The concern is over the apparent surge in client companies forcing agencies to share advertising contracts with design outfits. Some are even bypassing agencies altogether and awarding the design experts their entire advertising business.

Saatchi and Saatchi recently had its nose put out by Wolff Olins, which was heavily involved in the "Give me 5" returning campaign for Channel 5. Another company, Identica, is also said to be working uncomfortably closely with Bartle Bogle Hegarty on the relaunch of Mercury One 2 One.

And now Lambie-Nairn, the TV ident specialists, have just beaten Bates Communications to the advertising business for EBN, the cable and satellite TV station.

The win marks Lambie-Nairn's first

significant foray above the line. It is also the "start of further similar developments of existing clients," according to Lambie-Nairn's head of marketing, David Robinson.

ONE of the nation's most successful advertising icons, Direct Line's red telephone, could be facing an untimely demise.

The insurance company is reviewing its £13 million advertising business, now housed at the Wonderbra-to-Nissan shop, TBWA. TBWA is being given the chance to defend its role, but will be battling against Mellors Reay and Partners and Mortimer Whitaker O'Sullivan.

Despite the rethink, the red phone, complete with wheels and somewhat distressing jingle, has been a scarily successful — for the company — if a little embarrassing for the creative snobs down at TBWA.

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Spin-doctors and the credibility gap

Although I have never been known as a sensitive plant, I must confess to some distress at being called a spin-doctor — or, more properly, an ex-spin-doctor. This is not because it is now a term of abuse. Anyone who has been called a sewer — as I was by John Biffen who carefully distinguished me from the sewage I was supposed to carry — tends to find that much that is subsequently thrown at them is relatively complimentary.

I am distressed because I have never practised as a spin-doctor and never regarded myself as one. I therefore feel I owe it to my former colleagues in the Government Information Service (GIS), which I led for a couple of years, and responsible PROs in the wider public relations industry to protect them from guilt by association with this import from North America. I can best do so by defining what is and what is not a spin-doctor.

The 1,200 or so members of the GIS come nowhere near qualifying. Their two prime functions are to promote an informed public, mainly through the press, radio and television, about the Government's policies and measures and to advise ministers and officials on their presentation. Of course they seek to put the best possible gloss on the works of the Government of the day, consistent with the facts — in so far as they can be established — and reality. They try to engineer opportunities for their minister to argue the case for his policies and measures and to defend them when under attack.

They also seek to preserve their minister's freedom of manoeuvre by avoiding, if at



At the Edinburgh Television Festival a session was set aside to debate the growing efforts of spin-doctors to influence news reports. Yesterday the Freedom Forum discussed whether spin-doctors were 'Feeding the Press or Starving the Public'. Here, Sir Bernard Ingham, the man Lady Thatcher called "the best press secretary in the world", gives his definition of a spin-doctor

all possible, the premature disclosure of information. But they operate under one overriding constraint: their personal credibility.

Press secretaries, as members of the GIS, have chosen to make a profession out of spokespersonship. Their licence to operate is their credibility as reliable informants. It takes years to build up that credibility. It can be destroyed in one careless moment.

They seek at all times to defend their credibility. It is this — their longer term approach to their job — which partly distinguishes them from mere spin-doctors.

But they are also set apart, even from private sector public relations, by being precluded from promoting their minister's image and political fortunes. They have, of course, to take account of their minister's strengths and weaknesses for these can get in the way of conveying the message.

For example, I could never

ignore Margaret Thatcher's remarkable ability to appear hard and uncaring in advising her how to present a case. But I was not there to destroy her iron Lady image. I may well have enhanced it by the confidence with which I represented her position. But that was not the objective of the exercise. My briefing reflected the reality of her constancy and strength of purpose. She lost or gained incidentally.

All political parties have long accepted that good presentation by the official machine may bring the Government a political bonus. But opposition parties will only continue to acquiesce in it if they are satisfied that it arises incidentally from the work of civil servants paid by the taxpayer.

The third distinguishing feature between the GIS and spin-doctors is their role in fashioning policy. Generally, the GIS's job is to present a given line, programme or measure. Their presentational advice may refine it and occasionally they may in-



Labour leader Tony Blair with spin-doctor Peter Mandelson, MP. Spin doctors claim personality, image and policy are their core business

advertently make policy through their briefings. But they are not primarily there to devise policy.

Spin doctors on the other hand, claim personality, image and policy to be their core businesses. Peter Mandelson MP and a certain Dick Morris, now fallen from White House grace after a much-publicised encounter with a prostitute, are clearly identified in these ways respectively

with Labour leader Tony Blair and President Clinton.

Indeed, Mr Morris is described as "the architect of the new Clinton" much as, I suspect, an unblinking Mr Mandelson would claim to be the inspiration behind "New Labour". Spin-doctors are thus partisan, political operators with a communications background and an inclination to play Svengali. They see politicians and their programmes

as "products". They devise marketing campaigns for those products much as they would flog cornflakes or Wonderbras and they measure their success in publicity. How else can you explain the Tories' perseverance with their "demon eyes" advertising?

On the evidence provided by Mr Morris, spin-doctors also believe that they can turn water into wine. Who else would have had the gall to

work on Bill Clinton? Who else — Mr Blair apart — would have had Mr Mandelson's temerity to refashion the old socialist, profligate Labour Party after Maggie's financial prudent, enterprise Tories? This is not a trade for modest, sensitive men.

Nor do they have much to do with political philosophy. In fact, the fewer a political leader's beliefs, the more he needs a spin-doctor to make

up for his deficiency — and the greater the spin-doctor's opportunity since his principal brings little baggage to the party. We thus see that spin-doctors have little in common with self-effacing GIS press secretaries. They seek to create a new reality while press officers cope with the here and now. They reflect the prevailing dearth of ideology.

They are perhaps an index of political poverty.

Jennai Cox asks why feminine competition is excluded from media sports coverage and finds that male attitudes are to blame

Why women don't make the back page

In the run-up to the Olympics in Atlanta, Newsweek said: "Female athletes are the ones to watch". And for a few days they were.

But now, with Atlanta a distant memory, the media has returned to its "all-male-the-time" policy or, to coin an American phrase, "symbolic annihilation" — the killing of coverage of female sports.

This is the view of author and former US athlete Mariah Burton Nelson whose new book bemoans the media's systematic neglect of female sport. Ms Burton Nelson tells how she once perused the newspapers as a basketball player in the Seventies. "I'd scrutinise the sports pages, hoping to see something I could relate to," she says. "I almost never did."

Girls reading sports pages today have the same experience, she claims, and because there is so little with which to identify they think that women do not compete much. Her book *The Stronger Women Got The More Men Love Football*, published recently, complains that at best the media minimises female competitive sport and, at worst, ignores it. It argues that the coverage of sport is one of the last areas of male dominance. "Nowhere are women

as under-represented as they are in the sports pages, and nowhere are women so systematically thrust into feminine, sexual roles."

Even during the Atlanta games there was an attempt, she says, to trivialise female sports. "There were a lot of

gymnasts and swimmers wearing leotards and swimsuits, but very little coverage of team games."

Professor Margaret Talbot, head of sport at Leeds Metropolitan University, claims the portrayal of women's sport has long been conditional on

them looking like girls. "There seems to be an unease about seeing women achieving and striving. Women are expected to conform to a strong feminine stereotype," she said.

Swimmers fall within acceptable female behaviour,

whereas female soccer is always seen as an inferior version to male football. "None of which corresponds with reality. There is plenty of evidence to show many people prefer female tennis," Professor Talbot says.

Ms Burton Nelson believes most women ignore newspaper sport thinking it is not important. They are mistaken, she says, and need to be aware that "men feel threatened that women's performance in sport is improving."

In the last century there were concerted attempts by the establishment to stop women playing sports. *The Birmingham Daily Mail* in 1881 described women's cricket as "essentially a male game" which "can never be played properly in petticoats" and pleaded with them not to enter this "insane physical rivalry with men". These days, says Ms Burton Nelson, the coverage is controlled, instead.

Television commentators and newspaper sports editors in America are still predominantly men who favour the sports in which males dominate — just eight per cent of

coverage is of women's sports. The situation is similar here. ITV and Channel 4 broadcast mainly horse racing, American football, rugby, boxing and motor racing; most BBC sport is male-dominated and while satellite channels have greater variety the flagship programme on Sky Sport is Premiership football.

Fewer women write about sports than any other popular media subject, despite quite recently showing more interest in sports journalism. "Men can no longer say sport is masculine. Millions of girls are playing, coaching and a lot are now writing about it," says Ms Burton Nelson. She quotes Kate Callen, a former sports editor, who thinks because they are not dazzled by the stars, women can make better sports writers.

The sports editor of *The Sunday Telegraph*, Colin Gibson, also said female sports reporters may be known as "fluffies", but because of their isolation from the pack they learn to develop their own style. Steve Pinder, a sports journalism lecturer at

City University, agrees. "Each year more women choose the sports specialism. They bring a fresh eye to the subject whereas the men tend to have set ideas," he says.

During television and radio phone-ins to promote another of her books about the achievements of female athletes, Ms Burton Nelson was constantly told by men: "Yes, but a woman will never play pro football." As more women play "male sports" she believes they might.

An estimated 20,000 women play football in the UK and a recent international game against Portugal drew an audience of 2,000, many of whom were men, according to the Football Association. William Hill has taken bets from mothers on their daughters playing for England and it is not inconceivable, says Graham Sharpe of the bookmakers, that a women's FA Cup final will one day pack Wembley. That will give everyone something to read in the sports pages.



Ladies' cricket thrives but they were told in 1881 "end this insane rivalry with men"

Authors outdo reporters in newspaper circulation war

Newspapers are written by journalists but it is often the authors of books who beat Fleet Street's ace reporters and get the best stories. That has been well demonstrated this week by the serialisation in *The Times* of Humphrey Carpenter's biography of the former Archbishop of Canterbury, Robert Runcie.

According to the *Daily Mirror*, the explosive political book everyone is talking about is *Secret Society*, by the Liberal Democrat MP Emma Nicholson, who defected from the Tory party earlier this year. Her story of the Tory party started on Monday with an account of a flirtatious John Major. Emma Nicholson is a feisty woman but I have news for the *Mirror*'s editor, Piers Morgan. You're wrong — the book everybody is talking about this week is Humphrey Carpenter's *Robert Runcie*.

Carpenter has never been a journalist but the revelations in his Runcie biography produced three consecutive splashy front pages of *The Guardian*, *The Independent*, the *Daily Mail*, *Daily Express* and *The Sun*. They were

also covered on the influential *Today* radio programme and the main BBC and ITN television news bulletins.

September is the month when newspapers are looking to serialisations to get readers back into the newspaper habit after their summer holidays. It is also the month when Britain's publishers launch the battle for the Christmas bestseller lists. More books are published between September and November — and more sold — than in the rest of the year.

Editors are bombarded throughout the year with proposals for serialisations from publishers. Some, notably *The Sunday Times* and the *Daily Mail*, are looking for serialisations almost every week of the year. Others concentrate on autumn, January and April, when sales need a kick start and a sensational serial helps.

Selecting serials demands



PAPER ROUND Brian MacArthur

nice choices both by editors and publishers. Publishers have two ambitions. One is to recoup a significant portion of the advances they have paid to authors. The second is to sell a serialisation to the newspaper which offers the most suitable environment for their author, his subject and potential readers. *Robert Runcie* would usually be as unsuitable for *The Sun* as the memoirs of Samantha Fox would be for *The Times*.

The teasing question for editors is: will a book on offer for serial genuinely boost sales or simply keep readers happy with a good read? Is it

worth £5,000, £25,000, £50,000 — or are Sarah Duchess of York's memoirs, due this autumn, worth £500,000? Add another half a million to that for advertising on television and the Duchess has to sell a lot of newspapers to make such an investment worthwhile. Yet rivalries in Fleet Street are so fierce that a bill for £1 million may be considered cheap if it persuades readers to switch papers, particularly if some are persuaded to stick with their new choice.

Some of this autumn's early choices have been up for inspection in the past two

weeks — Joan Collins in the *Sunday Express* and *Daily Express*; *The Last Days of the Romanovs* and the *Oprah* Winfrey *Dier* in the *Daily Mail*; Buddy Holly in *The Sunday Times*, drug dealer Howard Marks and Tony Blair in *The Guardian*, as well as Robert Runcie and Emma Nicholson.

Still to come are Sarah Duchess of York; the story of Andre Hanscombe, the partner of Rachel Nickell (and father of their child) who was murdered on Wimbledon Common in 1992; and, cashing in on the success of the Nicholas Evans novel, Monty Roberts's story of his work as horse whisperer to the Queen. After being rejected by several major players, it looks as though *An Evil Love*, Geoffrey Wansell's life of Frederick West, so horrifying that most newspapers would not even consider a serialisation, has found a Sunday buyer.

Serialisations are only one aspect of the mutual relationship between editors and publishers. On Saturday Rachel Billington, author of *Perfect Happiness*, the sequel to *Emma*, was writing about Jane Austen in both *The Times* and *The Daily Telegraph*. On Sunday, *The Observer* was trying to unravel the mystery of the first name of Inspector Morse, soon to be revealed in Colin Dexter's new novel.

On Monday, stories about five books — the new Penguin History of England, Robert Runcie, *The Archers*, A.A. Gill and Peter Stringfellow — made the dominant items on seven pages of *The Daily Telegraph* and were the subjects of two of the three leading articles.

Without the book industry, especially on Saturdays and Sundays, news editors would often be looking at empty pages. It is a good deal for both parties. Newspapers get good stories and access to star names for interviews and profiles — and the publishers get loads of free publicity to sell their books. They are so lucky they often forget to advertise them in the papers that give them so much help.

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NEWS

Britain to abandon 'mad cow' cull

The slaughter of 125,000 cattle is likely to be halted by ministers, and the cull — designed to persuade Europe to lift the ban on British beef — may never be carried out.

The decision, which could inflame the dispute between Britain and her European partners, comes in the light of new research suggesting that "mad cow" disease will die out naturally in five years. Page 1

Swiss told to repay Nazi gold

A huge hoard of gold looted by the Nazis during the Second World War is still being held in Swiss banks and now Britain is to ask for it to be returned. A top Swiss bank official has admitted that gold worth \$500 million — £4.6 billion at today's prices — was hidden in the country's vaults but only a fraction has been surrendered. Pages 1, 5

Blair accused

Tony Blair tried to defuse the row over Labour's plans to curb strike action as trade union leaders accused him of "kicking them in the teeth". Page 1

Meningitis warning

A surge in meningitis cases this winter was predicted by public health specialists after official figures revealed that last winter's total was the highest for more than 20 years. Page 1

Tax loophole plan

The Labour leadership is considering ways of reducing tax loopholes enjoyed by the wealthy as an alternative to raising the top marginal rate of income tax of 40 per cent. Page 2

Legal aid law delay

Plans to stop legal aid funds being wasted on undeserving cases and to force people to pay towards their legal aid bills have effectively been shelved by the Government. Page 2

Hospital blunders

An investigation into a unit at Grimsby Hospital where three people died and two babies were stillborn found a catalogue of errors and ineptitude. Page 3

Stone Age blues

Early man could play the blues with instruments made from bird bones, the British Association meeting in Birmingham was told. Page 7

Catherine Cookson does it her way

At the age of 90, Dame Catherine Cookson, whose books have sold more than 100 million copies, is launching a new career as a singer with the release of a tape featuring her renditions of old-time favourites and songs she has written herself. Called *Her Way*, the tape has been mixed and cleared of background noise at the Abbey Road studios. Page 1

Farm terror threat

Loyalist terrorists have threatened to kill a group of Irish businessmen who bought a large farm in the Irish Republic from a Protestant family who had been evicted. Page 10

Fish claim put off

A claim by Spanish fishermen for £80 million compensation from the Government for stopping them fishing in British waters was delayed. Page 11

Clinton denial

Dick Morris, President Clinton's disgraced political strategist, sent investigators a statement denying he told a prostitute that Hillary Clinton was responsible for requisitioning FBI files. Page 12

Lenin down under

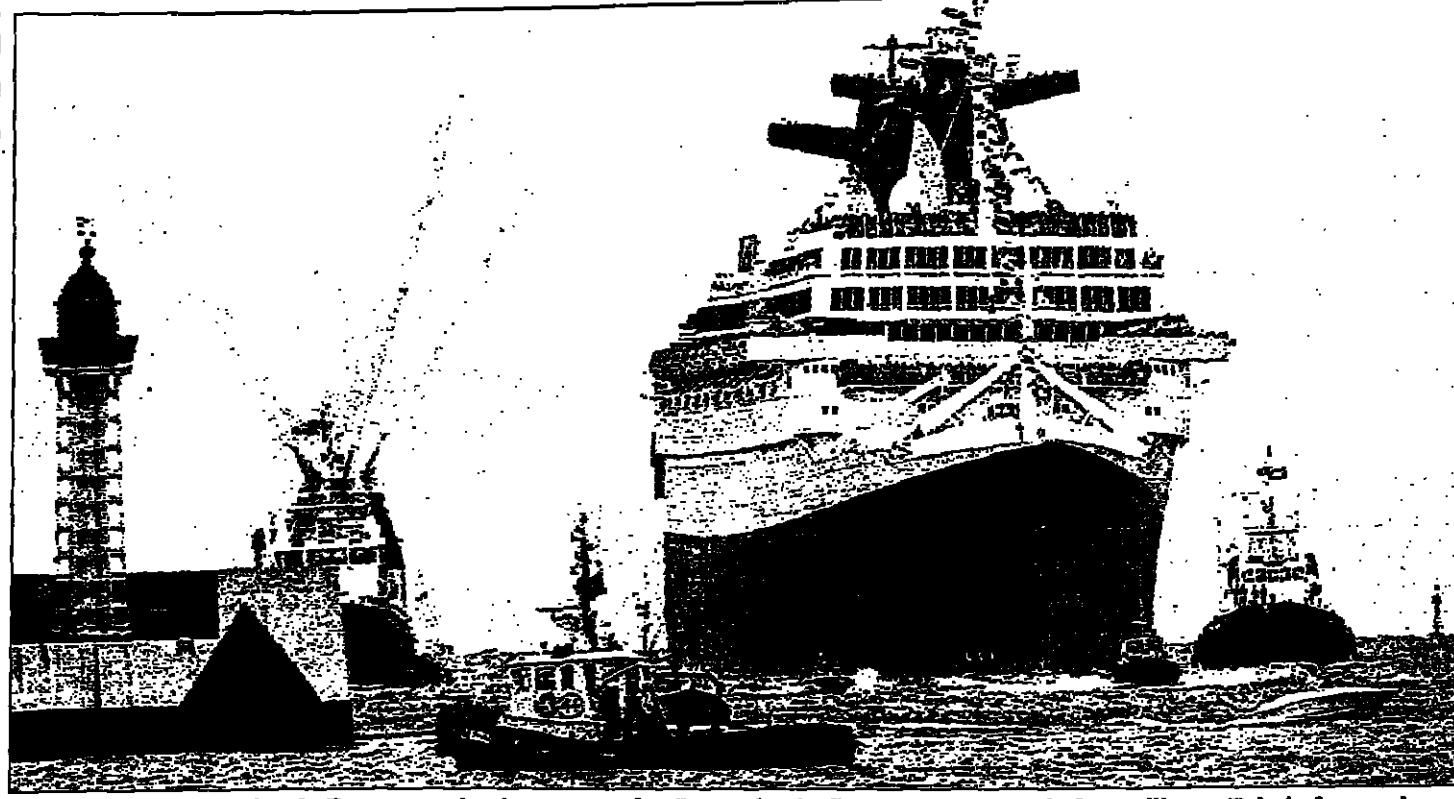
Five years after his death, Australia's most eminent historian, Professor Manning Clark, is being demonised as a traitor, after allegations by a newspaper that he wore the Order of Lenin. Page 12

Belgian arrests

In Belgium 23 people, including 11 police officers, were questioned in connection with Marc Dutroux, the confessed paedophile murderer. Page 13

Saddam rebuilds

The Pentagon said that President Saddam Hussein was rebuilding air defence missile sites hit by US cruise missile attacks on southern Iraq. Page 14



The Norway — previously France — at her home port of Le Havre for the first time in 17 years before sailing to Britain for repairs

BUSINESS

Lloyd's of London: The body has fined seven underwriting agencies and barred five intermediaries from doing business, in a signal disciplinary drive at the insurance market. Page 25

Alcopops: The craze for alcopops drinks is destroying sales of cider. Matthew Clark, the drinks company, revealed. Page 25

Phone bills: British Telecom yesterday shaved another £214 million from the phone bills in an effort to stem the flow of customers to rival cable companies. Page 25

Markets: The FT-SE 100 Index rose 4.4 points to close at 3915.2. Sterling's trade-weighted index rose from 85.6 to 86.1 after a fall from \$1.5601 to \$1.5565 but a rise from DM2.3270 to DM2.3470. Page 28

SPORT

Football: George Graham, who had been out of the game since February last year, was appointed to succeed Howard Wilkinson at Leeds United. Page 48

Crickets: Philip Tufnell, the Middlesex spin bowler, was selected for England's tour of Zimbabwe and New Zealand. Nasser Hussain will be vice-captain. Page 46

Rugby union: A match between the Barbarians and Australia in December will go ahead despite Australian claims that they will play England. Page 42

Tennis: Andrei Medvedev, the No 4 seed in the Bournemouth International tournament, was knocked out by Tom Kemper, a qualifier ranked 512 in the world. Page 43

ARTS

Opera heroine: Love is on Rosa Mannion's mind, as the soprano prepares for her debut as Violeta in Jonathan Miller's new production of *La traviata*, which opens the ENO season this week. Page 35

Opera hope: Next Monday, almost nine months after the Millennium Commission consigned the Cardiff Bay Opera House to the list of lottery might-have-beens, a new lottery bid is under way. Page 35

Pop veterans: Donald Fagen and Walter Becker, better known as Steely Dan, thrill their somewhat mature fans at Wembley. Page 36

Dramatic arrival: At last the West End has a serious new play to consider, with the arrival of Diane Samuels's fine *Kindertransport*, starring Diana Quick. Page 37

FEATURES

Fence-sitting: The serialisation of Lord Runcie's biography reveals Terry Waite's feelings when his life was on the line. Page 17

Nigella Lawson asks who makes the rules when smacking adult and smacked child are unrelated by blood. Page 17

FASHION

Kicking out: Flares may flap but this season's bootcut trousers are flattering. Page 16

MEDIA

Feeding the press: Bernard Ingham, "the best press secretary in the world", gives his own definition of a spin-doctor. Page 23

Brenda Maddox says that programme makers are catering to our love of nostalgia. Page 22

HOMES

On the up: Homes in the London areas that have suffered most are now seeing rising prices. Page 34

THE PAPERS

Clinton is risking burning himself. The Iraqi affair is not a clear international success and the head of the White House has already had to defend himself for having abandoned the CIA's allies in Kurdistan during the Iraqi offensive. Two months remain during which the doubts could deepen. — *Le Figaro*

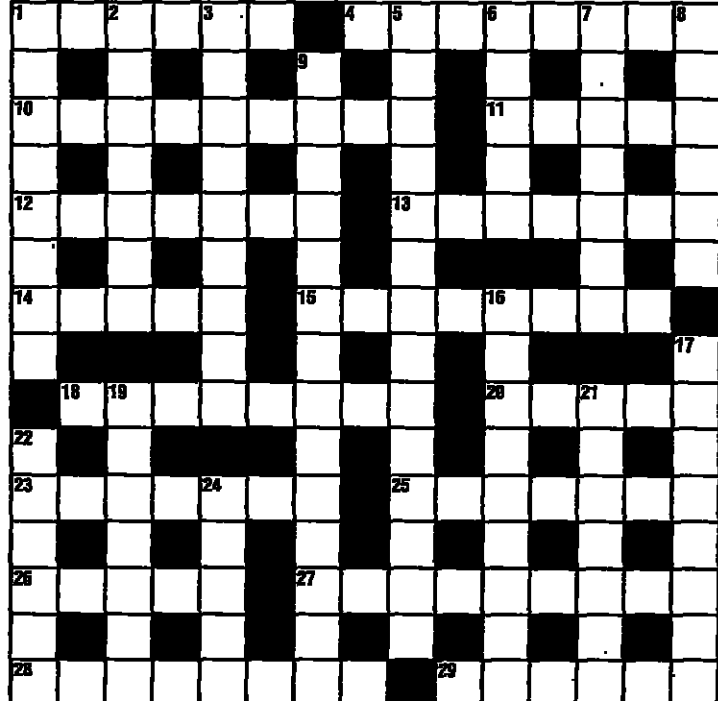
TOMORROW

IN THE TIMES
Matthew McConaughey and Sandra Bullock in the courtroom drama *A Time to Kill*

BOOKS
George Austin on the Runcie biography, Linda Colley reviews Roy Strong's British history

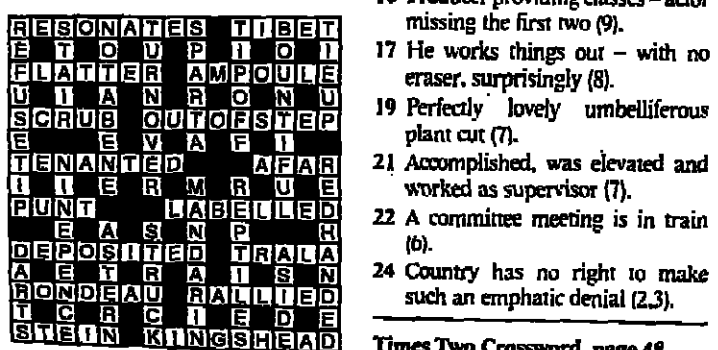


THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 20,270



- ACROSS**
- Bunch of keys found in trash (6).
 - Great dislike of Aristotle's first translation (8).
 - Conservative taking the right line in assembly (9).
 - Blown out, having fed us in mess (5).
 - Exercise with arms the media raised for discussion (5-2).
 - Late deliveries, do you say? (7).
 - Essex train carrying more than expected (5).
 - Type taking pet, for example, by Circle Line (8).
 - Very loudly utter a fabrication in pious fraud (8).
 - Halter Lear's pig had? (5).
 - Keep pleading to have fine overturned? That's a bloomer (7).
 - People who shape landscapes? (7).
 - Brook coming from a lake, not much above sea-level (5).
- DOWN**
- No curates involved with this sort of woman? (9).
 - Hull supporters may be put up here (8).
 - Back pay makes one able to write cheques (6).
 - Figure out in price he'd got wrong (8).
 - A gnome's most loving when furthest away? (7).
 - Worker, after one, tucked into crusty roll (9).
 - Constable's work, putting banks in the picture (4,2,3,5).
 - Plunder from Winchester, possibly (5).
 - Such a trader could be in gaol at Reading, say? (7).
 - Frank leaving underground, strangely, to be a jogger (6).
 - Practice of corn being processed? Miller's work, that is (6,2,6).
 - Producer providing classes — actor missing the first two (9).
 - He works things out — with no eraser, surprisingly (8).
 - Perfectly lovely umbelliferous plant cut (7).
 - Accomplished, was elevated and worked as supervisor (7).
 - A committee meeting is in train (6).
 - Country has no right to make such an emphatic denial (2,3).

Solution to Puzzle No 20,269



TIMES WEATHERCAST

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Region	Forecast
Greater London	701
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Devon, Dorset & Cornwall	703
Wilt, Gloucestershire, Somerset	704
Berkshire, Bucks, Oxford	705
Bedfordshire & Herts	706
Northants, Suffolk, Cambs	707
West Mid & Shropshire & Cheshire	708
Shropshire, Hereford & Worcester	709
Central Midlands	710
East Midlands	711
Lincoln & Humberside	712
Dyfed & Pembrokeshire	713
Gwynedd & Cymru	714
N.W. England	715
W. & S. Wales & Wales	716
N.E. England	717
Cumbria & Lake District	718
S.W. Scotland	719
W. Central Scotland	720
Edinburgh & Borders	721
E. Central Scotland	722
Scotland & E. Highlands	723
N.W. Scotland	724
Channel Islands, Orkney & Shetland	725
N. Ireland	726

Weathercast is charged at 39p per minute (cheapest rate) and 49p per minute at all other times.

AA ROADWATCH

For the latest AA traffic/roadworks information, 24 hours a day, dial 0330 401 followed by the appropriate code.

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HIGHEST & LOWEST

Yesterday's highest day temp: Glasgow airport 20C (68F); lowest day temp: Sella Ness, Shetland, 11C (52F). Highest rainfall: Warrick, Lincolnshire, 9.2mm. Highest sunshine: Aspley, Cumbria, 9.8hr.

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FORECAST

General: eastern counties of England will have a lot of cloud and some patchy rain or drizzle, but to the west and over Wales it will be dry and fairly bright for the most part. Winds will be from a northerly point, making it feel rather chilly in places despite normal temperatures.

Much of Scotland and Northern Ireland will be cloudy with some rain or drizzle and near-normal temperatures, but south of high ground it will be mainly dry and bright, and so a little warmer. Clearer, showery weather will reach the breezy north later.

London, Central S. England, E. Midlands, W. Midlands, S. Wales, NW. England, Central N. fairly bright with a few sunny intervals. Some isolated daytime showers. Wind north or northwest, light. Max 19C (66F).

SE. England, E. Anglia, E. England, NE. England: rather cloudy with some rain or drizzle, mainly near coasts. Wind north or northwest, light or moderate. Max 18C (64F).

Channel Isles, SW. England: mainly dry and bright with some sunny intervals. Wind north or north-east, light. Max 18C (64F).

N. Wales, Lake District, Isle of Man, SW. Scotland, Argyll, N. Ireland: rather cloudy but mainly dry. Some local drizzle patches. Wind mainly northwest, light. Max 17C (63F).

Borders, Edinburgh & Dundee, Glasgow, Central Highlands: mainly dry and bright. Isolated drizzle patches at first. Wind northwest or west, mainly light. Max 18C (64F).

Aberdeen, Moray Firth, NE. Scotland, NW. Scotland, Orkney, Shetland: rain or drizzle at first, clearing from north later, with showers. Wind west or northwest, moderate or fresh. Max 16C (61F).

Outlook for Thursday and Friday: bright or sunny spells developing from the north. A few showers in the east.

AROUND BRITAIN YESTERDAY

24 hrs to 5 pm: b=brilliant; c=cloud; d=drizzle; ds=drizzle shower; du=drizzle; f=fair; g=gale; h=hail; l=light; m=moderate; n=night; r=rain; s=sunny; sh=showers; st=storm; t=thunder; w=wind; x=other.

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Rain	Other
Aberdeen	15	10	10	10	10
London	18	10	10	10	10
Manchester	17	10	10	10	10
Cardiff	16	10	10	10	10
Belfast	15	10	10	10	10
Edinburgh	14	10	10	10	10
Glasgow	13	10	10	10	10
Newcastle	12	10	10	10	10
Sheffield	11	10	10	10	10
Nottingham	10	10	10	10	10
Leeds	9	10	10	10	10
Sheff	8	10	10	10	10
Cardiff	7	10	10	10	10
Belfast	6	10	10	10	10
Edinburgh	5	10	10	10	10
Glasgow	4	10	10	10	10
Newcastle	3	10	10	10	10
Sheffield	2	10	10	10	10
Nottingham	1	10	10	10	10
Leeds	0	10	10	10	10
Sheff	-1	10	10	10	10
Cardiff	-2	10	10	10	10
Belfast	-3	10	10	10	10
Edinburgh	-4	10	10	10	10
Glasgow	-5	10	10	10	10
Newcastle	-6	10	10	10	10
Sheffield	-7	10	10	10	10
Nottingham	-8	10	10	10	10
Leeds	-9	10	10	10	10
Sheff	-10	10	10	10	10

ABROAD

City	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Rain	Other
Algeria	25	10	10	10	10
Amman	24	10	10	10	10
Algiers	23	10	10	10	10
Antwerp	22	10	10	10	10
Athens	21	10	10	10	10
Bahia	20	10	10	10	10
Bangkok	19	10	10	10	10
Barcelona	18	10	10	10	10
Berlin	17	10	10	10	10
Bombay	16	10	10	10	10
Buenos Aires	15	10	10	10	10
Calcutta	14	10	10	10	10
Cairo	13	10	10	10	10
Cardiff	12	10	10	10	10
Chicago	11	10	10	10	10
Copenhagen	10	10	10	10	10
Dublin	9	10	10	10	10
Edinburgh	8	10	10	10	10
Glasgow	7	10	10	10	10
Hamburg	6	10	10	10	10
Harare	5	10	10	10	10
Helsinki	4	10	10	10	10
Hong Kong	3	10	10	10	10
Imbabura	2	10	10	10	10
Isfahan	1	10	10	10	10
Jakarta	0	10	10	10	10
Joazeiro	-1	10	10	10	10
London	-2	10	10	10	10
Los Angeles	-3	10	10	10	10
Lyons	-4	10	10	10	10
Madrid	-5	10	10	10	10
Moscow	-6	10	10	10	10
Mumbai	-7	10	10	10	10
Nairobi	-8	10	10	10	10
Norwich	-9	10	10	10	10
Oxford	-10	10	10	10	10
Paris	-11	10	10	10	10
Perth	-12	10	10	10	10
Portsmouth	-13	10	10	10	10
Rangoon	-14	10	10	10	10
Rio de Janeiro	-15	10	10	10	10
Rome	-16	10	10	10	10
Salt Lake City	-17	10	10	10	10
San Francisco	-18	10	10	10	10
Seattle	-19	10	10	10	10
Shanghai	-20	10	10	10	10
Sheff	-21	10	10	10	10
Stockholm	-22	10	10	10	10
Sydney	-23	10	10	10	10
Taipei	-24	10	10	10	10
Tokyo	-25	10	10	10	10
Toronto	-26	10	10	10	10
Ulaanbaatar	-27	10	10	10	10
Washington	-28	10	10	10	10
Wellington	-29	10	10	10	10
Winnipeg	-30	10	10	10	10

INSIDE SECTION

2

TODAY



HOMES

At last, proof of price rises in a difficult market
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ARTS

Rosa Mannion is Violetta in a new *Traviata*
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SPORT

Graham seeks a change of fortune at Leeds
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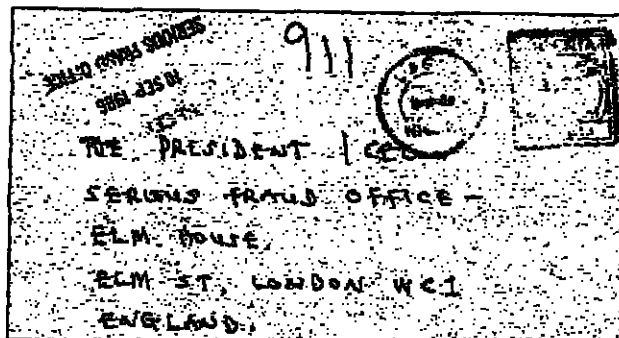
BUSINESS EDITOR Lindsay Cook

WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 11 1996

Fraudster tries to recruit SFO chief for Nigerian scam

By JON ASHWORTH

IT WAS just another fraudulent letter scam. The author was from out of town, he had \$32 million to place in a UK bank account, and he needed the help of a trustworthy person employed by a reputable company. Nothing could be simpler — except that the recipient was George Staple, and the "company" was the Serious Fraud Office (SFO). The Director of the SFO is not, perhaps, the most logical person to target for a fraudulent scheme. But so it unfolded yesterday, when a letter addressed to the "President/CEO" and carrying a Lagos postmark, arrived at the SFO's Elm House headquarters. Mr Staple was none



The letter addressed to the "President" of the SFO, and George Staple, the Director

recount the unhappy tale of an earlier deal that went wrong, costing him and his partners \$27.5 million. He adds: "This time around we need a more reliable and trustworthy person and a reputable company's account to transfer this money into. Hence this letter to you."

Dr Wilson concludes by asking Mr Staple to keep the proposed deal "top secret and confidential", since "top and



influential government functionaries" are involved. The transaction, needless to say, is "100 per cent risk free."

Mr Staple, a former partner in Clifford Chance, the City law firm, promptly referred the matter to an interested party — the Metropolitan Police Fraud Squad. The Met is said to have received at least 18,000 complaints about Nigerian letter frauds, and has reportedly made about 45 arrests. It is thought that at least \$39 million has been swindled from recipients who were rash enough to take up the offer.

Five men were sentenced to various terms in prison in January for their part in a Nigerian-based "tax fraud" which involved 400 victims in 60 countries. Metropolitan Police officers recovered £280,000, in a raid on three premises in central London. In May, two brothers were jailed for their part in a Lagos-based ring. Fraudsters are thought to employ UK-based operatives who literally page through telephone directories, plucking names and addresses at random. Presumably, the words Serious Fraud Office were innocuous enough not to trigger alarm.

BUSINESS TODAY

STOCK MARKET INDICES			
FT-SE 100	3916.1	(+5.3)	
Yield	4.0%		
FT-SE A All share	1936.02	(+3.35)	
Nikkei	20598.59	(+357.32)	
Dow Jones	5729.77	(-4.07)	
S&P Composite	664.07	(+0.31)	

US RATE			
Federal Funds	5 1/4%	(5 1/4%)	
Long Bond	9 3/4%	(9 3/4%)	
Yield	7.11%	(7.07%)	

LONDON MONEY			
3-mth Interbank	5 1/4%	(5 1/4%)	
Life long gilt	10 1/2%	(10 1/2%)	
Future (Dec)	10 1/2%	(10 1/2%)	

STERLING			
New York	1.5569	(1.5572)	
London	1.5567	(1.5569)	
DM	2.3474	(2.3471)	
FF	8.0082	(7.9462)	
Sfr	1.9197	(1.8876)	
Yen	171.07	(170.19)	
£ Index	86.1	(85.8)	

NORTH SEA OIL			
Brent 15-day (Nov)	\$22.10	(\$21.90)	
London close	\$383.45	(\$383.50)	

* denotes midday trading price

M&G deal urged on Kepit investors

By ANNE ASHWORTH

THE board of the beleaguered Kleinwort Benson European Privatisation Trust (Kepit) has written to its 70,000 investors informing them that their interests would be best served in a joint deal with M&G, the unit trust group.

However, the announcement immediately prompted a row between Kepit and Henderson Touche Remnant, the fund management group, whose TR European Growth (Treg) unit trust is bidding £500 million for Kepit.

Treg claimed that the M&G arrangement did not properly cater for the needs of the bulk of Kepit's disaffected investors who wanted cash.

The scandal at Morgan Grenfell Asset Management, whose European trusts are now the centre of an investigation that could lead to big upheaval for the trust industry, has added further confusion to the complex arguments over Kepit's fate. But Shane Ross, Kepit's chairman, denied that the events at Morgan Grenfell had in any way influenced his choice of a partner.

Mr Ross is recommending a scheme proposed by M&G under which investors could choose either to hold units in a new Kleinwort Benson European Privatisation unit trust, switch into M&G's European & General unit trust, or take cash by moving into Kleinwort's Money Market trust and then liquidating their holdings.

Mr Ross said that M&G's strategy was the most attractive of the ten proposals submitted by fund management groups. He was also highly critical of the Treg's £500 million bid that inspired the approaches from other suitors, including Barings, Flemings, Guinness Flight, Invesco

and Lazards. Morgan Grenfell withdrew from the fray, after the suspension of its European trusts last week.

Mr Ross claimed that Treg's plan to liquidate Kepit's entire portfolio would raise less for investors than the deal with M&G, as the market would reduce prices in anticipation of the sale. He added that Kepit investors would eventually be forced to bear Treg's £14 million worth of bid costs.

Treg was equally dismissive of Kepit's plan to link with M&G, reminding investors that the Kepit board had originally opposed the concept of unitisation. This is the process whereby an investment trust is turned to a unit trust to allow investors to cash in their holdings at their true value rather than at a discount. Kepit shares have languished at a discount since their launch in January.

James de Sausmarez, of Henderson Touche Remnant, said: "Those Kepit investors who want a continuing investment in Europe would be better off in Treg, whose performance is significantly better than M&G's. Most Kepit investors want cash. But the new Kleinwort trust and the M&G trust will be able to cherry-pick Kepit's best holdings. This means that those investors who want cash will be left with the proceeds of the less valuable parts of the portfolio."

Mr Ross said that the details of other proposals would be disclosed when further information on the M&G deal was sent out later this month.

Unit-holders in Morgan Grenfell withdrew a further £23 million yesterday, taking total withdrawals in the last week to £255 million.

Pennington, page 27



Eric Paterson, the chief executive of National Express, yesterday announced plans to bid for all remaining rail franchises. Story, page 26

Alcopops hangover for Matthew Clark

By ALASDAIR MURRAY

THE craze for "alcopop" drinks is destroying sales of cider, Matthew Clark, the drinks company, revealed yesterday. Shares in the company slumped by more than a third to close down 23p at 431p, wiping more than £210 million off the company's market value.

Peter Atkins, chief executive, said that sales of Matthew Clark's premium brand products, which include Diamond White and "K" ciders and Babyboom, had fallen by 60 per cent during July and August. Sales in the company's branded division fell by 40 per cent overall. The company's premium brand ciders account for around 18 per cent of total group profits.

Alcopops, fruit-flavoured alcoholic drinks, were only launched in this country last year but are expected to notch up total sales of £170 million this year despite a storm of criticism over the marketing techniques employed to sell the drinks.

Carlsberg-Tetley, the brewer, was forced to spend £100,000 last week altering the labelling on its latest products, the tangerine-flavoured Thickhead, after complaints

that the bottle was appealing to underage drinkers. Leading alcopop brands include Hoopers Hooch, made by Bass, and Two Dogs marketed by Merrydown, the rival cider company. Hoopers Hooch is now selling three times the volume of Diamond White.

Shares in HP Bulmer, Matthew Clark's main rival in the cider market, also suffered, falling 28p to close at 52.5p, although the company does produce alcopop products. Shares in Merrydown, the third major cider company, improved by 0.5p to 117p.

Matthew Clark added that its profits had also been hit, although to a lesser degree, by cheap cider products which have continued to take up most of the market growth, imposing pricing pressure on premium brands.

The company said it would rethink its marketing strategy to deal with the threat posed by alcopops, but did not want to make a knee-jerk response to the problem.

Pennington, page 27

PPI creditors to receive surety money

By JON ASHWORTH

CREDITORS of Polly Peck International are to receive £2.6 million lodged as surety for Asil Nadir, the fugitive businessman, after a judge ruled that the funds should not be forfeited to the Crown.

Sir Lawrence Verney, the Recorder of London, was asked at the Old Bailey by Roy Amlot, QC, acting for PPI's joint administrator, not to order forfeiture of the £2 million security left behind when Mr Nadir jumped bail in May 1993. The result means that the sum — plus an estimated £600,000 in interest — is available to creditors.

Christopher Morris of Deloitte & Touche, joint administrator of PPI, had challenged the application by the Crown. Mr Morris said: "I am delighted with the result as this will increase the amount of money available to creditors." The extra funds will not have a significant impact on creditors, who are owed about £1.8 billion.

BT cuts bills to fight cable

By ERIC REGULY

BT yesterday shaved another £214 million from Britain's telephone bill to try to stop customers defecting to cable companies.

The reductions come into effect next month and will see the prices of national and international calls fall by between 10 per cent and 25 per cent. BT said that the new cuts have raised the total savings to residential and business customers to more than £1.5 billion over the past three years.

Consumer groups welcomed the reductions, but criticised BT for not extending them to local calls. Emma Hellver, for

the National Consumer Council, said: "The one thing they should be doing is cutting the cost of local calls. A lot of people only make local calls."

She also attacked BT for failing to deliver more flexible pricing packages. BT last year told Ofel, the telecommunications regulator, that it might introduce a fee structure similar to ones offered by mobile phone companies. For example, customers who use the phone a lot might accept higher rental charges in exchange for cheaper calls.

The price cuts favour residential customers over business users. Of the £214 million in cuts, £120 million is directed at the home market. In the past, business has been the main beneficiary of BT's Ofel-imposed price cuts. The Consumers' Association estimates that business bills have fallen, in real terms, by 9.3 per cent each year since 1990, against 2.7 per cent for home bills.

Strong competition by cable companies in the consumer market is forcing BT to change its strategy. BT has admitted losing 50,000 customers a month to cable companies.

BT cuts prices, page 2

Lloyd's disciplines agencies

By JON ASHWORTH

LOYD'S of London has fined seven underwriting agencies and barred five intermediaries from doing business, in a sign of a heightened disciplinary drive at the insurance market. Bankside Syndicates and Murray Lawrence & Partners have been fined £5,000 each for late submission of syndicate or agency quarterly returns. Five other agencies received token fines of £500 each.

Lloyd's has started publishing details of its disciplinary actions: previously, details would have been circulated internally. The move follows the success of the reconstruction and renewal

plan, Lloyd's introduced new disciplinary bylaws with effect from August 7. These include fixed penalty fines, and the requirement that disciplinary actions be published. The above fines were imposed under an earlier bylaw.

David Gittings, director of Lloyd's regulatory division, said: "These actions are part of the ongoing regulatory activity going on at Lloyd's. The difference is that for these cases, and those in future, we will give publicity to the action taken."

In a separate action, access to the market has been withdrawn in the case of five intermediaries. Philip Knight & Co has been barred for exceeding the terms of its underwriting authority. Prokor Underwriting Managers (Pty) Ltd has been barred for purporting to provide insurance in the knowledge that no cover was in place. Others barred include Colburn Wilson Co, Fortress Auto Systems (Pty) Ltd and Dobinson Gregory & Co.

Final acceptance for the Lloyd's settlement offer close at noon today. Resistance is understood to be strongest in Canada, where 268 out of 571 names have yet to accept.

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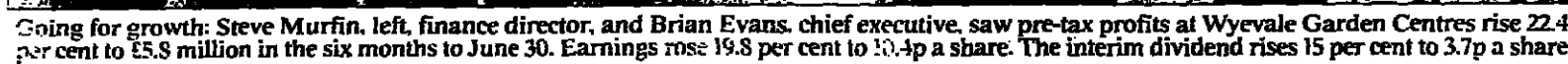
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BY FRASER NELSON

By CHRISTINE BUCKLEY, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

TUC reports, page 2

BY OLIVER AUGUST



Asiordubj pit in beresistisidre:

By JASON NISSE

FRANCESCO CAIO, managing director of Olivetti, the struggling Italian electronics company, will visit London early next week to meet investors and analysts. Up to 30 per cent of the company is owned by London-based investors who want to question Signor Caio after Olivetti's announcement last week that it had made a half-time loss of 440.2 billion lire. After chaotic trading on Monday Olivetti shares yesterday hit a new low of 575 lire (24.43p) during trading.

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The British Nurses & Hospital at
London

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quoting reference number
NG/990/01

NOTICE OF MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of
Members of The Curmishion
of Great Britain will be held
at the British Curmishion
Room, Remained Road, Warring,
Middlesex Road, W1P 0LQ, on
Thursday 10th October 1996 at
10.30 a.m.

Copies of the Accounts are avail-
able on application. Members
desiring to attend should
contact the Secretary.
L. A. Baker
Secretary

IC. COMPANY
STORY NOTICES
STORY SECTION
STORY NEWS

TEL: 0171-782-7327
and should be received by 2.30pm two

AEGIS, the largest media buying and planning group, yesterday announced a 23 per cent rise in underlying pre-tax profits, to £20.1 million, in the half year to June 30 (Eric Reguly writes).

Earnings per share were 1.4p (1.2p). Aegis, which operates under the Carat name, said the results stemmed from a growth in advertising and market share and the recruitment of large clients such as Philips. An interim dividend of 0.25p will be paid on October 11. Shares fell 20 to 63½.

ROGER REGAN, chairman of Spring Ram, yesterday said that there are signs of an upturn in demand as the troubled kitchens and bathrooms group reported a rise in pre-tax losses to £20.4 million, from £17.3 million, in the first half of this year (Jason Nisné writes).

Mr Regan also said there had been some improvement in Spring Ram's furniture operations, which are for sale.

The loss per share was 4.5p. (3.5p). There is again no dividend.

Pennington says 7

Bank Sells		Bank Buys		Bank Sells	
Australia \$	2.04	1.88	Netherlands	0.80	0.946
Austria Sch	17.42	16.92	New Zealand \$	2.89	2.657
Canada \$	51.05	48.75	Norway Kr	2.39	2.17
Denmark Kr	5.35	5.24	Portugal Esc	250.00	9.76
Cyprus Cyp£	0.754	0.689	S Africa Rd	7.58	6.78
Finland Mk	0.67	0.77	Spain Ptas	203.00	150.00
France F	6.57	6.58	Sweden Kr	11.02	10.50
Germany DM	2.36	2.28	Switzerland F	2.03	1.85
Greece Dr	36.97	36.97	Taiwan \$	1.50	1.3750
Hong Kong S	12.28	11.58	USA \$	1.559	1.500
India Rupee	0.05	0.35			
Indonesia Rp	0.19	0.35			
Israel Shw	5.31	4.86			
Japan Yen	8.657	8.008			
Israeli YP	19.40	20.06			

Different rates apply to traveller's cheques.

هكذا من الأصل

□ Williams focuses on focus □ Three-way split for investment trust □ Regan's patient still in intensive care

The leopards change their spots

IF conglomerate has become a term of abuse, then "acquisition-minded conglomerate" must be the ultimate insult. Which is curious given how many there are still around. The dictionary defines a conglomerate as a group or corporation formed by merging of unrelated firms. Most companies of any age fall within this definition, having evolved over the decades through a curious, quasi-biological process of fission and fusion as deals were done and different businesses were bought and sold.

Some argue, therefore, that the current distaste for conglomerates is more a matter of fashion and perception. They may even point out that no one in the City ever took to task Gerry Robinson, of Granada, or Sir Clive Thompson, at Rentokil, for heading groupings that range from Coronation Street to motorway cafes or office cleaning to tropical plants until they were involved in takeover bids.

But boards of directors do not sensibly ignore fashion even if the two biggest fashion victims, BTR and Hanson, left it too long. BTR will this week cut its dividend by a third and make much of its plans for disposals; Hanson, from October, becomes four separate companies. There are others that survived, by proving either that they could bring added value to the concept

— difficult, that, given that the City had decided it was irredeemably flawed — or that they were not really a conglomerate after all.

The firm-flam that accompanied this strategy made much of "focus", the corporate buzz-word of the 1990s. This means concentrating on profitable areas, the sort of blindingly obvious insight that management consultants are paid millions to come up with. The focus word will be well to the fore when BTR makes its apology to the City tomorrow, and it was on offer yesterday from Williams.

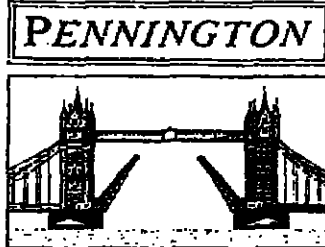
This is one of the survivors, Sir Nigel Rudd, its chairman, having spotted early the conglomerates brush coming and ducked to avoid most of the tar. The second half, he told the City, will feature "the continuing strength of our fire protection businesses and the increasing sales volume of security products". Limping a poor third, by implication, comes building products and such household names as Rawlplugs and Larchlap fencing, Amdega conservatories and Smallbone luxury fitted kitchens.

Roger Carr, the chief executive, says Williams is still "hungry for acquisitions" — just as well that he said it. These will be in the two chosen areas. The level of debt, gearing now at 90 per cent, should require matching disposals to fund them. Williams believes that interest cover, a better measure of what it can afford, would allow as much as £300 million to be spent before any disposals. These will come eventually, and among those well-known and readily saleable building products.

Thus do the leopards, imperceptibly, change their spots. Expect much more talk of focus as the process continues. And just wait for the tide to change, conglomerates to come back into fashion, and all the leopards' spots to start to fade again.

Kepit in the family

INVESTORS in Kepit, or those who are not heartily sick of the whole affair by now, might ponder Hilaire Belloc's lines on an election:



"The accursed power which stands on Privilege (And goes with Women and Champagne, and Bridge/ Broke," he wrote, "and Democracy resumed her reign/ (Which goes with Bridge, and Women and Champagne)".

Plus ça change, in other words. Kleinwort Benson, whose record with the Kleinwort European Privatisation Investment Trust has been much criticised, has been on a beauty parade in recent weeks. The independent board of directors have been casting around for alternative managers, spurred by a hostile bid from one such, Touche Renmant. They have reached a decision, and the winner is ... Kleinwort Benson, in alliance with another City heavyweight,

M&G. Investors have three options, and can mix and match between them.

They can get their cash out as they wish via another Kleinwort trust. They can stay with Kleinwort through son-of-Kepit, a unit trust, so wiping out the discount to their proper value the investment trust's shares are trading at.

Or they can throw in their lot with M&G, investing in a more widely spread European unit trust and hoping for a better performance from this in future. Kleinwort would clearly hope they would stay with its own vehicle, which will retain some of the original Kepit securities, and is forecasting a significant upturn for these.

Just two reservations. First, the attraction of unit trusts has, how should one put it, dimmed over the past fortnight: no fault of Kleinwort but look rather to another German-owned City institution. Secondly, there is no indication what other offers were made. Kleinwort says its scheme is less expensive than Touche Renmant's. But investors should wait for further details towards

the middle of this month, which should contain some idea what other plans were laid before the independent directors.

Not much Spring in the Ram's step

THREE years ago, when the institutional shareholders ousted Spring Ram's founder, Bill Rooney, and installed Roger Regan as chairman, Mr Regan said it would take three years to turn around the ailing kitchens and bathrooms group. Well, time's up. The bad news is that Spring Ram has just recorded a half-year loss of more than £20 million. The good news is that all should be fine within 18 months.

While it would be unfair to characterise Mr Regan as the company doctor who killed the patient, his remedial treatment at Spring Ram seems to have moved it from the sick bay to the intensive care ward. The company has seen more than £100 million of losses since he took the helm and continuing operations were trading in the red in the first half. And the shares stand

at around a quarter of the price they commanded on the day of his appointment.

Yesterday he was being upbeat. July sales showed a slight rise; the takeover of Texas DIY by Homebase had not had too much of an effect; Stag Furniture should be sold by the end of the year; the core businesses of kitchens and bathrooms should break even in the second half; and, if all goes to plan, Spring Ram could make £5 million next year. This compares with the £21 million in the last year of Bill Rooney. And the institutions kicked him out for that.

Replacing Rooney looked at the time like a positive move. But shareholders can be forgiven now for feeling like the Russian voter who looks at Boris Yeltsin and wonders if the Communists weren't so bad after all.

Bitter lemon

MATTHEW CLARK has lost a third of its stock market value after a profits warning that blamed the new breed of alcoholic lemonades. Will this become the next catch-all excuse for underperformance by the drinks companies, in the same way that every dull leisure company has blamed the National Lottery? This could be the start of a trend even more invidious than those wretched alcopops themselves.

More jobs to go as Courtaulds Textiles reshapes

By SARAH CUNNINGHAM

COURTAULDS TEXTILES, a leading supplier to Marks & Spencer, is to shift more of its production abroad and will cut at least 1,500 UK jobs, equal to 11 per cent of its British workforce, over the next two years.

The company, which yesterday reported it had gone into the red with an interim loss after exceptional of £8.5 million, compared with a profit of £6.4 million a year ago, has sold six businesses in recent

months, and plans to dispose of a further six. So far this year, it has cut more than 700 jobs in the UK. Colin Dyer, chief executive since June, declined to say which UK factories are now under threat of closure. More production will be moved to countries with lower labour costs, such as Morocco, Tunisia, Turkey and Sri Lanka. He said that a minimum wage would accelerate the loss of jobs in the UK textiles sector.

Government figures due out today are expected to show a decline in the number of unemployed in August, but later this month British Airways is widely expected to announce plans to shed around 10,000 jobs, equal to a quarter of its workforce.

Mr Dyer surprised the City yesterday by announcing that restructuring will cost between £30 million and £35 million over the next two years, including £9.1 million charged in the first half of this year. Excluding this charge, Courtaulds made an interim pre-tax profit of £600,000, compared with £10.3 million a year earlier.

Most of the remaining £21 million to £26 million cost of restructuring will be charged in the second half and analysts expect it to wipe out most of the profits for the full year. They were expecting a much lower restructuring charge.

Courtaulds Textiles says it will fund the programme with

cash raised from disposals. Annual benefits are expected to build to between £10 million and £13 million by 1998. In the years after the programme, reorganisation costs are expected to be around £2 million to £3 million per year.

The company's structure has been reorganised into four divisions: lace and stretch fabric; lingerie and hosiery; casualwear and underwear; and furnishings.

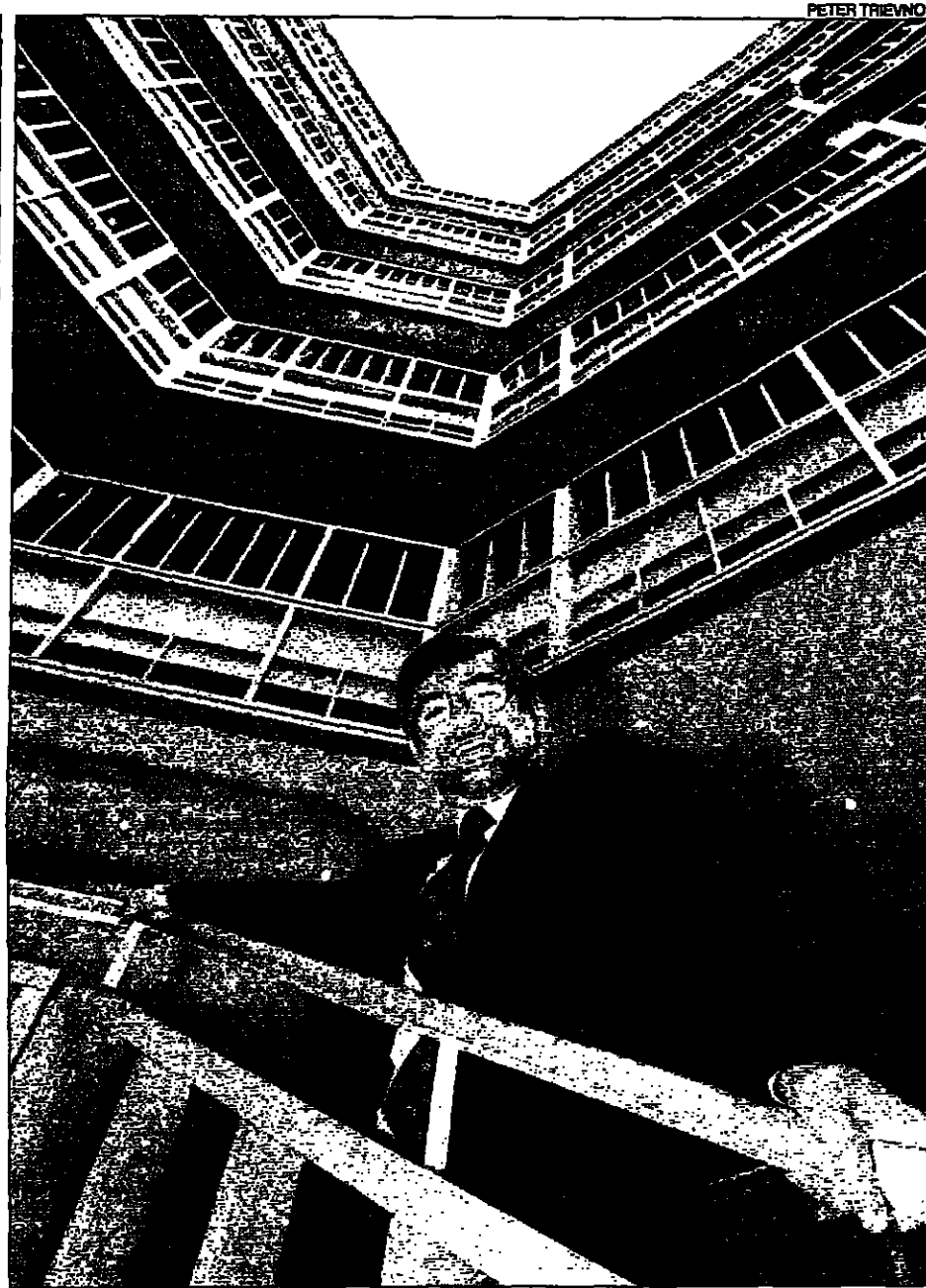
Fabrics fared worst in the first half, with profit before interest down £3.2 million, because of weak demand in the US and in continental Europe. Operating priorities are to resolve the problems in lace and improve margins.

In clothing, profit was similar to last year, excluding reorganisation costs. Order books indicate better second-half sales than a year ago.

Mr Dyer intends to develop sales to the company's biggest buyer, Marks & Spencer. It currently accounts for 28 per cent of its sales. He expects good progress in clothing and stretch fabrics but says lace margins remain a problem.

Earnings per share of 3.1p a year ago turned into losses per share of 3.7p for the six months ended June 30. The company is maintaining its interim dividend at 5.2p. It is payable on October 22. The company's shares closed up 5.2p at 310.5p.

Tempus, page 28



Towards 2000: Parity, the information technology company, expects expenditure on IT to rise sharply as companies make efforts to contend with the so-called millennium factor (Martin Barrow writes). The company said clients risk incurring substantial costs if they do not act promptly to reprogram computers to prevent systems from malfunctioning because they

Refocusing at Williams may lead to disposals

By PAUL DURMAN

WILLIAMS HOLDINGS yesterday revealed that this year's £223 million acquisition spree has led to a substantial rise in its debt-equity ratio, prompting suggestions that the company may seek to sell parts of its building products division. (See Pennington this page).

Williams is keen to distance itself from its conglomerate past and is focusing on international businesses in fire protection, security and building products.

Zafar Khan, analyst at Société Générale Strauss Turnbull, said businesses in the UK such as Valor gas fires, Dreamland electric blankets, Larch-Lap fencing panels and Smallbone luxury kitchens looked out of place and could be candidates for disposal.

Roger Carr, Williams' chief executive, said he was comfortable with gearing that rose from under 20 per cent at the beginning of the year to 107 per cent at June 30. Borrowings rose to £370.9 million, but gearing was also pushed up by a £155 million fall in net assets.

Mr Carr said Williams' interest payments remained well covered at nine times and the group is strongly cash generative. The recent sale of the group's electronics business also brought in £71 million. Mr Carr added: "Our appetite for acquisitions is not diluted. The more our man-

agement teams become deeply entrenched in the industries where they now operate, the more they discover opportunities."

Williams was reporting an 11.4 per cent rise in first-half pre-tax profits to £114.9 million. Good progress in fire protection and security enabled the company to overcome the problems of weak building markets in continental Europe.

Williams is expecting similar trading conditions for the rest of the year. Analysts are forecasting full-year profits of around £245 million.

Building products is the biggest business, with sales of £438 million in the first half. An increased number of housing starts in the US helped to produce a £3.7 million rise in North American profits to £22.9 million, but the contribution from the European arm fell back to £38.9 million (£40.6 million). The economic problems of France and Germany depressed sales.

The fire protection division based on Kidde International has virtually doubled in size through acquisitions in the past year. Its profits rose by 28.6 per cent to £40.5 million, with 8 or 9 per cent of the improvement coming from organic growth.

Williams is paying an interim dividend of 5.8p a share, a 5.5 per cent rise.

European Leisure rises 30%

A maiden contribution from Riley's American Pool helped European Leisure to achieve a 30 per cent rise in full-year profits at £5.4 million.

The company said that its Maytag gaming machine division had also benefited from deregulation measures introduced at the beginning of the year.

Turnover rose 12 per cent to £77 million. There is again no interim dividend. The shares fell 26p to 176.5p after the company said it would place its banking syndicate equity and raise new funds for expansion.

S-R cash pile

Severfield-Reeve, the structural steel company, had net cash of £3.46 million at June 30, up from £2.51 million. The company said demand remained high. In the six months to June 30 pre-tax profits rose to £1.8 million from £991,000. The interim dividend is increased to 1.75p a share from 1p due October 28.

Middlesex up

Middlesex Holdings, the minerals trading company, increased profits to £4.56 million before tax from £2.45 million in the six months to June 30. Turnover improved to £87.9 million from £17.4 million. There is again no interim dividend.

GBE ahead

GBE International, the process engineering group, said second-half prospects are encouraging, with a strong order book. In the six months to June 30 pre-tax profits rose to £1.48 million from £864,000. The interim dividend is increased 20 per cent to 0.6p a share.

Payout held

Scrutons, the shipping, engineering and security services group, is maintaining the interim dividend at 0.6p a share despite an increase in pre-tax profits to £970,000 from £698,000 in the six months to June 30.

AEA float attracts 'very strong private interest'

By PAUL DURMAN

SHARES in AEA Technology, the nuclear decommissioning and waste management experts, are being offered at between 240p and 270p, giving the company an expected market value of up to £216 million.

The company, until recently part of the Atomic Energy Authority, is the Government's last privatisation before the general election. Only 10 per cent of its shares are earmarked for private investors. Sir Anthony Cleaver,

AEA Technology's chairman, said there appears to be "very strong interest" from private investors, judging from pre-arranged sales to stockbrokers.

Sir Anthony said investors have been keen to learn more about some of the more colourful applications of the company's technology. These include developing high performance batteries for mobile phones and helping with the clean-up of Chernobyl after

the nuclear accident in the 1980s. Just over half of AEA Technology's £250-million-a-year business is nuclear-related. It employs 600 PhDs "in every discipline from astrophysics to zoology".

After adjusting for reorganisation and other costs, the indicated price range puts AEA Technology's shares on a historic price-earnings multiple of between 15.1 and 17 times. At 240p, the company would be worth £192 million.

Delta's chief executive departs as profits tumble

By OLIVER AUGUST

DELTA, the engineering group, yesterday disclosed a sharp fall in first-half profits and announced the departure of Robert Easton as chief executive.

The company reported a downturn in profits to £11.5 million before tax in the six months to June 30, from £35 million previously, affected by restructuring costs and a £5.7 million charge against a decline in the price of copper in the wake of the Sumitomo

copper scandal earlier this year. Mr Easton, who has been with Delta for 22 years and was made chief executive in 1989, had asked to retire last Christmas. He will be succeeded by Jon Scott-Maxwell, 44, a divisional managing director of GKN's Automotive Driveline business.

Despite a fall in earnings to 1.8p a share from 14.5p, the company is maintaining the interim dividend at 4.5p. The shares rose 24p to 401.5p. Mr

Easton said trading conditions had remained generally difficult during the first six months, similar to those of the second half of 1995.

Weak construction-related markets in the UK were coupled with a sharp downturn in continental Europe. Activity in other overseas markets remained at reasonable levels, with the exception of the Middle East.

Restructuring cost a total of £5 million.

Rexam in £300m sales plan

By ALASDAIR MURRAY

REXAM, the paper and packaging group, plans to raise up to £300 million from disposals as it continues its recovery after last year's dismal performance.

The company, which lost its FT-SE 100 place earlier this year after a 40 per cent decline in share value, yesterday reported a 25 per cent fall in half-year profits to £83 million before tax and exceptional items. A 6.1p interim dividend (same) is due on November 3.

Jeremy Lancaster, chairman, said that the group had shown an improvement over the second half of last year, when profits plummeted because of extreme volatility in raw material prices.

He added that although profits for the first two months of the second half were ahead of last year, markets in Europe were still flat and the company is cautious about the outlook for the second half.

Ralph Boerjesson, the new chief executive, said Rexam would dispose of low-margin, underperforming divisions and concentrate on improving the return on assets in remaining divisions.

Tempus, page 28

Cash gusher gives Clyde Petroleum a lift

TONY WHITE



Matthew Goudley left, Clyde chairman, and Roy Franklin, managing director yesterday

CLYDE PETROLEUM, the oil exploration group that took over Crusader, an Australian oil explorer in May, is enjoying a cash flow surge because of increased production and higher oil prices.

Oil production volumes averaged 39,153 barrels per day in the first half of the year, up from 37,618 bpd in the same period in 1995. Realised oil prices were up almost £2 per barrel, to £12.13, leading to a 24 per cent increase in pre-tax profits, to £24 million.

Clyde expects production for the year to average 42,000 bpd

including 45,000 bpd in the second half, with a 12 per cent contribution from the new Australian assets.

The surge in production was helped by Clyde's 6.6 per cent interest in the Andrew field in the North Sea, which came on stream six months early and 22 per cent below its budgeted development cost. Clyde's new Indonesian production interests provided 18 per cent of total oil volumes, contributing 1.3 million barrels for Clyde in the five months of ownership.

Clyde said that it was well ahead of its target of increasing

ing production by 5 per cent a year. Exploration in the UK included participation in five wells, all of which were plugged and abandoned. Clyde plans three exploration wells next year in Indonesia, where tax incentives let the company set off its investment in exploration as a cost under its production-sharing contract.

Cash flow from operations was £56 million in the first half. Earnings per share fell to 2.8p, from 3.2p, because of a higher provision for overseas taxes, but the interim dividend

LucasVarity heads for top 100 in place of Thorn

LUCASVARITY, the subject of a £3.2 billion merger between Lucas Industries and Varity Corporation of the US, will take its place later this month as a constituent of the FT-SE 100 index. It is likely to replace Thorn, which was demerged from EMI last month.

Since the demerger Thorn has steadily lost ground. It finished another 14p cheaper at 369p yesterday while LucasVarity added 11p to 299p. The constituent companies are reviewed every quarter by the analysts which are due to meet any day now.

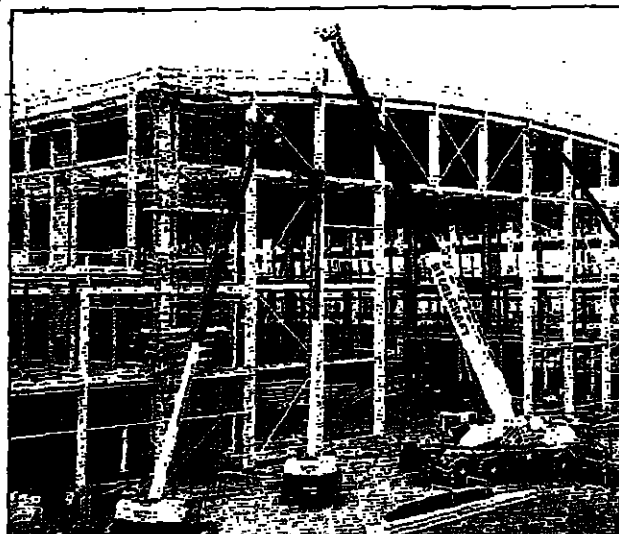
Entry is judged on the company's stock market capitalisation. At last night's close Thorn was valued at £1.65 billion. Another company facing the chop is Southern Electric, 3p dearer at 674p. Which saw a bid by National Power earlier this year blocked by the Government. Both British Land and Rexam are also seen as likely contenders for index status. Rexam breathed a sigh of relief yesterday that half-year figures were no worse than feared. The shares finished 14p better at 408p.

Elsewhere, share prices failed to maintain their early pace, having enjoyed a mark-up on the back of another strong performance by the Dow Jones overnight.

As part of an assault on the 4,000 level, the FT-SE 100 index reached a new intra-day trading high of 3,933.6 before seeing its lead whittled away before the close after New York registered an opening fall. It ended the session 5.3 points up at 3,916.1. Trading remained thin, with 723 million shares changing hands.

Among blue chips BT eased 2p to 370p after announcing plans to cut the cost of telephone charges. National call charges will be reduced by 10 per cent during peak times and 20 per cent during off-peak. The cuts will also affect international calls. BT says the price reductions amount to savings totalling £214 million and bring total reductions during the past three years to £1.5 billion.

Matthew Clark, the drinks distributor, saw its shares marked sharply lower after warning that profits had been hit by the introduction of "alcoholic" drinks. Shareholders at the annual meeting were told that this had hit sales of its strong branded drinks like "K" and Diamond White by as



Severfield-Reeve, steelworkers, dipped 9p on profit-taking

much as 60 per cent. The introduction of cheap direct production had also taken its toll on profits. The shares finished the session 23p lower at 431p, wiping around £200 million from the group's stock market value of £992 million. Credit Lyonnais, the broker, responded by cutting its profit forecast for Matthew Clark from £67.5 million to £52.5

war. Tesco, 4p better at 311p, has embarked on a programme of price promotions on about 100 selected lines fueling fears that the price war is ready to escalate in the run-up to Christmas.

The City showed what it thought of worse than expected half-year figures from Graham Group by marking the shares 16p lower at 137p. Pre-

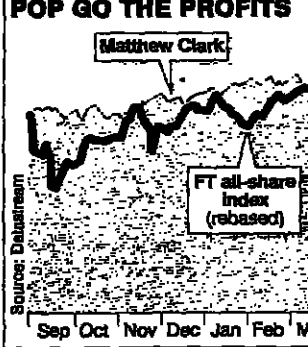
Cable and Wireless was in town last night so that City stockbrokers could meet Dick Brown, the new chief executive. The group's failure to merge with BT has left it with plenty of problems and the brokers will want to know how he plans to tackle them. The shares closed 8p dearer at 433p in anticipation.

million. The move left HP

Butler 20p lower at 560p. Asda traded in narrow limits for much of the day before finishing 1p firmer at 109p on turnover of more than four million shares. Brokers will be anxious to see what Archie Norman has to say to shareholders later today at the group's AGM. They will want to see if he has comments about the supermarket price

tax profits of £4 million were below even the most gloomy broker's forecast. Brokers said the group had suffered from fierce competition in a depressed market and was paying the price of under-investment during its time as a subsidiary of BTR. It was demerged from BTR in 1994. BTR, which unveiled interim figures on Thursday, firmed up to 266p. The figures are

tax profits of £4 million were



MATTHEW CLARK: POP GO THE PROFITS

Matthew Clark

FT-SE all-share index (rebased)

Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug

Index 1987=100

Source: DataStream

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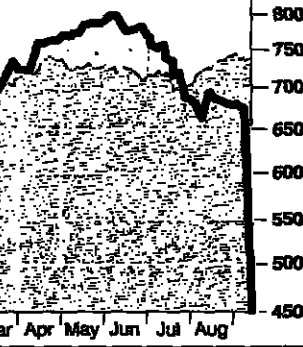
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expected to be accompanied by a cut in the dividend.

Unilever rose 6p to £13.46p after talking to a number of US fund managers about prospects.

Delta Group responded to some encouraging words on current trading with a rise of 24p to 402p. This was in spite of the expected drop in profits during the first six months of the year from £35 million to £11.1 million.

A pledge by Alan Sugar, chairman, of better times to come enabled Amstrad to finish 16p dearer at 155p. It came after the group plunged into the red last year with losses of almost £15 million after heavy restructuring. He said that Viglen and Betacom would return to profit next year and hoped Danecol could stem losses.

Half-year losses at Courtaulds Textiles failed to cloud the picture for brokers as the price rebounded 5p to 310p. A pre-tax deficit of £8.5 million came as a shock to the market. It followed a heavy restructuring programme reputed to have cost £35 million and resulting in 15,000 jobs moving overseas.

First-half losses totalling almost £20 million against a profit last year of £4.3 million left Camac, manufacturer of fire protection products, marking time at 155p.

Profit-taking saw Severfield-Reeve, structural steel engineers, nursing a fall of 9p from a peak of 301p to finish at 292p, after the group weighed in with half-year figures showing pre-tax profits doubled at £1.8 million.

GILT-EDGED: A sell-off of US Treasury bonds saw bond prices in London lose their early gains to close broadly unchanged. The market was not helped by comments from Eddie George, Governor of the Bank of England, who said he saw no reason for another cut in interest rates. In the futures pit, the December series of the long gilt ended all-square at £106.13 in this trading. In Treasury 8 per cent 2021 was unmoved, at £97.23, while at the shorter end Treasury 7 1/2 per cent 1998 marked time at £101.16.

NEW YORK: On Wall Street early losses due to profit-taking were largely recouped and by midday the Dow Jones industrial average was 4.07 points lower at 5,729.77.

London Financial Futures

FT-SE 100

Previous open interest: 64492

FT-SE 250

Previous open interest: 380

Three Month Sterling

Previous open interest: 47575

Three Mth Euro Yen

Three Mth Euro DM

Previous open interest: 110413

Long Gilt

Previous open interest: 13026

Japanese Govt Bond

German Govt Bond

Previous open interest: 19954

Three month ECU

Previous open interest: 2946

Euro Swiss Franc

Previous open interest: 4648

Italian Govt Bond

Previous open interest: 5929

Base Rates Closing

Discount Market Lender Overnight high

Treasury Bills (Daily-Buy) 2 mth 5% - 3 mth 5% - 6 mth 5% - 12 mth 5%

Prime Bank Bills (Daily-Buy) 3 mth 5% - 6 mth 5% - 12 mth 5%

Interbank

Overnight open 5% - 6 mth 5% - 12 mth 5%

Local Authority Depos

Building Society CDs

European Money Deposits (%)

Currency

Dollar

Deutsche Mark

French Franc

Swiss Franc

Yen

Gold/Precious Metals (Baird & Co)

Bullion Open

Close

Low

High

Platinum

MAJOR INDICES

New York (midday):

Dow Jones 5729.77 (-4.07)

S&P Composite 664.07 (+0.31)

Tokyo:

Nikkei Average 20559.59 (+37.32)

Hong Kong:

Hang Seng 11222.62 (+1.02)

Amsterdam:

EOE Index 562.26 (+0.62)

Sydney:

AO 2255.9 (+5.11)

Frankfurt:

DAX 2570.95 (+22.22)

Singapore:

Straits 2111.68 (+12.23)

Brussels:

General 9647.72 (+45.71)

Paris:

CAC-40 2042.12 (+21.82)

Zurich:

SEA Gen 773.10 (+1.38)

London:

FT-30 3931.2 (+6.59)

FT-100 3916.1 (+5.3)

FT-250 3800.0 (+1.0)

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FT-SE 250 38

THE
TIMESCITY
DIARYMentoring
by Morgan

DEREK DRAPER, Peter Mandelson's former boy wonder-cum-researcher and editor of *Progress*, a publication for Labour activists, has reason to feel abashed. He published a lengthy article in the latest issue praising Morgan Grenfell Asset Management, the company at the centre of last week's unit trust scandal. Draper describes MGA's recent foray into Leytonstone Comprehensive as part of a mentoring scheme. "A far cry from the image most Labour supporters have of merchant banks," he gushes, adding that "next time we see the film *Wall Street* and Gordon Gekko is preaching 'greed is good', we should remember the other side of the City, those who practice the 'stakeholding' is good philosophy instead."

Two for one?

DEWE ROGERSON, the PR giant, yesterday distributed press releases giving the interim results of Pendragon, the car sales company, on notepaper headed with Nationwide's blue and green logo and address. Both Nationwide and Dewe Rogerson use Pims, the printing and services group. Could this be how the confusion arose, or is it just a case of cutting costs?

Gritty Lutheran

NATWEST could soon be press officer-less after an announcement yesterday that Edward Townsend, head of Group Media Relations, is leaving to join Luther Pendragon, the issues management consultancy. Townsend's news comes in the same week that Simon Lewis, director of corporate affairs, gives up his seat at NatWest to join British Gas Energy. George Pitcher, who is joint managing director of Luther Pendragon, doesn't hold back when he describes Townsend, a cricket, rugby and jazz fan, as "a wise counsel and a gritty operator — in short, he is very Lutheran".



Clarke: 40-inch waist

Measuring up

CABINET ministers across the Continent have handed over their waist and leg measurements to Dockers, which is part of Levis Strauss, in a bid for a free pair of the "casual" pants. By the end of this week, Kenneth Clarke, who boasts a 40-inch waist and a 31-inch inside leg, will have received his tan colour trousers. While Michael Heseltine, Sir Patrick Mayhew, and Helmut Kohl take the longest trouser length at 36 inches, the latter also has the largest waist measurement at 50 inches. Michael Portillo and John Major are mere slips of things with a willowy 34-inch waist.

Big spender

ONE can't help wondering about the significance of Psion spending £1.5 million investigating Alan Sugar's Amstrad before calling off the aborted merger, while Amstrad needed to spend only £300,000 on its inquiry into the high-flying Psion.

MORAG PRESTON

Testing times ahead for
single currency's architectsJanet Bush
studies the
schedule
of EMU's
promoters

Preparations for a European single currency may seem like a rather dull virtual reality game to many in Britain, but, on the Continent, hard decisions are already being made by those determined to join up in 1999. Even as Britain's political leaders carefully maintain enough ambiguity to avoid scaring voters come election time, the EMU clock is ticking.

The most public focus of the next few weeks will be budgets due to be unveiled by most of the major European economies for 1997, the last year written into the Maastricht treaty. A series of extremely tough austerity packages are in prospect after deficit overshoots almost everywhere in 1996: in France and Germany, the crucial twin pillars of the planned monetary union, borrowing is well above levels of two years ago.

In France, whose ability to meet the Maastricht deficit criteria is seen as the crucial arbiter of whether the single currency will happen in 1999, the public unions have already planned an autumn of strikes and protest marches against spending cuts that they see as an assault on the welfare state.

There has been much speculation, as the budget season gets under way, that European currencies could hit serious turbulence this autumn if financial markets are not convinced by the budget arithmetic or if political unrest looks as if it could threaten fiscal resolve.

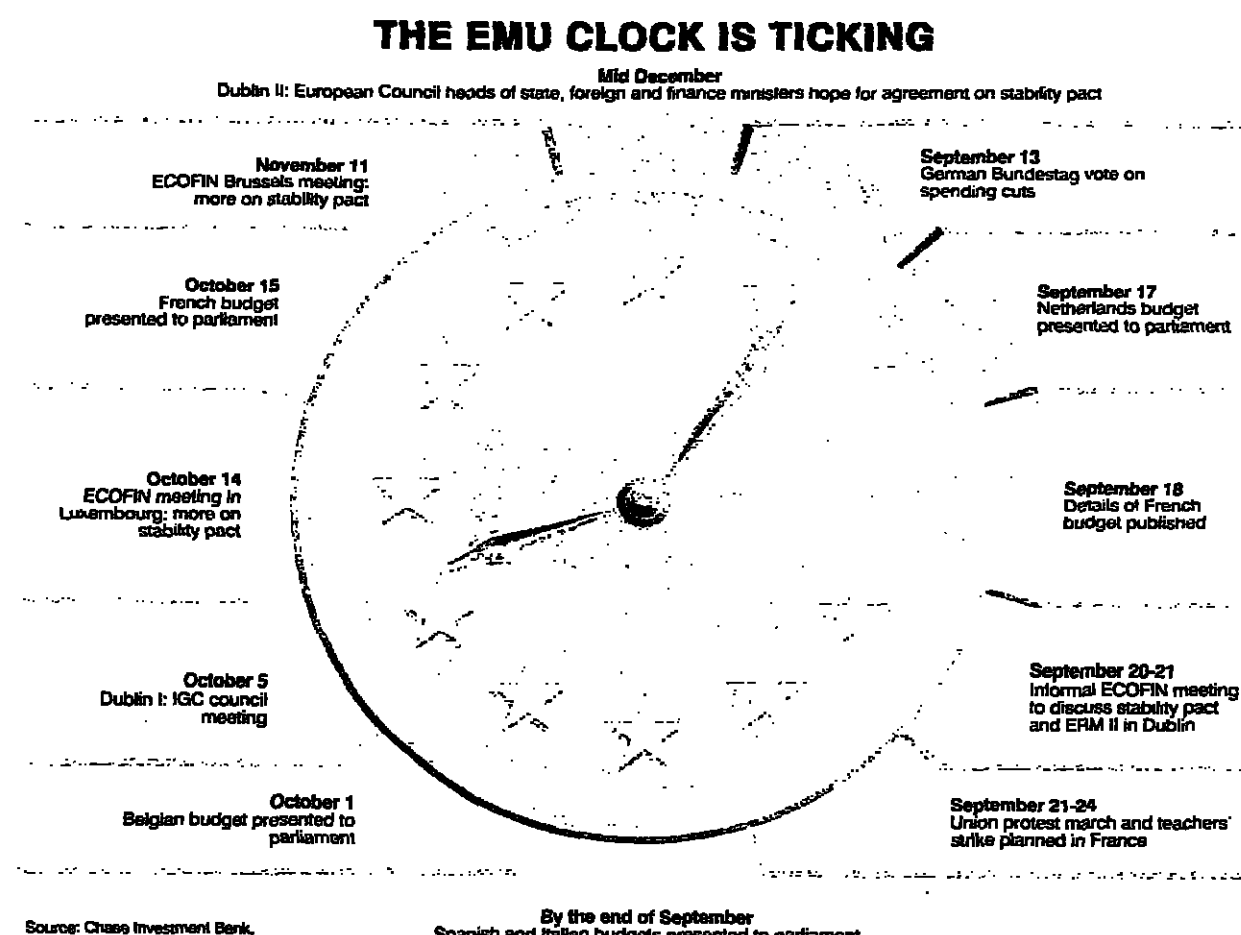
However, this proposition is yet to be tested. There is ample evidence that the main players are prepared to fudge the Maastricht criteria enough to get a core of countries safely into the single currency on time, and the financial markets have done little to question the glaring compromises on the treaty.

This autumn will see how far the markets are prepared to accept slippage from the most troublesome of the Maastricht criteria, the one limiting deficits to 3 per cent of gross domestic product. Reality dictates that most of the prospective core will do well to get somewhere between 3 and 4 per cent on deficits and that even Germany will settle for that. And if the politicians decide to go ahead on that basis, it is arguable whether the markets will bother to challenge them.

Delivering budget cuts is the most pressing and concrete challenge because 1997 is crunch year. However, this autumn also sees a series of meetings that will discuss some of the thorniest issues that need to be resolved before EMU. They are not as pressing as getting fiscal houses in order, but some progress is seen to be needed if momentum is to be maintained.

A largely technical discussion will continue on a so-called ERM II. A two-tier Europe is now acknowledged as a reality. The assumption is that a relatively small core of countries will join a single currency in 1999, with the rest staying outside, either until their economies converge towards agreed criteria or until their politicians decide that they want to join. The "ins" are determined that the "outs" should not be allowed to indulge in competitive devaluations to the detriment of "ins" and want them to adhere to some form of exchange-rate discipline.

Thus far, a usefully meaningless formula has been reached in which there will be some form of Exchange Rate Mechanism II for the "outs", but the issue has been left loose enough that those who do not want to join an ERM II will not have to. Worthy work will nevertheless continue on designing the system, mostly in the European Monetary



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Interpretation of the Maastricht convergence criteria loosens, and yet there has been little discussion of it. Such talks have occurred but have been highly contentious, with a gulf in thinking between Germany and others. The Bundesbank, in particular, does not want to give up the traditionally strong and stable mark in favour of a Euro whose constituent members fudge economic convergence to join and then refuse to submit to collective discipline after the event.

The Irish Republic wants to mark its EU presidency with progress on this and other issues. The focus of all current discussions is the Dublin summit of heads of government, foreign and finance ministers in December, but it is likely that current discussions will go on well into 1997. Britain is an important reason to prolong the discussion process. European leaders have already agreed that this year's inter-government conference — the umbrella term for the intensive timetable of meetings on EMU matters — will not end until after the British election. The hope is that a new government led by Tony Blair will be more amenable to signing up to EMU and that it is worth postponing decisions to get Britain on board. That, too, is a proposition yet to be tested.

The most substantive issue of the next few months is the Stability Pact. In its original form, this was a proposal by Germany to impose discipline on members of EMU once the single currency is in place, firing members a proportion of their GDP if they allowed their deficits to drift out of line with the Maastricht limits.

This issue arguably becomes more important as in-

stitution, the precursor to a European central bank.

There will also be more discussion on access to Target, the new payments and settlements system proposed for the Euro. A row over this has been rumbling under the surface for some months amid allegations that France and Germany are trying to discriminate against the "outs", primarily Britain, in an attempt to wrest more financial and trading business from the City.

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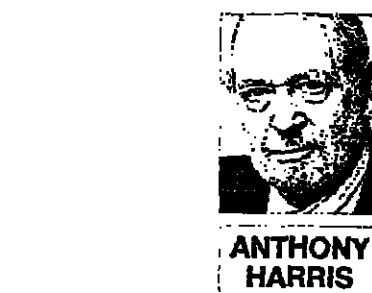
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ANTHONY
HARRISThe unanswered
question about
US growth

Can any of you tell me why our economy cannot grow at 4 per cent? President Clinton put this question to the Fed Board at an unofficial meeting when his new appointees joined. What none of them knew then was that the US economy was already growing at well above that rate — 4.8 per cent in the second quarter, on the revised figures. That short burst was absorbed without inflationary mishap; but the pace has slowed since then, so the question remains unanswered. Indeed, there is still a different question to be faced first: will the Fed allow growth to be put to the test, or lose its nerve if the rate picks up again?

The board is already split down the middle. The district presidents, who are practical men, close to industry but remote from technical economics, know that labour market pressures are growing, and they are audibly nervous. But Alan Greenspan, the Clinton appointee and the Fed's economic staff are excited by growing evidence that the restructured US economy is highly resistant to inflation. To pacify the district men, policy is now on red alert — a "tightening bias" means that interest rates can be raised in response to market pressures without waiting for a further FOMC meeting. But they remain reluctant to act unless they are pushed; and this week, the market signally failed to push them.

"Hey, guess what? The bond market thinks a strong economy is good for bonds! We're at risk here. The bond market is dead; it just doesn't know it yet." These words from Bob Brusca, of Nikko Securities, express the frustrations of a prophet, justified, yet unheard. Like an inverted Roger Bootle, he has found that a good forecast can be a bad market pointer. Bootle detected falling UK inflation, but bond yields rose. Brusca hailed the strength of the US economy when many observers were still worried about recession. Nearly all of them would now agree that he

was right all along; but yields have not risen.

Some analysts are convinced that growth will soon fall to a somnolent pace again. But some are toying with the Greenspan inflation thesis. This rests partly on recent experience, as one supposed inflation warning after another has been safely passed — unemployment below 6.5 per cent, below 6, and now well below 5.5; rising commodity prices (which soon relapsed); and now hourly wage costs rising at over 3.6 per cent. But it also rests on an informed suspicion that the official numbers not only overstate inflation — an old Greenspan thesis; they badly understate real growth.

This rests on the known difficulties of measuring services and high-tech output. This could mean that the economy has been growing faster than Clinton's 4 per cent not just in the second quarter, but for some months. It could also be the clinching argument when the district presidents get nervous about labour markets. If growth is understated, productivity is understated by exactly the same amount; and so, by implication, is the manageable growth of wage costs.

Further, the regional breakdown shows that the US labour market is flexible not only in the bargaining sense: it is highly responsive to local pressures. Payroll growth has virtually stopped in the regions with the lowest unemployment, but is growing where the market is slack. This suggests that employers, instead of importing labour to meet local shortages, are expanding selectively where it is still available. Indeed, the US economy is notable not only for non-inflationary growth, but for achieving it during a massive structural change. This is flexibility with neon lights.

Wishful thinking? Perhaps; and certainly vulnerable to any significant pickup in inflation itself. Until then, though, the experiment with what Brusca dismisses as "X-files-like strange happenings" may well continue.

A combination that continues
to stoke the political firesPhilip Bassett examines the link
between the unions, pay and jobs

Ministers will today announce the latest unemployment figures, hours before Britain's trade unions set their preliminary target for a national minimum wage. Conservative ministers are unlikely to miss the chance to make the connection: minimum wages will cut jobs.

The Government is hopeful that today's set of labour market figures will show a further fall in the level of seasonally adjusted unemployment. Tony Blair, the Labour leader, will through his aides seek to limit any damaging effect on Labour's electoral prospects of the unions setting a precise minimum wage figure in clear defiance of the party leadership's wishes. And the unions at the TUC conference, led by John Monks, the General Secretary, will this afternoon stage what John Edmonds, the GMB general union leader, calls an "indulgence" — debating a minimum wage policy when they know the reality is that, if Labour does win the election, it will be the Government, not the unions, that fixes its level.

But the uneasy combination of events today for Labour and the unions does illustrate the intertwining in the labour market of unions, pay and jobs. Under neo-classical economic theory, if unions push up wages, either through collective bargaining or a shift in public policy such as a minimum wage, companies affected by it will seek to recover their costs by cutting job numbers. Ian Lang, President of the Board of Trade, is certain to seize on today's minimum wage decision by the unions and accuse them of destroying jobs.

Labour and trade union leaders deny this, arguing that there is now clear evidence that a minimum wage in places such as US fast food establishments in New Jersey do not lead to job cuts — but may even have a positive effect on employment. What is the link between unions, pay and jobs? Do heavily unionised areas — geographically, or in sectors of the economy — show clear effects on employment, and pay? Or is the union effect



John Monks, left, and Ian Lang lead opposing camps



harder to see? Today *The Times* publishes a computer analysis of data held by the Government on the vexed connection between unions, pay and jobs. Using detailed information from the Government's quarterly Labour Force Survey, a rolling survey of a sample of 60,000 households, *The Times* shows what may be connections between some of the key forces in the economy.

The geographical distribution of trade union membership used to be virtually a matter of guesswork but data from the Government-sponsored Workplace Industrial Relations Survey series, and latterly the LFS, now allows estimates to be made about where union members are — and what their effects might be. The computer analysis indicates that high levels of union density are associated with lower levels of employment growth. There may, of course, be a number of causal explanations for this including labour market and industrial structures, the changing pattern of industry and business and the demographics of the workforce. But without suggesting that unionisation is the cause of lower employment growth, the pattern is star-

ting. Take Wales. With companies such as Sony, Ford and Hitachi investing in the Principality, employment growth has at least to some extent taken up some of the labour market slack created by the all but complete closure of the area's traditional heavy industries such as coal and steel.

Using the latest available LFS figures, Wales has the highest level of unionisation — 44 per cent of employees are union members. But looking at LFS figures on employment change over the past two years Wales is amongst the lowest performing of the UK regions, ranking seventh with employment growth of just 2.4 per cent, or 28,000.

with union strength, as measured by the statistical proxy of union density. Union density is lowest in areas which are some way from the traditional union citadels of the North, Scotland and Wales: Greater London (eleventh in the density ranking, at 30 per cent — a higher figure because of the continuing impact of some heavily unionised industries such as docks and transport), the South West (ninth, at 27 per cent), East Anglia (tenth, at 26 per cent) and the South East (eleventh, at 23 per cent).

Some of these areas have seen sharp falls in unemployment — down 96,000 and 78,000 in Greater London and the South East respectively. Proportionately, though, these falls of 20 and 17.5 per cent over the past two years rank the two regions only fifth and sixth respectively. The North West, an area of high union density, has also seen a fall in unemployment of 78,000 over the period — at 23.7 per cent, the highest proportionate regional drop in the country.

Local labour market conditions are likely to be the overriding factor for pay, so that some weaker union areas such as Greater London and East Anglia have over the past two years seen some of the highest increases in earnings, driven by business growth.

But it is clear, too, that some areas of high unionisation have seen some big earnings growth. The North West — third in the union density league table — has seen by far the sharpest growth in earnings, according to the LFS figures, with as much as 16 per cent, from a weekly average earnings level of £261 to £304. Yet, even with such growth, it lags well behind some other areas, including Greater London which has a level of £396 and the South East with £354.

Union leaders strongly deny any causal connection between a stronger union presence and lower employment growth but, when coupled with earnings and the minimum wage, further ammunition in the war over the role of the trade unions looks again like featuring in the forthcoming general election.

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Dividends per share	1.8p	14.5p
	4.5p	4.5p

Copies of the Interim Report for the six months ended 29th June 1996, from which the above is an extract, are available from Delta's member from the Secretary, Delta plc, 1 Hareway, London WC2B 6NF. Telephone 0171-836 5555

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■ OPERA 1

Prima donna of the demi-monde: Rosa Mannion prepares for the Coliseum's *La traviata*



■ OPERA 2

After Zaha Hadid's aborted opera house, Cardiff plans a new bid for lottery money

THE TIMES
ARTS



■ TOMORROW

A serious challenge for Sandra Bullock? Read Geoff Brown on all the latest movies



■ ON FRIDAY

Forward with the reborn R.E.M.: David Sinclair talks to the band of the moment

OPERA: Hilary Finch on Rosa Mannion, the soprano who sings the doomed heroine in Jonathan Miller's new staging of *La traviata*

A new Violetta for the Coliseum

Eavesdropping in a café not far from the Coliseum. It's a few days into rehearsals for Jonathan Miller's new production of *La traviata* at English National Opera, and there's a heavy scene, between scenes, over a bowl of taco chips. An American singer (judging by his voice, his pocket score) is facing an English doctor of medicine (judging by his expression of concern) who is giving him gentle directorial advice. "Reach out to her, across that vast space between you. As if ... it was all your fault that any of this ever happened."

But of course the New York baritone Christopher Robertson is hardly to blame — and nor is Dr Miller for that matter — for all that Rosa Mannion, singing her first Violetta in this *Traviata*, will suffer in her short life as Verdi's Dame aux camélias. The role of Violetta is, after all, a natural step for Mannion after her Gilda in *Rigoletto* at ENO two years ago; and there's nothing particularly daunting in it for her from a vocal point of view. But, as that café exchange suggested, the production itself is likely to give the withers a wringing.

The relationships are so real, that the temptation is to put all that intensity into the voice," Mannion says. "But the emotions mustn't overwhelm what you do vocally. It's to do with pacing the role."

Pacing her own career is something at which Mannion has shown herself expert. After three years (1989-92) as a principal soprano at ENO, she has been travelling to Lisbon and Amsterdam with John Eliot Gardiner as his Dorabella, to Berlin for Rosenkavalier's Sophie, to Paris, to Salzburg, and to Aix-en-Provence with William

Christie and Les Arts Florissants. While she has felt that ENO has been a welcoming home base, Mannion seems to be yet another example of an English singer offered major roles in big European houses — but not (except for one Pamina) at Covent Garden.

Not that her career has ever been predictable. It began with a sudden veering-off-course. At 18 she gave up her place at the Royal Liverpool Teaching Hospital and rushed to Scotland for a last-minute audition at the Royal Scottish Academy of Music. Three years later she was catapulted into Scottish Opera as Adina in *L'elisir d'amore*; a three-year contract followed.

"I really wasn't prepared for the business. I hadn't a clue how it all worked," she walked into a stack of hoes in Graham Vick's "farmyard" production of the Donizetti, and was knocked unconscious. At five hours' notice she sang Constanze at Glyndebourne. And she sang the role on tour later, five months pregnant and racing off stage after every aria, sick as a dog.

And now, at 34, Violetta. "Yes — a big breath! Violetta is, after all, incredibly bright, incredibly beautiful. And yet, coming from a background of rural poverty, she has no normal way into society. So she has to climb an alternative ladder, in the demi-monde."

"She equates Alfredo — young, innocent, clean-cut — with her health. She thinks that if she throws in her lot with him, it'll bring back her health. When he leaves her, she nosesides to death. And when he returns, she realises that it isn't enough. Her love of him and her love of life part. That's the only way I can make sense of it."

● *La traviata* opens at the Coliseum (0171-632 8300) tomorrow



Rosa Mannion, as Violetta: "The relationships are so real, the temptation is to put all that intensity into the voice. But the emotions mustn't overwhelm what you do vocally"

... and fresh hope in Wales

An opera house may yet be built in Cardiff. Simon Tait reports

NEXT Monday, almost nine months after the Millennium Commission assigned the Cardiff Bay Opera House to the list of National Lottery might-have-beens, a new lottery bid starts its perilous journey through the minefield.

It is for a music theatre to provide a home for Welsh National Opera on the same site, and it is supported by the Cardiff Bay Development Corporation (CBDC). But there are any similarities with Zaha Hadid's ill-fated "glass necklace" opera house ends.

This is something else: a partnership between an opera company and a national museum for a joint cultural centre. "The Wales Millennium Centre" is its working title, notable for the absence of that tricky word "opera".

The new bid has a 2,000-seat theatre as big as Hadid's. But it also has a waterfront museum for the National Museum of Wales, a new administrative home for WNO, a rehearsal stage, an Imax cinema and a block of shops. In the words of Michael Boyce, chief executive of the CBDC: "It's simply more for less."

The less is the cost, about 75 per cent of the previous scheme which was wound up in March. That scheme, according to Boyce, had its priorities inverted: design first, then purpose, public support and finally finance. The new Wales Millennium Centre Company is starting with finance and working through to design. No architect is likely to be named before the end of September.

Boyce is undismayed by the call from Lord Rogers and the RIBA (in support of Hadid) for architects to boycott the competition to design the new Bay building. "It will not be designed and it will not be

designed by Zaha Hadid. But architectural practices of local, national and international repute have applied," he says.

More than 30 firms have tendered and some on the list are, indeed, very big. "It is outrageous that the architectural profession should seek to dictate who designs buildings," says Boyce, adding that Hadid's design was frankly not liked in Cardiff and, at £94 million, was also expensive.

The new plan is for a building costing maybe £70 million, possibly in the shape of a quadrangle with a central courtyard. And it involves not a single bid but three bids: to the Millennium Fund, the Arts Council of Wales and the National Heritage Lottery Fund.

The official stumbling block last year was the business plan. Cardiff Council saw the original opera house scheme as being in direct competition with a new "millennium" rugby stadium, so it would not pledge revenue funding. But now that the stadium has its promise of lottery money, the council has relented — provided there is no call on the council-tax payer and no programming competition for the council-subsidised New Theatre or St David's Hall.

Boyce is convinced that by November 11, when bids must be in, the plan will be ready. The new hall would open on March 11, 2001.

According to Anthony Freud, the director of WNO, the idea that the building will be only for "elitist" opera is a misconception, given that the opera company will be resident for only 20 weeks of the year. "It was always going to be a multipurpose theatre, a more buoyant and a more appealing place than people supposed," he says.

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VENUE: Tonight at the Albert Hall



CHOICE 2

Diana Rigg stars in a new staging of *Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?*

VENUE: In preview at the Almeida Theatre

THE TIMES ARTS



CHOICE 3

Kent Nagano and the Hallé open Manchester's new concert hall

VENUE: Tonight at Bridgewater Hall



POP

The legends return: Steely Dan thrill their (somewhat mature) fans at Wembley

LONDON

BBC PROMS 96 Van Praet Torville conducts the BBC Philharmonic in a Gallic-themed programme: Henri Dutilleul's *Violin Concerto*, L'Amour des songes, and Mendelssohn's *Tungara* Symphony — a Proms favourite. With Olivier Charlier, violin, Jean-Yves Thibaut, piano, and Valérie Hermann-Cavie, oboe. 7.30pm.

LAND OF SMILES Stars of the Vienna Volksoper perform Franz Lehár's operetta, in the original German, which includes the famous aria *You Are My Heart's Delight*. The narrative is by Adolf Lohst, and Richard Stamp conducts the Academy of London. 8pm. Tickets: 0171-638 8891. Tonight: 7.30pm.

WHO'S AFRAID OF VIRGINIA WOOLF? Diana Rigg and David Suchet in Howard Davies's staging of Albee's most famous play. With Claire Horman and Lloyd Owen. Almeida, Almeida Street, N1 (0171-359 4404). Preview: begin 7.30pm; main: 8pm. Sat: 8pm. Sun: 7.30pm. Tickets: 0171-359 4404.

ELSEWHERE Brighton Stage One Theatre Company presents *Shakespeare's Twelfth Night* at the Swan Theatre. 8pm. Tickets: 01323 422190.

THE ASPEN PAPERS Michael Redgrave's slightly off-kiltered version of the Henry James tale of literary shadings. With Hannah Gordon, Daniel J. Travanti, Maura Lester, and others. 8pm. Tickets: 0171-359 4404.

BY JEEVES Delightful musical based on the P.G. Wodehouse stories. 8pm. Tickets: 0171-359 4404.

DIAL M FOR MURDER A new production of the classic Agatha Christie play. 8pm. Tickets: 0171-359 4404.

THE FLIGHT INTO EGYPT A new production of the classic Agatha Christie play. 8pm. Tickets: 0171-359 4404.

THE HEIDI CHRONICLES Wendy Wasserstein's superb play. 8pm. Tickets: 0171-359 4404.

NEW RELEASES *BEAUMARCHAIS* (15). Pleasant comedy drama about the life of the French author of *The Marriage of Figaro*. 8pm. Tickets: 0171-359 4404.

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POP: Steely Dan's return to Britain; plus Heidi Berry in Dublin



Donald Fagen, faithfully reproducing (with Walter Becker and the Steely Dan band) classic hits for a mature audience

Reelin' in the years

Steely Dan
Wembley Arena

THE LAST time Steely Dan played in Britain the best-selling artists of the day included the Rubettes and Rick Wakeman. Dinosaurs were no longer walking the earth, but their tracks were still warm. Steely Dan's 1974 UK tour was never completed, nor revisited. They resumed their role of studio gods and continued to craft some of America's most consistently imaginative rock music of that or any era. But by the early 1980s they had left the studio amid disaffected muttering, seemingly never to reconvene.

So as the years of rumoured rapprochement became reality and transatlantic reports were returned of unmistakable Steely Dan sightings, excitement grew among those of us who had made do for a generation with our crackly vinyl editions of *Katy Lied*, *Pretzel Logic*, *Gaucho* and the rest. Could Walter Becker and Donald Fagen really turn this titanic recording legacy into a real live stage event?

Last year's undervalued *Alive in America* album had set the scene, gently breaking in the idea of the latterday Steely Dan Orchestra that started touring the US in 1993. That group featured the most consummate, sympathetic co-workers performing fastidious selections from the band's catalogue. But the anticipation of such an event in a Wembley hangar in the mid-1990s still lent an air of mild disbelief, as one played an unsuccessful round of spot-the-teenager in the mature audience.

Becker and Fagen, pictures of oblivious coolness, led a spotless nine-piece band into record, and if its pleasures are a little less immediate than the sensual rapture of its predecessors, that is only because the new songs are wrapped in folk-tongued, almost Celtic soundscapes, and demand intense engagement rather than passive admiration. A task made all the more manageable by the sound of Berry's captivating voice, winding itself sleekly around the words like a spiral staircase, as on *Time*, *Holy Grail* or the title track, *Miracle*.

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THEATRE 1

Diana Quick leads the cast in a West End staging of Diane Samuels's moving *Kindertransport*



THEATRE 2

Herman Melville's dark novella *Bartleby* is superbly adapted for the stage by Red Shift

THE TIMES ARTS



PROMS 1

David Atherton steers Welsh forces through an ebullient night of Spanish music



PROMS 2

... while the TGV, and other modes of travel, is celebrated in music for 3,000 children

THEATRE: Jeremy Kingston on two successful fringe transfers

Rats in the attic

A new play has opened in the West End. You may wish to read that sentence again, for it contains a statement rarely uttered. Take a glance at the theatre ads opposite: thirty-something major venues, and if the RSC and National are left out of the calculation, and musicals likewise, we have a choice of only nine straight plays, seven of them revivals and the other three, a "saucy comedy" and two thrillers, permanent fixtures.

Without the outlying fringe of smaller theatres London would be offering little new work capable of striking the heart like a match. It was at such a theatre, the Cockpit, off Lisson Grove, that Diane Samuels's *Kindertransport* blazed into the memory of those who saw it in 1993. At long last, and after productions in New York and five other American cities, in Austria, Germany and Sweden, the play has managed to reach

Kindertransport Vaudeville

a commercial theatre in the West End, where it is again directed by Abigail Morris, whose Soho Theatre Company first presented it. Her production was seen at Watford earlier this year.

Thanks to Robert Brown, Brions who have not actually met a rat-catcher picture him dressed in red and yellow, playing a pipe to lure rodents to the river or children into a mountain cave. On the Continent he is altogether more sinister, and the story of *der Rattenfänger* terrifies eight-year-old Eva when her mother reads it to her.

Eva is menaced by other terrors, for this is Hamburg in 1938 and her family is Jewish. After *Kristallnacht* her mother (Sian Thomas) makes the agonising decision to send her to the safety of England, assuring her that she and the

child's father will follow shortly. War breaks out before they can do so, and the play raises this fearful, unanswered question: Would the children who never saw their parents again have been — how can one put this? — happier in the long run, to have died with their families in the camps?

Samuels sets her play in the attic of the comfortable Manchester house now owned by middle-aged Evelyn, the brittle, chilling woman Eva grew up to become. Her own daughter Faith (Dido Miles) is setting up home and Evelyn is examining the neatly packed boxes — everything in her life must be neat — to supply Faith's material needs.

Her emotional needs she has difficulty supplying, for the past must be concealed, at all costs. Eventually the child-destroying rat-catcher is identified, shockingly, as everyone who once felt they were acting as the child's saviour.

In Morris's smoothly flowing production the play's ca-

thartic power is so strong that occasional stiffnesses in the writing are cavils too minor to itemise. Diana Quick's brusque Evelyn also begins stiffly until, with her cry of alarm at the resurfacing past, she sends shivers down the spine. What Samuels does so well is blend past and present time, so that Jean Boht's Lil, the good-hearted, no-nonsense woman who adopts the child, telescopes 40 years into a single breath. Julia Malewsky's Eva, her heart deadened, perches on a pile of suitcases staring at the person she became.

The extra turn of the screw comes when, against all odds, Eva's mother survives the war. The rear wall of Tom Piper's set flies up and Thomas, fearfully changed, walks cautiously to meet the daughter who dares not welcome her. The last request she makes of the child echoes in the memory as an expression of the pain and dignity this play so honestly reaches.



Nigel Hastings (Ratcatcher), Julia Malewsky (Eva), Jean Boht (Lil) and Diana Quick (Evelyn) in *Kindertransport*

MYSTERIES OF ANCIENT CHINA

The British Museum's magnificent *Mysteries of Ancient China* show opens on Friday. Richard Cork continues a daily series highlighting the exhibition's glories



Human-like head

ALTHOUGH this outstanding sculpture was discovered with 40 other heads in a pit at Sanxingdui, only two of them are decorated with gold leaf. So the features depicted here might belong to someone with an exalted status. His ears project sharply from his head, prominent enough to suggest an unusual ability to detect sounds at a great distance. He seems to widen his mouth in a confident smile, but there is something sinister about the extreme thinness of his lips.

This is, surely, an implacable man. His eyes, untouched by the gold leaf, are rendered as stylised lines. They appear to be all-seeing, and the green bronze brows above them stretch in expansive curves across his forehead.

When the head was first buried around 1200 BC, the gold would have extended to the base of his chin. Only the long neck, the eyes and brows would have been left untouched, and the head was probably crowned by a cap. He would have appeared even more impersonal than he does now. The gold leaf gleams in the light, suggesting either supernatural powers or the capacity to thrive in the spirit world.

● *Mysteries of Ancient China*, sponsored by The Times, opens at the British Museum on Friday and continues to Jan 5. Admission £5; bookings on 0171-420 0000.

TOMORROW

An imaginary creature depicted in the 5th century BC

Wall St blues

MELVILLE's novella *Bartleby* tells of a mild-mannered young man who obtains a position in a respectable Wall Street law office, where he works with sober efficiency until, one day, he finds he can do so no longer. When his employer, Mr Standard, asks the reason, all he will answer is: "I would prefer not to."

He sits at his desk, he stands staring out of the window; he does nothing. The other clerks are variously outraged but months pass before Standard, a man of compassion, can bring himself to dismiss the man. When Bartleby won't leave the premises Standard is obliged to move his firm elsewhere. Bartleby is conveyed to prison where, courteous to the end, he perishes.

We are left to assume that he became paralysed with horror at the endless dreary

Bartleby Pleasance, King's Cross

life of a copy-clerk, trapped in a street of walls. His polite expression of revolt disconcerts a system that requires unquestioning subservience, and in Jonathan Holloway's production for Red Shift, Simon Startin, with his strangely unfocused gaze upon his anxious employer (Edward Halsted, excellent), he conveys passive desperation to a quite astonishing degree.

The entire production was one of the strongest offerings of this year's Edinburgh Fringe, and Larry Lane's adaptation preserves the artful delicacy in Melville's storytelling. Recommended.

BBC PROMS: The BBC National Orchestra of Wales in Spanish mood; plus a whistle-stop tour at the Junior Prom

FOR its final pair of Proms the BBC National Orchestra of Wales fielded its chief guest conductor, David Atherton, on Sunday night and its conductor laureate, Tadaaki Otaka, on Monday. Barry Millington writes. The Spanish theme ran prominently through the former concert, with Rimsky-Korsakov's *Capriccio espagnol*, de Falla's *El Amor Brujo*, and a real novelty: Five Negro Songs by the Catalan composer Xavier Montsalvatge.

The jazz rhythms and harmonies of the Negro Songs recalled Milhaud, but what made them special was the subtlety of scoring, lending a wonderfully smoky, positively louche air to several of them. Particularly delightful was the *Lullaby for a Little Black Boy*, crowned by Della Jones to the manner born. Jones was also the soloist in the Falla, bringing her worldly wise delivery to the *Song of Painful Love* and other vocal items. Atherton secured warm coloration from the orchestra and enough rhythmic impetus in the *Ritual Fire Dance* to galvanise the attention without pummelling the listener.

Colour is a dominant concern in Takemitsu's composi-

Enjoyable nights of novelty

tions, not least in *Star-Isle*, the first work of the concert under Otaka. I enjoyed Otaka's sympathetic handling of this short but graphically atmospheric score. Less gratifying was the account of Rachmaninov's Piano Concerto No 3, with Leif Ove Andnes the inexpressive soloist.

Anthony Powers's *Symphony*, commissioned by the David James Music Trust and receiving its world premiere, is a substantial, four-movement work. Some of the primary material is not unduly promising — the ungrateful writing for horns was not helped by the slithery execution — but Powers makes imaginative use of it. It returns to satisfying effect in the finale, before which there have been two movements even more impressive: an invigorating Scherzo in which hunks of sax-driven sound are hurled around, and a long-breathed, richly sonorous elegy.

THERE were some complaints, I believe, that at the Proms Family Concert a fort-

night ago there was no friendly presenter on hand. Hilary Finch writes. Well, at the Junior Prom (the first ever of its kind, and featuring at least 3,000 children), Tony Robinson was the longest-for-disc jockey-cum-courier as the BBC Concert Orchestra, con-

ducted by Ronald Corp, spun off *Around the World in Eighty Days*.

It was fast and loud, and so was he. But he was not misled. If there really do have to be Children's Concerts then this Junior Prom turned out to be as creditable as any. There

was, blissfully, no dissection: either of the orchestra itself or of the music. Instead, entire and exciting pieces were allowed to speak for themselves. The whistle-stop tour sped from Portsmouth (Pine-

apple Polt) to France (Offenbach's *Can-Can*) via the MG (Michael Nyman's *Musique d'Grande Vitesse*) with the greatest of ease because of, rather than despite, Robinson's links.

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Box Office 0171 638 8891

DONMAR WAREHOUSE

PENTECOST

MON - SAT 8pm

SUN 2pm & 8pm

BOX OFFICE 0171 369 1722

THE RSC UK TOUR

A Midsummer Night's Dream

by William Shakespeare

The return of Adrian Noble's magically staged production

'Beautiful, sophisticated, athletic and funny... a joyous spectacle'

Sunday Times

BARBICAN THEATRE

Opens Tonight

Box office 0171 638 8891

UK Tour 12 Nov - 14 Dec

Phone 01789 205301 for details

The production is sponsored by Allied Domecq

Tel: 0171 680 6806

La Crème de la Crème

Fax: 0171 782 7586

THE RTZ
Designers
PA
28,000 + Bens
A small dynamic on the edge of London looking for a PA to assist the MD. The ability to coordinate, organise, and manage the office, client, and staff. Excellent salary and benefits. Please send CV to RTZ on 0171 928 1278

PARTNER'S SECRETARY
W1 Business Lawyers
Capable secretary needed for busy partner with mainly international work. Some legal experience preferred. £18,000 p.a. inc. Call 0171 3071 or fax CV to 0171 5316. NO AGENCIES

PA Trading Floor Liverpool St to £23,000 & big bens

Thriving City bank requires an energetic, highly motivated individual to support the Head of Capital Markets. Your first class secretarial skills plus your ability to co-ordinate and organise will be stretched to the full as you manage your boss' ever changing schedule. Extensive client contact and plenty of scope for project work. Skills: 60 typing, W4W, Powerpoint, Trading floor experience essential. Age: 25-45. Please call Vanessa Mitchell on 0171-390-7000.

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

Junior PA £17,000 + Bens West End

Do you want to take the next step to becoming a PA? Our client, a small successful company is looking for a bright, enthusiastic assistant who can really get involved. The ability to step into the front line and juggle lots of different priorities are what you need - interested? Two years experience and 55wpm are necessary. Please call Andrea Murrell on 0171 434 4512

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

REGISTRATION EVENING

Wednesday 18th September 1996
5.30pm-8.30pm

Crone Corkill City office are holding an evening specifically for candidates who are looking for a new secretarial role based in the City. We realise that some people experience difficulties in registering, especially if they work long hours, or are based in the West End or Docklands.

Whether you are a junior or team level secretary or a senior PA we would love to hear from you to advise you of the exciting City opportunities we currently have on offer.

Please call us now for an appointment to come in and register. We look forward to helping you take the next step in your career.

Telephone: 0171 390 7000

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

MUCH MORE THAN SECRETARIAL... £12,000 TO £28,500

CRONE CORKILL is a leading recruitment agency for secretaries and PAs. We have a wide range of opportunities available in the City, West End, and Docklands. Our clients include major financial institutions, law firms, and government departments. We offer competitive salaries, excellent benefits, and career progression. Please call us for more information.

**K NIGHTSBRIDGE
SECRETARIES**

0171 235 8427

INVOLVED ROLE!

TO £22,000 + EXC BENS

A varied and demanding role! Two Directors within this leading Finance House are urgently seeking a PA/Secretary to assist them in their day to day duties. Responsibilities will include extensive client contact, diary maintenance and database work. Financial experience essential, as well as a professional, polished appearance is required.

Please contact Margaret Sorohan

Jonathan Wren & Co Ltd,
No.1 New Street, London EC2M 4TP
Tel: 0171 625 1266 Fax: 0171 626 1242

SECRETARIES

TEMP IN BANKING

As a leading Consultancy to many financial institutions Jonathan Wren has a constant demand for high calibre finance secretaries with good SH & or WP skills.

Excellent rates:

Shorthand: £11.00 ph
Audio/Copy/TP: £10.00 - £11.00 ph

Please contact Debra Berry

Jonathan Wren & Co Ltd,
No.1 New Street, London EC2M 4TP
Tel: 0171 625 1266 Fax: 0171 626 1242

SECRETARIES

TRADING FLOOR!

£18,000 + MS + BENS

Organise travel, monitor holiday and sickness forms, liaise with clients and type presentations. These are just a few of the duties involved in this exciting position working on the trading floor of this prestigious Investment Bank. Requirements include relevant work experience and MS Office knowledge. Age 21-25.

Please contact Melinda Marks

Jonathan Wren & Co Ltd,
No.1 New Street, London EC2M 4TP
Tel: 0171 625 1266 Fax: 0171 626 1242

SECRETARIES

PA/SECRETARY FOR SUCCESSFUL CONSULTANCY

to £20,000 (inc bonus) plus excellent benefits

An additional member of the support team is required. Proficient in MS Office with first-class WP skills, including audio. Experience and confidence in communicating with clients are essential. If you are interested in joining us, please send your CV to:

Claire Baldock, YSC, Suites 4 & 5,
22 Grosvenor Square, London, W1X 9LF
Fax: 0171 355 1146

(No agencies)

THAMES POSTGRADUATE MEDICAL AND DENTAL EDUCATION

North Thames Regional Library & Information Unit

Secretarial Assistant to the Unit Co-ordinator

Salary - University of London Clerical Grade 4
(£14,029 - £15,904 inclusive of London weighting)

Applications are invited from experienced clerks/secretaries to provide effective administrative support to the Regional Library Unit team.

The Unit is an innovative, specialist unit, part of North Thames Region's Directorate of Education & Training. Unit Staff, whose work is largely project based, provide professional leadership and co-ordination of library and information services for NHS funded libraries in the Region.

The person appointed will be part of a busy office, liaising with TPD colleagues, at the Regional Office and with librarians and other good team workers with excellent clerical and interpersonal skills and good computer experience (ideally Word for Windows).

A full job description is available from the Human Resources Manager at Thames Postgraduate Medical & Dental Education, 33 Millman Street, London WC1N 3EJ (telephone 0171 831 6222 extension 189).

Applications in writing, accompanied by a CV and the names of two referees should be sent by Friday 20 September 1996.

Interviews will be held on Friday 27 September 1996.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON

LEAPROGGING

We are looking for a number of exceptional second jobbers who have the capacity to leap up the career ladder into jobs usually reserved for more experienced secretaries. For each of these roles you will need to have a minimum of 18 months' experience and first class secretarial skills.

Financial Boutique

£20,000 plus package

The dynamic Chairman of this prestigious organisation servicing the needs of a blue chip client base requires a PA with the stamina and drive to contribute during a period of expansion. Commitment and a real ability to learn will be rewarded with full involvement and the delegation of a wide variety of projects.

Marketing

£17,500 plus package

This international City firm is looking for a graduate secretary to join their hectic Marketing team with the prospects to move into a managerial role. Working for two people you must prioritise their work as well as having your own responsibilities including liaison with design agencies and market research.

Trading Floor

£18,500 plus package

Working on the trading floor of a leading Investment bank you must have the resilience to deal with this demanding environment. You will be relied upon to co-ordinate the activities of a sales team including complex travel arrangements, diary management and presentation work.

Angela Mortimer is an equal opportunities employer.
All applicants are positively welcomed.

0171 814 0800

Angela Mortimer

TEAM SECRETARY/ RECEPTIONIST (W14 - moving to EC2)

We require an individual (19-23) to assist a group of accountants with general secretarial duties (accurate 55wpm audio typing, Word for Windows and Excel), answering telephone and greeting clients/visitors. The ideal person will be able to prioritise workload, work under deadlines and, above all, be flexible. A varied position with scope to improve.

Salary: AA&E

Please apply in writing with full C.V. to:
Office Manager
DBS PLC
Metropolitan House
107 Hammersmith Road
London W14 0HQ
NO TELEPHONE CALLS AND
STRICTLY NO AGENCIES

Windows Whizz £18,000 + BENS HEATHROW BASED

For fast expanding highly successful Inc. City Court Reporters (of Award Winning Software), Admin & on the technical support, training, clients eg. inspectors, barristers etc. Producing disc transcripts daily. Heavy practical troubleshooting; computer happy, self sufficient; with sympathetic & casual approach. Lengthy day but 4 day week. Car driver. Gale Associates Rec Cons 0171-439-1188

ASTLEY WHARTON DAVIS RECRUITMENT SPECIALISTS

**PUBLIC RELATIONS
ADMINISTRATOR/SECRETARY**
up to £16,000 + benefits Age: 20+
Reliable individual to join this expanding, dynamic City company. If you're confident & outgoing the involvement & responsibility are guaranteed. Good admin & communication skills together with keyboard speeds of 50-60 wpm & MS Office experience.

Call Julia Davis on Tel: 0181 878 0394
or Fax 0181 878 5449 - to discuss this opportunity
in a friendly & confidential manner

PA IN PR £25,000

Dynamic PR consultancy chairman requires a senior PA. This will appeal to well organised individuals wishing to work as a true assistant in a busy, fast moving, service industry. In addition to the usual PA duties you will be responsible for organising monthly client lunches, new business presentations and client liaison. Please Fax 0171 379 6113 call LISA KELLY
A Division of Graduate Appointments



SMART YOUNG SECRETARIES

Are you keen to use your initiative? Replying to this ad would be a very good start because our Client, a leading City Investment Bank can offer you career progression, an excellent salary and a really interesting, involved role. Working at Director level you will organise meetings, travel, diaries and social events. It is a fast moving but friendly environment and the offices are superb. On going training is offered and you will also benefit from the support of highly organised back up staff and the most up to date technology.

Previous City experience is not a requirement, benefits include:
Free lunch, Bonus, M. Sub, Paid OT, Gym. Basic salary up to £18,500 + package. Take the initiative and call us today!

Tel: 0171 377 5500 Fax: 0171 377 5599

CROSS SELECTION

TOP MATURE PA/SECRETARY

For senior partner in small but busy Kensington office, handling all aspects of employer's life - both commercial and social. Applicants must have wip experience, fluent shorthand, typing and a good telephone manner. Excellent salary and car. Please send detailed CV to Box No 8749

PA SECRETARY £19k

MCPS, Hrg, wip, & children's papers. Must be a team player to provide full secretarial support to a busy Vice President of a leading company. Must have a min of 5 yrs exp at senior level along with W4W & Powerpoint.

Call Nicola Miller on
0171 499 8112 or Fax your CV
on 0171 499 8115

(Recruit Agt)

SECRETARY IN MARKETING £20,000

Set up office in new (Wing Dr) in a creative exciting new real development needs a smart, capable sec. with an interest in marketing, who can ensure deadlines & use initiative. Good shorthand & word & audio typing essential. Shorthand, Excel and Powerpoint an advantage.

Australian Staff Connections
0171 528 2800

SECRETARY/PA

To MD of small, well established management consultancy producing high quality economic research, plus admin/organisational support to in-house consultants. W4W/Windows. Located Paddington, Age 25+. Salary £16-17k.

Write with CV to:
Mr J Holmes, EAG Ltd,
38 Spring Street London W2 1JA
or Fax 0171 221 9061

Well spoken graduate required for varied PA/admin position with lively young Telecom Co in Battersea. No experience is required but Word for Windows useful. Initiative and willingness to work hard are essential.

14K + excellent prospects.

IMMEDIATE START.

Please fax CV to
0171 501 3007.

Asst. Liaison Officer

£18K + Bonus

Grad/A Level aged 21-25, with recruitment/personnel type experience working alongside a Manager dealing with highly qualified Court Reporters, planning daily scheduling, logging time sheets, dealing with sensitive subjects. Keeping calm in a crisis. An exciting "different" job for highly successful Ind. Co.

Gale Associates Rec Cons 0171-439-1188

ASTLEY WHARTON DAVIS RECRUITMENT SPECIALISTS

**West End Design Consultancy
PA/Administrator**
£20,000 + benefits Age: 25+
Working at Chancery level this is a great chance to take on a varied workload in a fun, relaxed environment. You must be confident & capable of working on your own initiative. Strong organisational & administrative skills a must.

Call Julia Davis on Tel: 0181 878 0394
or Fax 0181 878 5449 - to discuss this opportunity
in a friendly & confidential manner

SENIOR SECRETARY/PA

Interactive TV Company, based in Mayfair, seeks an enthusiastic person with a sense of humour and plenty of common sense to join this rapidly expanding business.

Working in a key role supporting three executives with a senior secretary to assist, you will need excellent communication and organisational skills and be happy working under pressure. 100 wpm shorthand is essential, along with 70 wpm typing. Hours 9am-5pm.

Please send your CV with a hand-written covering letter stating your current salary to:

Jonny Johnson, 1st Floor, 11 Abchurch Lane, London EC4A 3HE

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Graduate Opportunity City c.£17000 plus bonus

This is a one-off opportunity for a recent graduate with secretarial skills to gain experience with a small but thriving City fund management firm. Based in fantastic offices, you will be initially based on reception gaining front line exposure to all clients and situations and then developing your role taking on more involved duties and progressing within the company depending on available opportunities. Age 21-26. Skills: 45wpm typing/strong IT skills. Please call Claire Ashley on 0171-390 7000.

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

SECRETARY TO NUTRITION MANAGER

£10,500
4/5 hrs daily
Benefits Inc Travel Card
PFF Pension Scheme QMPP
PFF rates 24 days annu

A prestigious international company based in West London needs a secretary with good interpersonal skills and a proactive approach to assist the Nutrition Manager. The successful applicant will be a graduate in Nutrition or similar.

Tasks will include the regular monitoring of scientific and regulatory journals, plus enabling the manager to deal with the company's research and development. The nutrition role includes monitoring research projects and attending UK conferences. Typing speed 30 wpm & knowledge of MS Office a plus but not essential.

Part Time Careers
10 Golden Square
London W1R 3AF
Tel: 0171 407 9211
Fax: 0171 404 7154

Crone Corkill
Recruitment Consultants

POWERPOINT WHIZ KID

£18,500 + Excellent Benefits

Are you a young, dynamic secretary who enjoys the creative aspects of producing high quality presentations? This well respected, international company based in the City is looking to recruit a secretary with Word for Windows 60wpm typing and bags of initiative. No long hours!

AMBASSADOR/RECEPTIONIST

£16,000 + Benefits

(Full Time & Part Time)
Oak panelling, crystal chandeliers, mahogany desks - you could be working in these sumptuous surroundings! No heavy switchboard duties, your main brief would be meeting and greeting clients and international colleagues. If you are professional, polished and comfortable in an ambassadorial role, call us now.

PAN EUROPEAN RECRUITMENT

FOR CITY & WEST END INTERVIEWS

call 0171 734 8484

or Fax us on 0171 734 8501

TEMPING

Highly Competitive Rates

For first class long and short term assignments, including temp to perm situations, Pan European should be your first port of call.

IMMEDIATE SHORTHAND ASSIGNMENTS (Wkly 80wpm)
• Director's Secretary (Stockbroking) Indef
• DEC PA's (Insurance) Various
• Team Secretary (Brokers) Three weeks

IMMEDIATE AUDIO ASSIGNMENTS (Wkly 80wpm)
• IT Secretary (Banking) Temp to Perm
• Team Secretary (Construction) 5 months
• Team Secretary (Shipping) Indef

If you have good shorthand/audio skills, are aged 20-40 and have working knowledge of Windows packages, call us now.

PROPERTY SECRETARY

A dynamic secretary required to run the sales department of a Chelsea residential property company. This would be a career for someone with a keen eye for detail and a good knowledge of the local market. Please send CV to: 0171 225 0277

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Fax: 0171 782 7586

Norwich and Peterborough
BUILDING SOCIETY
WE CAN HELP

Get more for your

Tel: 0171 680 6806

La Crème de la Crème

Fax: 0171 782 7586

HOBSTONES

BANKING BONANZA!!!

Refreshed from your holidays! Now its time for a change of career!

Choose from the following superb positions working within International Banking.

Senior Team Secretary £20,000

Based in a busy, banking environment. Take the challenge and manage 4 professionals. Duties include arranging diaries, typing presentation and general administrative support.

Junior PA £15-17,000

Excellent opportunity to join an expanding division working for a client services manager of this international Bank. Varied role, arranging conferences, producing reports, dealing with corporate clients, career, progression available.

Secretary to a Vice Principal + 2 Assistants - £21,000

Work in the heart of this expanding M & A division. Rise to the challenge and the rewards will be worth it.

All positions require Word for Windows, Excel, 50 wpm typing, enthusiasm and prior banking experience. For an interview please call Aislinn Bligh on our City office on:

0171 377 9919

RECRUITMENT

HOBSTONES

Consider Yourself a 'Top Temp'?

We are one of London's leading temping agencies and we have a varied client base which requires professional and flexible 'top temp' secretaries and receptionists. If you have 50wpm, audio or shorthand and know one or more of the following systems we would love to hear from you:

- Word for Windows/Wordperfect for Windows/Am Pro/Word on Apple/Am
- Powerpoint/Freehand
- Lotus/Excel
- Switchboards

We pay up to £10 per hour.

For an appointment call

WESTEND: Liz, Holly, Isabel, Gillian.

0171 437 6032.

CITY: Joyce, Lisa, Victoria.

0171 377 9919

AND CONSIDER YOURSELF A HOBSTONES TEMP!

RECRUITMENT

Euro London Appointments

PA to CEO - Corporate Finance -

Finest French - £25K + exc. bonus

A superb opportunity exists for a highly motivated and energetic executive secretary. You will be an excellent communications professional, with a proven track record in the financial services industry. You will be responsible for the day-to-day running of the CEO's office, including 5 weeks holiday + highly international environment.

Spanish Secretary/Administrator - £14.5K

You'll need to be a good level of Spanish and a solid communications professional. You will be responsible for the day-to-day running of the CEO's office, including 5 weeks holiday + highly international environment.

Temp to Perm German m/f Secretary -

£28K + Superb Bonus

Urgently required German m/f secretary to work in Investment Banking for major American Finance House. Must be lively, team player, enthusiastic and energetic with excellent m. skills.

Japanese Accounts Assistant (Part-time) - £5K

If you have 2-3 years Accounts experience with Japanese WP skills and spreadsheet, then you are needed by a small, friendly Japanese trading company. Lots of scope and challenge for the right candidate.

CALL EURO LONDON APPOINTMENTS ON

TEL: 0171 583 0180 FAX: 0171 353 9849

HARE PLACE, 47 FLEET STREET, LONDON EC4Y 1BJ

SECRETARY, W1

For friendly commercial property

secretaries in W1 or

Bond St tube. Audio

circa 80wpm

experienced in MS

Works. Salary £16,500

pa Negotiable.

Tel: 0171 486 3531

Fax: 0171 935 3074

SALES ASSISTANT

Luxury gifts and antiques.

Buy regular shop; top retail

experience essential.

Please send CV to:

HALCYON DAYS

14, Brook Street,

London W1T 3AA

Network - £30,000+

The IT industry is set for huge developments with the introduction of the Internet worldwide. The Senior Vice President of a leading US company near Harewood, responsible for their operations in Europe, needs a computer literate, business-minded PA capable of running alongside him in a fast moving and innovative environment. You must have had Post European experience, be totally committed and a car owner.

0171 629 9323

DIRECTORS' SECRETARIES

PA/SECRETARY

£20K neg. plus bonus

You will be based in Mayfair and involved in a demanding role for expanding Investment Advisory Company. Well organised, presentable and willing to help, coupled with W4W and spreadsheet skills are a prerequisite.

CVs to David Metcalf, 9 Hill Street,

London W1X 7FB

MAINE-TUCKER RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

BEAUTY-FUL' PR!

£14 + FREE COSMETICS

This well-known European cosmetic house needs a dynamic, confident secretary for their London PR team. PA to a training and development manager. 40wpm typing, audio and a sense of humour. Work with a busy, professional team. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

18-21 Jericho Street, St James's, London SW1Y 6HP

Telephone: 0171 734 7341 Fax: 0171 734 7342

MAINE-TUCKER RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

PERSONAL ASSISTANT

£20,000 + MED

Very experienced, confident, professional PA to a senior executive in a leading financial services company. 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

18-21 Jericho Street, St James's, London SW1Y 6HP

Telephone: 0171 734 7341 Fax: 0171 734 7342

MAINE-TUCKER RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

ANTIQUES ASSISTANT

£18,000

Very experienced, confident, professional PA to a senior executive in a leading financial services company. 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

18-21 Jericho Street, St James's, London SW1Y 6HP

Telephone: 0171 734 7341 Fax: 0171 734 7342

MAINE-TUCKER RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

PERSONAL ASSISTANT

£18-20K

Very experienced, confident, professional PA to a senior executive in a leading financial services company. 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

18-21 Jericho Street, St James's, London SW1Y 6HP

Telephone: 0171 734 7341 Fax: 0171 734 7342

MAINE-TUCKER RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

PA WITH PROSPECTS

£16K + REST + MED + PENS

Very experienced, confident, professional PA to a senior executive in a leading financial services company. 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

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Telephone: 0171 734 7341 Fax: 0171 734 7342

MAINE-TUCKER RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

NIGHTCLUB RECEPTION

£14K + BONUSES

Very experienced, confident, professional PA to a senior executive in a leading financial services company. 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

18-21 Jericho Street, St James's, London SW1Y 6HP

Telephone: 0171 734 7341 Fax: 0171 734 7342

MAINE-TUCKER RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

NO HASSLES

£16-18,000

Very experienced, confident, professional PA to a senior executive in a leading financial services company. 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

18-21 Jericho Street, St James's, London SW1Y 6HP

Telephone: 0171 734 7341 Fax: 0171 734 7342

GET A GREAT RECEPTION!

Give us a call. You're a great receptionist. You're in-between jobs. You miss the excitement. Talk to London's only exclusive temp agency. We're in touch with the cream of London's employers. Brilliant jobs. Excellent rates. And a team as friendly as you are. And call Rachel Beard at Tate Appointments on 0171 408 0425.

Tate
TEMP SPECIALISTS

POWERPOINT SECRETARIES

If you have good secretarial skills (50wpm), are looking for short or long term bookings, and the support of a helpful team, then call Rachel Beard at Tate Appointments on 0171 408 0425 NOW!

Tate
TEMP SPECIALISTS

PA SEC to CHAIRMAN

to £20,000+ free holiday

Established financial services group who are launching a new office need a PA to support the Chairman. A professional, efficient, confident, and willing to help, coupled with W4W and spreadsheet skills are a prerequisite. Call today for an interview.

Call 0171-287 2044 Fax 0171-287 3717

MIDDLETON JEFFERS
RECRUITMENT LIMITED

TRANSACTION TEAM SECRETARY

£17,500K Plus Full Bank Bonus + O/T

If you are a dynamic, confident, professional PA to a senior executive in a leading financial services company. 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

Tel: 0171 377 6777 Fax: 0171 377 5079

MIDDLETON JEFFERS
RECRUITMENT LIMITED

PA IN PIMLICO

to £20,000

A strong personality coupled with brilliant communication skills. A sound understanding of the financial services industry. 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

Call 0171-287 2044 Fax 0171-287 3717

MIDDLETON JEFFERS
RECRUITMENT LIMITED

CITY PERSONNEL OPPORTUNITY

To £17,500 + Bonus

Min. 2 years experience in general secretarial administration. Includes recruitment, general secretarial and a good knowledge of employment law required for this key position. Must be a fast learner, confident, professional, and willing to help, coupled with W4W and spreadsheet skills. A superb opportunity for progression within a well established, top City firm.

Tel: 0171 377 6777 Fax: 0171 377 5079

MIDDLETON JEFFERS
RECRUITMENT LIMITED

SALES PROFESSIONAL

CITY

Use your superb organisational and sales skills gained in the City by joining us and becoming a City based Sales Professional. You will be responsible for the day-to-day running of the sales department, including recruitment, general secretarial and a good knowledge of employment law required for this key position. Must be a fast learner, confident, professional, and willing to help, coupled with W4W and spreadsheet skills. A superb opportunity for progression within a well established, top City firm.

Call 0171-287 2044 Fax 0171-287 3717

MIDDLETON JEFFERS
RECRUITMENT LIMITED

SECRETARY £20,000 PA

Experienced Secretary/PA required for two Directors of a company providing the financial services of the City of London. Advanced experience in Word for Windows, 40wpm typing, audio, shorthand. W4W. No experience needed, but you'll need to be a fast learner and a team player. Call today for an interview.

Call 0171-287 2044 Fax 0171-287 3717

MIDDLETON JEFFERS
RECRUITMENT LIMITED

Secretary to Headmaster

Southbank International School is looking for a secretary to assist the Headmaster and the Head of the International Department. The successful candidate will be responsible for the day-to-day running of the school, including recruitment, general secretarial and a good knowledge of employment law required for this key position. Must be a fast learner, confident, professional, and willing to help, coupled with W4W and spreadsheet skills. A superb opportunity for progression within a well established, top City firm.

Apply to the Headmaster, Southbank International School, 100, Kingsway, London WC2B 6BP

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

If you would like to work autonomously in an unstructured and non-hierarchical environment and are keen to move away from a large organisation, please contact us. We are a small, single branch, privately owned consultancy with offices on Curzon Street and have been in business for seven years. We recruit for a wide variety of companies and have clients in the music, publishing, not-for-profit and charity sector (as well as major plc's). We have an excellent reputation and most of our clients and candidates come to us as a result of personal recommendation, therefore very little marketing is required. Last year our turnover increased by 45%, this time by 45%, and we are currently need at least one Consultant to help with the large influx of work. A generous basic and commission is on offer. To find out more please call Sue Doughty on 0171 491 7511

TEMP TO £11.00 PER HOUR

We are handling some of the most interesting and well paid temporary secretarial assignments in town. Whether you are available for the odd day, long term, temp to perm or a full-time contract we currently have so many opportunities - perhaps just the one you've been waiting for! Use your excellent PC skills and flexible approach to gain top rates (to £11p/h). We can offer you continuous work and an honest, professional service.

If you are available in the near future, call today to discuss your career options in more detail.

Call Nicole Simmons Tel 0171 377 5500

Fax 0171 377 5599

18-21 Jericho Street, St James's, London SW1Y 6HP

Telephone: 0171 734 7341 Fax: 0171 734 7342

0171 377 5599

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Wary Ferguson plots path to ultimate prize

FROM ROB HUGHES
FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT
IN TURIN

WHEN Manchester United start out on manager Alex Ferguson's ultimate mission, to win the European Cup, against Juventus in the Stadio Delle Alpi tonight, they should not fall for one of the bigger myths circulating on the Continent. The word is abroad that Juventus have meddled with the maxim: "If it ain't broke, don't fix it."

They have, but not necessarily fatally so. Those who think that the club of the Agnelli has sold out, cashed in on winning the most coveted prize, are only looking at the sales side of a frenzied summer's trading.

True, Fabrizio Ravanelli is on Teesside and Gianluca Vialli is comfortable with Chelsea. True, Juventus also offloaded Paulo Sousa, the intermittently brilliant creator, and gave retirement papers to Pietro Vierchowod. And they also are without the cavalier right back, Moreno

Torricelli, and the thoughtful Vladimir Jugovic, both suspended tonight.

So, more than half a team of champions is missing. But the £17.5 million that the sale of 15 players raised is balanced by the purchase of nine individuals costing £18.4 million.

Juventus will be led tonight by a three-man attack — Christian Vieri, 23, the big centre forward bought from Atalanta, Alessandro Del Piero to his left and Alen Boksic to his right.

Ferguson knows Boksic well, respects and fears his ghostly talents. With Marcellino, the Croat was a stealthy match-winner, with Lazio he under-achieved and, on Sunday, while Vieri notched his first goal for the club, Boksic missed plenty in a 1-1 draw at Reggiani.

Behind them, Zinedine Zidane, the new creative force from Bordeaux, supplied enough ammunition for Juventus to have conquered Reggiani comfortably, though he will take time to find his rhythm. And behind him,



Ferguson: balancing act

Paolo Montero, a Uruguayan son of a durable and redoubtable defender, has stepped into Vierchowod's shoes.

So, wait to judge what is happening to the European champions. Roberto Betegga, the former goalscorer turned executive vice-president, insists that the game he and Marcello Lippi, the coach, are playing is one of responsibility. Given the post-Bosman



freedom exploited by star players, they have offloaded rather than waited until contracts expire; they have bought youth for seniority and they have backed their judgment in the ultimate gamble — that the reinvigorated team can sustain itself and journey on into the next century.

This facelift to la vecchia signora, the old lady of Turin, makes sense when you re-

member how Gianni Agnelli, until last year the club benefactor, always deplored rampant inflation, and warned Betegga that a balance to keep the club whole was required.

United's own balancing act, of youth groomed at The Cliff training ground plus players brought in, may have made them more ready for the wiles of the Continent than in previous years. "We can't keep

singing the song of being unfortunate," Gary Pallister, the centre back on whose fitness United wait, said. "We've got to learn our lessons. Barcelona two seasons ago sticks in the mind. We've got to accept our mistakes in Europe, to realise that Europeans are more comfortable on the ball than English sides."

Pallister said that on the day Manchester United completed the double at Wembley in May, Ferguson went further. He spoke about the tactical naivety of the English abroad, admitting that his own feelings had been to go overseas and attack almost without caution in the way that United can get away with at home.

For that reason, and Ferguson's admission that he does not know his best team nor the full qualities of his imports, do not be surprised if Karel Poborsky, the crowd-pleaser of last Saturday, is not in the line-up here. Poborsky thrived with his adventure, but United are chastened by misadventure and the frequency with which the Czech gave the ball

away is precisely what they can do without.

Additionally, be sure that Ferguson was no more fooled by the shadow boxing of Eland Road, the compliance in United's performance of a woeful Leeds United that gave the Caspian head the excuse to replace Howard Wilkinson with George Graham.

Similarly, Eric Cantona, allowed the freedom of his old stamping ground on Saturday, must now come down beneath the Alps to the reality that he will be marked closer than a second cousin by Juventus, and that United, in their 4-5-1 containing formation, will rule the absence, the force of the injured Roy Keane.

Having acclimatised on the pitch yesterday evening, the English champions must hope above all that Kyan Giegs has overcome his bereavement, after the untimely death of his stepfather, Richard Johnson. Giegs, and the rest, need to think of nothing but the performance, to recall the words of Sir Matt Busby: "Play the match, not the occasion."

Robson's Teesside revolution puts club £9m in red

By OUR SPORTS STAFF

MIDDLESBROUGH ended more than £9 million in debt after winning promotion to the FA Carling Premiership last year — and have since spent another £21 million. The massive cost of the Bryan Robson revolution on Teesside was confirmed by club accounts yesterday. Since the date of the accounts, July 1995, Robson has signed Nick Barry, Juninho, Emerson and Fabrizio Ravanelli.

The transformation has been masterminded by their multimillionaire chairman, Steve Gibson, who persuaded Robson to move from Manchester United just over two years ago. In Robson's first season in charge, wages doubled to nearly £5 million. But the huge investment means Middlesbrough have a chance of capturing a leading trophy this season for the first time in their history.

Neil Cox, their defender, said yesterday: "We're in with a shout of winning something. We needed to buy in the summer and the manager has bought two very good players in Emerson and Ravanelli. They've made a huge difference to the team."

"You can't rule us out of the title. I'm not saying we're going to do it, but this time you cannot disregard our chances. We're feeling very confident, the spirit in the club could not be better and we've got some world-class players."

Gary Mabbutt, the Tottenham Hotspur captain, was last night waiting to undergo an operation to have a metal pin inserted in the left leg he fractured on the opening day of the season.

An X-ray revealed that Mabbutt needs surgical help to allow the fractured bone to heal properly and it means his original estimate of being back in the game before Christmas is now delayed. He said, though: "I'm still determined to play again this season."

The setback, however, could prompt Tottenham to increase their £2.5 million bid to sign Slaven Bilic, West Ham's Croatian centre back, who has been offered a year's extension of his three-year contract at Upton Park.

Gerry Francis, the Tottenham manager, said: "I never talk about players who are under contract to other clubs, but we made several bids for new players, even before all the injuries we've had this season, and had them rejected."

"I can't see us ever trying to buy one player for, say, £15 million, like Newcastle have for Alan Shearer, but I do have money to spend and there is no doubt I still want to get new people in if I can."

Meanwhile, Teddy Sheringham, Tottenham's England striker, is awaiting results of a scan on his pulled thigh muscle to see when he can return to action. He missed Tottenham's last two games — defeats against Wimbledon and Newcastle — after being injured while training with England.

The original estimate for his recovery was three weeks, but he is unlikely to be back for the visit to Southampton on Saturday. Dean Austin, the full back, could be in the squad, however, after making good progress from his knee operation in the summer. He is due to play in another friendly match tonight.

RESULTS

Yesterday
UEFA CUP: First round, first leg: Alania (Russia) 2, Anderlecht (Belgium) 0; Chelsea (England) 1, Borussia Dortmund (Germany) 1; Lazio (Italy) 1, Fiorentina (Italy) 1; Manchester United (England) 1, Juventus (Italy) 1; Tottenham Hotspur (England) 1, Arsenal (England) 1; Wimbledon (England) 1, Manchester City (England) 1; Wigan Athletic (England) 1, Ipswich Town (England) 1; Wrexham (Wales) 1, Cardiff City (Wales) 1; Wolves (England) 1, Aston Villa (England) 1; Yeovil Town (England) 1, Exeter City (England) 1; York City (England) 1, Grimsby Town (England) 1; Luton Town (England) 1, Barnet (England) 1; Notts County (England) 1, Mansfield Town (England) 1; Peterborough United (England) 1, Shrewsbury Town (England) 1; Stockport County (England) 1, Rochdale (England) 1; Torquay United (England) 1, Dagenham & Redbridge (England) 1; Walsley (England) 1, Kidderminster Harriers (England) 1; Maidstone United (England) 1, Dover Athletic (England) 1; Ebbsfleet United (England) 1, Wealdstone (England) 1; 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